

# PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

**Name of Facility:** Allen Correctional Center

**Facility Type:** Prison / Jail

**Date Interim Report Submitted:** NA

**Date Final Report Submitted:** 11/07/2021

Auditor Certification	
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<b>Auditor Full Name as Signed:</b> William Peck	<b>Date of Signature:</b> 11/07/2021

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
<b>Auditor name:</b>	Peck, William
<b>Email:</b>	william199@comcast.net
<b>Start Date of On-Site Audit:</b>	10/11/2021
<b>End Date of On-Site Audit:</b>	10/13/2021

FACILITY INFORMATION	
<b>Facility name:</b>	Allen Correctional Center
<b>Facility physical address:</b>	3751 Lauderdale Woodyard Road, Kinder, Louisiana - 70648
<b>Facility Phone</b>	
<b>Facility mailing address:</b>	

Primary Contact	
<b>Name:</b>	Kent Andrews
<b>Email Address:</b>	kent.andrews@la.gov
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	3376608868

Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director	
<b>Name:</b>	Keith Cooley
<b>Email Address:</b>	keith.cooley@la.gov
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	3376392880

<b>Facility PREA Compliance Manager</b>	
<b>Name:</b>	Kent Andrews
<b>Email Address:</b>	kent.andrews@la.gov
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	
<b>Name:</b>	Richelle Lejeune
<b>Email Address:</b>	richelle.lejeune@la.gov
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	O: (337) 802-4361
<b>Name:</b>	Gloria Griffin
<b>Email Address:</b>	gloria.griffin@la.gov
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	

<b>Facility Health Service Administrator On-site</b>	
<b>Name:</b>	Camille Tramel
<b>Email Address:</b>	camille.tramel@la.gov
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	3376396027

<b>Facility Characteristics</b>	
<b>Designed facility capacity:</b>	1476
<b>Current population of facility:</b>	810
<b>Average daily population for the past 12 months:</b>	795
<b>Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?</b>	No
<b>Which population(s) does the facility hold?</b>	Males
<b>Age range of population:</b>	19 - 65+
<b>Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:</b>	Medium
<b>Does the facility hold youthful inmates?</b>	No
<b>Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with inmates:</b>	152
<b>Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:</b>	7
<b>Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:</b>	19

AGENCY INFORMATION	
<b>Name of agency:</b>	Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections
<b>Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):</b>	
<b>Physical Address:</b>	504 Mayflower Street, Baton Rouge, Louisiana - 70802
<b>Mailing Address:</b>	
<b>Telephone number:</b>	

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
<b>Name:</b>	Chief Seth Smith
<b>Email Address:</b>	504 Mayflower Baton Rouge
<b>Telephone Number:</b>	2253421330

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
<b>Name:</b>	Michele Dausat	<b>Email Address:</b>	michele.dausat@la.gov

## AUDIT FINDINGS

### **Narrative:**

The auditor's description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-audit, on-site audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor's process for the site review.

Allen Correctional Center, Cottonport, LA, is compliant with the U.S. Department of Justice PREA (Prison Rape Elimination Act) standards.

The on-site PREA audit of the Allen Correctional Center was conducted October 11-13, 2021 by Department of Justice Certified Auditor William Peck. Both an in brief and an out brief were held with the Warden and key PREA leadership staff. The entrance meeting was held October 11, 2021 at 8 a.m., following which the site was physically reviewed.

### Overview of the Audit Methodology

This Audit was conducted utilizing the Online Audit System (OAS) integral to DOJ and the PREA Resource Center (PRC) required processes. The PREA audit follows the guidance of dividing the audit process into 3 identifiable segments: the Pre-Onsite phase is primarily policy and documentation reviews, data reviews and preparation. The On-site phase has further documentation review and also emphasizes a site review as well as required specific and random interviews using DOJ protocols. The final phase is for Evidence Review and issuing the Interim or Final Report. Included in this phase is the triangulation of all information and observations received from the documentation, interviews and site review. Audits that have areas found to be non-compliant require Corrective Actions prior to a Final Report and these are coordinated between the facility and the auditor.

The initial meeting was followed by an extensive site review of the facility, a review of relevant documentation and interviews with staff and offenders according to PRC (PREA Resource Center) protocols.

### Pre-On-site Phase

During the Pre-On-site Audit Phase, the PREA Compliance Manager provided all policies and procedures for review. The Louisiana DOC maintains an overarching policy regarding Sexual Abuse and Response and the Allen CC maintains additional local specific policy. The auditor and PREA Compliance Manager had on-going communication for several weeks prior to the audit to prepare for the on-site visit. It became clear during the pre-visit review that Policy component sections were uniformly compliant and that the CDOC staff has drafted policy to be compliant for all CDOC facilities; policy parallels very closely, often verbatim, the PREA Standards and checklists for policy.

During the Pre-Onsite Audit Phase, the Auditor requested and reviewed PREA-related policies and also that the following staff and offender lists be provided at or in advance of the on-site visit, lists to be used in determining required interview lists:

- 1. A comprehensive list of offenders, staff, volunteers, and contractors.
- 2. Complete roster based on actual population at the beginning of the onsite portion
- 3. Offenders with disabilities (i.e., physical disabilities, blind, deaf, cognitive disabilities)
- 4. Offenders who are Limited English Proficient (LEP)
- 5. Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, and Intersex (LGBTI) Offenders
- 6. Offenders who reported sexual abuse
- 7. Offenders who reported sexual victimization during risk screening
- 8. Complete staff roster

It became clear during the pre-visit review that policy component sections were uniformly compliant and that the staff has drafted policy with the intent to be PREA-compliant for all Louisiana facilities; policy parallels very closely, often verbatim, the PREA Standards and checklists for policy. The on-site visit focused on actual compliance in operations and whether local training, process and actual procedure mirrored policies.

### On-Site Audit

The on-site visit focused on actual compliance in operations and whether local training, process and procedure mirrored these policies. The on-site review included documentation review, physical site review and required interviews utilizing DOJ and PRC protocols. During the on-site audit, the Auditor was provided a private office as well as conference room in the administrative area from which to work and review files and folders and conduct some required interviews. Other formal and confidential personal interviews with offenders were conducted in a private room inside the security perimeter.

## **Reviewing Documentation**

Reviewing documentation is a critical component of the audit triangulation process. Before and during the site visit review, the Auditor reviewed various files and documents, as noted below, to evaluate compliance levels of the policies and procedures. Facility information was entered in the DOJ Online Audit System (OAS) and included necessary audit information: the Audit Compliance Tool (ACT) including the Pre-audit questionnaire (PAQ), staff identification, current population. Also included were responses to the PREA Standards folders with policy procedures and secondary documentation. The PREA resource audit instrument for prisons and jails furnished by the National PREA Resource Center was used for the audit including PRC protocols for interviews of staff and inmates. In summary, there are seven sections including the PAQ, the audit compliance tool, instructions for audit site review, interview protocols, auditor summary, facility map, and checklist of documentation.

Most documentation was reviewed before arriving on-site, but some specific files were not reviewed until after arrival at the facility (personnel files, investigation files, etc.) The facility has zero notices of non-compliance with local, state, or federal laws or regulations. The below files and documents reviews were used in triangulation of data following the on-site review.

The below files and documents reviews were used in triangulation of data following the on-site review.

- 1. Staff Handbook
- 2. Offender Handbook
- 3. Investigator training certifications
- 4. Records of PREA intake education received by offenders
- 5. Volunteer and Contractor training guide
- 6. Staff training topics and dates training received
- 7. Volunteer and Contractor Training Records and Topics
- 8. Staffing Plan
- 9. Investigation folders
- 10. Personnel Folders, random, including Volunteer and contractor folders
- 11. Personnel Background Investigations results
- 12. Offender folders, randomly selected
- 13. Standards, Policies
- 14. Coordinated Response Plan
- 15. Medical policies

## **Site Review**

The in-brief was followed by an extensive site review of the prison which provided an opportunity for the Auditor to conduct a review of the different areas of the facility, observe procedures and interactions between staff and offenders, and conduct informal interviews. This aided in gaining an understanding of facility operations and practices as well as insight into the facility's compliance with PREA standards. The Auditor reviewed the entire facility site, escorted by the Warden, PREA Compliance Manager, and investigator. The review observed the facility configuration, location of cameras and mirrors, staff supervision of offenders, housing room layout including shower/toilet areas, placement of posters and PREA informational resources, security monitoring, and offender entrances and search procedures.

Offenders were observed in the living and recreation areas interacting with each other and with staff and while they were engaged in various recreational activities. Offenders were also observed in various work areas. Information related to the Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) and how to report sexual abuse was posted in all housing and program areas. Information regarding contact with advocacy organizations was posted in offender traffic corridors. The auditor visited the following areas to observe conditions relating to ALC policy and operations:

- All Housing areas and Cells
- Medical areas
- Education
- Classification
- Food Service
- Library/Law Library
- Programs
- Human Resources
- Training
- Recreation areas
- Control Centers
- Facility grounds

During the site review, camera placement, sightlines, and staff placement were noted to assist in determining standards compliance. There are 248 facility cameras, both fixed and Pan-Tilt-Zoom (PTZ) cameras. The interior cameras are spread throughout areas where security violations are likely to occur. Retention times are approximately 14 days. The Control Center monitors the perimeter fence cameras; the command post monitors the support facilities, and the housing units monitor their own cameras. The segregation unit monitors their 4 suicide cells.

While conducting the site review, several staff and offenders were informally interviewed and acknowledged receiving training and procedures for reporting sexual abuse and harassment and the right to be free from retaliation. Offenders and staff both knew that they could report sexual safety issues and were well aware of the location of external addresses and phone numbers of potential sources to report or gain assistance with their issues. Posters reporting information and data on advocacy organizations were clear and conspicuously placed.

The Auditor verified that higher ranking staff such as the Assistant Wardens, Majors, and Captains make unannounced rounds, documented in the logbook by the control officer.

Staff were aware of the requirement to announce the presence of opposite gender staff and did so in all housing in a timely manner; subsequent interviews with offenders and staff supported that the facility ensures these announcements and that this practice is adhered to during daily operation.

It was also evident from interviews that all staff receive appropriate training concerning PREA and the zero-tolerance policy during initial training as well as annual and also regular refresher training. All staff was aware of their responsibilities for reporting sexual abuse, sexual harassment, staff negligence, and any retaliation for reporting. Staff informally interviewed were familiar with the expectations of their duties as well as with the procedures for evidence preservation.

Staffing appeared well-positioned and included supervisory staff making random checks in housing areas. ALC has also strengthened compliance with the PREA standards by providing new cameras. In all areas of the facility, shower and toileting areas include barrier screens to reduce the opportunity for non-security required observation.

The Auditor visited the Control Center, talked with the post officers, and observed the log and coverage of the CCTV monitors. The cameras are positioned in a way that basically precludes remote viewing of offenders as they shower and perform bodily functions.

Each housing unit includes wall-mounted telephones for offender use, and information about how to call or write for PREA reporting or assistance is posted in each unit adjacent to the phones.

Training is provided concerning cross-gender pat searches and these searches are presently conducted by female officers on this all-male population, as is allowable in both PREA and DPS&C policies and procedures. Strip searches are conducted by only male staff with the potential normal policy exception for exigent circumstances, which have not occurred thus far. Staff interviewed were all aware of the prohibition of physically examining a transgender or intersex offender to determine genital status.

Staff Training receives significant emphasis and appears more than compliant at all levels. All staff receives the 3-week initial training at the Louisiana State Penitentiary Training Academy, followed by a week of unique local orientation and On-the-Job training. The 3-week Training Academy is under consideration for expansion to 6 weeks. New staff also complete NIC or DOC-sponsored specialty training in their area (e.g., investigators, mental health, etc.). All staff, including volunteers and contractors, receive annual Refresher training and line staff also receive routine operational information at shift turnover.

The following description of relevant programmatic services and functional areas summarizes findings and observations.

#### Security

Officers exhibited a high degree of knowledge when explaining the operation of their respective areas of responsibility. Offender movement is highly controlled through actively supervised offender movement and activity in all areas.

#### Medical

There are 10 total inpatient beds plus 3 isolation cells. Medical care is provided at Allen CC 24/7 by medical staff who are primarily state employees with a physician and contract psychiatrist, as well as other specialized medical services, also provided via medical contracts. TeleMed is used for rarely needed or difficult-to-locate specialties such as Orthopedics, renal medical issues, cardiology, etc.

Offenders are sent to Lake Charles Memorial Hospital for SAFE/SANE assault protocols and examinations and emergent issues are seen at any time are also sent to Lake Charles Memorial. If a critical emergency occurred, there is also a smaller hospital in nearby Kinder,

Testing, prophylactic treatment, and follow-up for sexually transmitted diseases is provided as indicated at Lake Charles Memorial. All victims and predators are referred to Mental Health following any incident.

The intake process includes staff from Classification, Medical, Security, and Mental Health staff meeting with each offender immediately upon arrival to determine if there are any situations that need to be addressed. This is followed by an overall team review and decisions

with Classification responsible for entering plan decisions and data into the records system.

Offenders are asked mandated PREA questions by the Mental Health Staff and are reassessed by Mental Health within the first month. During completion of intake, medical staff also determine if the offender needs to be quickly scheduled for an appointment with medical. Emergent situations are handled immediately, and non-emergent situations are handled by scheduling appointments for the offenders. Each offender is given information on how to access health care services in English and Spanish, and if an offender is deemed to be illiterate, instructions are given orally by medical staff.

#### Mental Health

The mental health department provides services in Crisis Intervention, Group, and Individual Counseling and Treatment Plans. Multi-Disciplinary Teams oversee the treatment planning and delivery system.

General Population offenders access Mental Health services by request. Segregation offenders access mental health by request to the Social Worker during their routine visits to segregation. Offenders are seen per treatment team recommendations and Psychiatrist guidance.

All emergencies are responded to immediately or as soon as an on-call provider can arrive. Social Workers can give a verbal order to place the offender on suicide watch within a 30-minute response time. Suicidal offenders are housed at the facility until a determination is made about whether they need to be transferred to a facility with accommodations to handle their particular situation.

#### Recreation

Most recreation areas are camera-observed in addition to the staff present. Outside exercise yards, additional recreation yards for the offenders adjacent to each housing unit, and a full-size gymnasium provide very adequate resources.

#### Religious Programming

There is no full-time chaplain at this facility. The former approximately 90 active religious and non-religious volunteers have been reduced to 26 and programs have been similarly reduced during the pandemic. Programs are just now being considered for partial resumption. These volunteers provide offender religious and faith-based programming ranging from traditional worship to contemporary praise and worship services. Pastoral counseling is available to offenders who request this service. A DOC Chaplain from Louisiana State Penitentiary volunteers once a month for Allen Islamic services. The warden and the Director of Classification must approve all volunteers, and they must complete both volunteer and PREA training and undergo background records checks prior to being approved.

#### Social Services

Allen Correctional Center provides social services and counseling through classification staff; Mental Health staff; some support services from offender ministers; health care staff; and volunteer-staffed programs.

#### Library Services

Allen Correctional Center leisure library is open 5 days per week, with a cart on the weekend in the housing units. The Law Library has offender counsel substitutes who help with legal research. Offenders access legal library services by a request to the Legal Programs office and are then scheduled for assistance. Offenders in the segregation unit access these services with the same "Legal Program" forms request.

#### Interviews

/p>

The major portion of the site audit consisted of conducting structured interviews with specialized and randomly selected staff and also with randomly selected and specific categories of offenders (LGBTI, reported victims or perpetrators of abuse, disabled in an area, or anyone facing issues that increase vulnerability, etc.).

During the audit, the Auditor met with both staff and offenders to verify observations and/or to ask the Standards' interview questions concerning facility operations. The major portion of the site audit consisted of conducting these structured interviews with specialized and randomly selected staff and also with random and targeted categories of offenders (LGBTI, reported victims of abuse, etc.).

The Auditor interviewed a wide range of staff that included both executive and line staff for the facility. Specialized staff interviewed included executive leadership, Medical, and Mental Health Supervisors, higher-level security supervisors, as well as staff from Programs,

Human Resources, Training, Classification, Intake Staff, as well as volunteers. Interview data is summarized at the end of this narrative.

The offenders and staff were well aware of PREA and the zero-tolerance policy of the Agency. They all indicated they had received written information either on their arrival or on the housing units for those that have been at the facility for a considerable amount of time. LGBTI offenders interviewed reported that they felt safe, as did several older offenders interviewed. All staff and offenders interviewed were very cooperative during the interview process.

### Offender Interviews

Offender interviews used the DOJ protocols that delve into their knowledge of a variety of PREA protections generally and specifically their knowledge of reporting mechanisms available to offenders to report abuse or harassment. The interviews of offenders reflected that they were aware of and understood the PREA protections and the agency's zero-tolerance policy. Offenders receive written materials at intake and a video that provides detailed information about PREA protections, the multiple ways to report sexual abuse or harassment, and ways to protect themselves from abuse. During the interviews, the offenders indicated they understand the various ways to report abuse and discussed the posters throughout the facility with the telephone numbers to call to report sexual abuse or harassment. Offenders consistently indicated to the Auditor that they felt safe in the facility.

There were 49 offenders formally interviewed during the Auditor's visit, 24 random selections, and 25 from targeted offender categories. The 25 represented 28 targeted categories since a few fell into more than 1 targeted area. There were no general population complaints about staff treatment or fairness with the exception of 2 who had reported an abuse that was investigated and unsubstantiated.

Offender interviews were conducted with randomly selected individuals from all housing areas and represented the various programs and work areas. During all interviews, it was communicated that offenders at no time had felt that their sexual safety was at risk although they acknowledged that other issues or interpersonal conflicts common to prison life did exist here. Offenders felt that staff would take very seriously any report of sexual abuse, assault, harassment, or retaliation. Offenders effectively communicated multiple methods of reporting and many stated that they would feel comfortable directly telling a staff member at any time. All offenders made mention of the reporting phone numbers and the location of the posters and that they received information in regard to PREA upon intake.

Interviews supported that appropriate announcements were made by opposite-gender staff as required by the standard and they were never naked in full view of staff. Through interview and observation, it was verified that privacy screens are used in the shower and toileting areas and there were no cases of viewing that were non-security related. All offenders were aware of services available such as mental health contacts and counseling and had received information in multiple formats concerning the facility PREA program.

During targeted offender interviews, transgender offenders reported no concerns in regard to the procedures utilized for searches or being offered showers at separate/designated times.

Offenders who had made reports of sexual abuse stated that staff took immediate action to ensure they were safe while initiating an investigation and providing information about the outcome. Those reporting said that they felt comfortable speaking with staff about this matter. Most whose allegations were disappointed that their investigations could not substantiate the charge but were realistic about such a likelihood when events occurred out of camera areas,

The offenders were respectful and talked freely with the Auditor and described their treatment by staff members as fair although they noted a few individual staff were more negative than the remaining staff. All offenders interviewed said they felt safe and they knew how to access services and the grievance process, that they were aware of multiple methods of reporting available, including telling any staff member, utilizing the hotline, reporting to an outside third party, writing to outside agencies, and submitting anonymous reports in writing. This information is also available in facility policy as well as the offender handbook.

### Offenders Interviewed

- 4 Offenders Who Reported Victimization During Risk Screening
- 5 Offenders who identify as LGB
- 3 Transgender offenders
- 8 Offenders who reported an abuse
- 4 Physical Disability including Blind, Deaf, Hard-of-hearing
- 1 Offenders with Limited English Proficiency
- 3 Offenders with a Cognitive Disability
- 24 Random Offenders

### Staff Interviews

Staff was questioned using the DOJ protocols that focus on their PREA training and overall knowledge of the agency's zero-tolerance policy, reporting mechanisms available to offenders and staff, the response protocols when an offender alleges abuse, and first responder



duties. Staff members who had responsibilities that spanned several job functions were questioned about all assignments assigned to them.

The Auditor interviewed 38 Allen staff in the course of the audit including 7 HQ/Facility leadership staff; 14 randomly selected staff, and 17 specialized staff. Because of collateral duties and position overlapping, the 17 specialized staff were able to provide interviews in 23 specialized areas. All staff indicated they had received detailed PREA training and could articulate the meaning of the agency's zero-tolerance policy. In interviews, all agency staff expressed satisfaction with PREA training and felt they knew their required actions if incidents were to occur, and they could clearly articulate the steps to follow if they were the first responder.

Staff were knowledgeable about their roles and responsibilities in the prevention, reporting, and response to sexual abuse and sexual harassment and easily articulated the variety of mechanisms for offenders and staff to use to report.

#### Staff Interviewed

- 1 Agency Head
- 1 Agency PREA Coordinator
- 1 PREA Compliance Manager
- 1 Warden
- 1 Assistant Warden
- 1 Human Resources Manager
- 1 Contract Administrator
- 1 Investigations Chief, HQ
- 1 Investigator, Facility
- 2 Sexual Abuse Incident Review Team members
- 1 Retaliation Monitor
- 2 Staff who Perform Risk Screening
- 1 Intake Supervisor
- 3 Medical/Mental Health staff
- 2 Staff Who Supervise Segregation
- 5 Intermediate or Higher-level Supervisors who make Unannounced Rounds
- 5 First Responders
- 14 Randomly selected staff

The officers on the shifts stated they feel safe working at Allen Correctional Center, and all had been through PREA training. Correctional officers and non-security staff both expressed satisfaction with their PREA training and felt they knew their required actions if incidents were to occur. Staff was familiar with the procedures regarding reporting, responding, and evidence preservation.

#### Post-Visit Evidence Review

The post-audit phase consisted of triangulating all data and input received, reviewing interview data in detail, and merging this data with site review data to utilize in a final review of the ACT submission. Conclusions were then used to complete the OAS sections. Questions that arose about procedures or data needed for clarification were referred to the facility and the responses are incorporated in this report.

## AUDIT FINDINGS

### Facility Characteristics:

The auditor's description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate or resident population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

Rated Capacity: 1476

Actual Population: 810

Average Daily Population for the last 12 months: 795

Average Length of Stay: 1.6 Years

Security/Custody Level: Medium

Age Range of Offenders: 19-65

Gender: Male

Full-Time Staff: 152 who may have contact with offenders

### IMPACT of COVID

The population activity level has been reduced during the COVID pandemic as movement within the facility has been reduced and numerous activities either suspended or reduced, such as programming, visiting, multiple-unit recreation, and education. Staffing issues have been challenging as vacancies occurred and applications have been reduced.

Allen Correctional Center is a medium-security correctional facility of some 344,000 square feet and occupies over 950 acres of land near the city of Kinder, approximately 37 miles northeast of Lake Charles, Louisiana. Allen CC was originally commissioned in 1990 and started receiving offenders at that time. Allen Correctional Center (Allen CC, or ALC) is a 1476 bed medium security facility located in Allen Parish in Kinder, Louisiana. It was formerly operated by GEO private corrections for 28 years until Louisiana DOC returned to operational control of the facility in September 2017. ALC now operates under the oversight of a senior Warden at Raymond Laborde Correctional Center in Cottonport, LA.

There are 248 cameras situated strategically to ensure no blind spots, including 80 in 5 housing units and 3 in the infirmary. The facility has added 70 cameras and upgraded another 68 since the last audit. There are 2 closed housing units and it was observed during the site review that notable damage occurred to several parts of the facility.

The secured compound occupies 52 acres and has 28 buildings. The design of the overall offender housing provides four dormitory-style housing structures and one multi-occupancy cellblock unit.

Other structures provide ancillary spaces for administration, education, medical services, programs, food service, maintenance, recreation, correctional industries, and central control.

## AUDIT FINDINGS

### Summary of Audit Findings:

The OAS will automatically calculate the number of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and the number of standards not met based on the auditor's compliance determinations. If relevant, the auditor should provide the list of standards exceeded and/or the list of standards not met (e.g. Standards Exceeded: 115.xx, 115.xx..., Standards Not Met: 115.yy, 115.yy ). Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited.

<b>Number of standards exceeded:</b>	0
<b>Number of standards met:</b>	45
<b>Number of standards not met:</b>	0

Allen Correctional Center is found to be compliant with U.S. DOJ PREA standards. In summary, after reviewing all pertinent information, the site review, and after conducting resident and staff interviews, the Auditor found that department and agency leadership have made Standards compliance a high priority and have devoted significant resources to policy development, training of staff, and education of inmates on all the key aspects of the PREA.

The Auditor had been provided with extensive files before and during the audit for review to support the conclusion of compliance with the PREA. All interviews and observations supported compliance. The facility staff was found to be cooperative and professional.

At the end of the audit on-site portion, October 13, 2021, the Auditor conducted a preliminary out brief with the Warden, PREA Coordinator, and Compliance Manager to give them a general overview of the process and to thank them for their participation. The timeline and expectations for the remainder of the audit were discussed. It was explained that any areas found not to meet standards would need to be corrected and the auditor would be working closely with the PREA Compliance Manager to accomplish compliance.

There were no barriers encountered in the conduct of this audit. The Auditor had been provided with extensive files before and during the audit for review to support the conclusion of compliance with the PREA. All interviews and observations supported compliance. The facility staff was cooperative and professional.

Warden Keith Cooley and his leadership team made clear his intention to ensure this facility remains in compliance with PREA standards.

The auditor appreciates the support and assistance of Assistant Warden for Administration Kent Andrews, Investigator Major Terry Langley, and PREA Compliance Manager Gloria Griffin.

## Standards

### Auditor Overall Determination Definitions

- Exceeds Standard  
(Substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- Meets Standard  
(substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period)
- Does Not Meet Standard  
(requires corrective actions)

### Auditor Discussion Instructions

Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

115.11	<b>Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 208 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1490 465">The DPS&amp;C Secretary has appointed a Department PREA Coordinator who has oversight of activities to develop, implement and oversee DPS&amp;C's efforts to comply with the PREA Standards in all units. She reports that she has adequate time for this function, in addition to her Assistant Warden duties at her facility. For PREA matters, she reports to the Agency Chief of Operations. Her information provided indicates that the agency has a system of routine telephone conferences, site visits on a regular basis, and that there are routine mock audits and video conferences of both State facilities and local level (Parish) facilities per their contracts.</p> <p data-bbox="240 499 1481 725">"It is the policy of Allen Correctional Center to provide a safe, humane and appropriately secure environment, free from threats of sexual abuse and sexual harassment for all staff, volunteers, contractors, and offenders by maintaining a program of prevention, detection, response, reporting, investigating and tracking of all alleged and substantiated incidents of sexual abuse. ALLEN CC leadership has zero-tolerance for incidents of sexual abuse and sexual harassment." Allen CC's designated Asst. Warden for Administration serves as the PREA Compliance Manager to coordinate efforts to comply with the PREA standards. The PREA Compliance Manager (PCM) reported in the interview that he has sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with PREA Standards.</p> <p data-bbox="240 759 1461 954">The agency PREA Coordinator indicated in the interview that she has enough time to manage all of her PREA related responsibilities [115.11], but it is very challenging since she works with both the Louisiana DOC facilities and also the local Parish correctional facilities which come under the Louisiana Sheriffs. There are 8 DOC facilities that have Compliance Managers plus those Parish/Local level facilities that have to be PREA-compliant per the language of DOC contracts with them. She reports to her direct Supervisor, the DOC Chief of Operations, who can adjust agency policy or procedure. He may also decide that a given issue should be referred to or resolved by the Secretary.</p> <p data-bbox="240 987 1497 1214">The PREA Compliance Manager (PCM) serves as a liaison between Allen Correctional Center and DPS&amp;C's PREA Coordinator and other appropriate Headquarters staff and is responsible for monitoring PREA related activities, etc. The PREA Compliance Manager (PCM) ensures that each requirement of Department Regulation C-01-022, on Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA, including verification that all training, screening, assessments, reporting and monitoring is accomplished in a timely manner." The PCM has additional duties assigned due to the smaller staff here but she affirmed that PREA is her primary focus and responsibility. She was formerly also the Retaliation Monitor but that responsibility has now shifted to mental health staff.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1247 1481 1335">The Department has a zero-tolerance policy toward victimization and sexual abuse within the facilities through the PREA Program. Full investigations, appropriate reporting, and compliance to the standards program will be treated as a top priority by administrators and investigators.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1368 1193 1397">Staff who violate this regulation may receive disciplinary action, up to and including termination.</p>

115.12	<b>Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	<p>The Agency does contract for confinement, not Allen Correctional Center per se. Allen Correctional Center does contract for services and some personnel, however, and the contracting agent interviewed indicated that part of her job is to ensure every contract is totally clear on PREA requirements, training etc. The Agency PREA Coordinator affirmed that they do contract out confinement and all PREA requirements are included in the contracts; further, she noted that all contractors are routinely audited by the State agency and the audit includes PREA requirement compliance.</p>

115.13	<b>Supervision and monitoring</b>
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 273 1493 331">Since the last PREA audit, whichever is later, the average daily number of inmates has been 808, and 846 is the basis for the staffing plan.</p> <p data-bbox="240 362 1473 524">Department Regulation No. A-02-018 (Institutional Staffing) requires each facility to develop and document a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect offenders against sexual abuse. When designing new units, planning substantial expansions or modifications to existing units or when updating a video monitoring system, the Warden is tasked to consider how such expansions, modifications, or updates would enhance the unit's ability to protect offenders from sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="240 555 1457 649">The facility has added additional video cameras since the last monitoring to assist the effectiveness of the facility PREA program. Each year a review and evaluation are conducted to note any areas of need or best practice in the placement of cameras. Currently, all areas of offender housing and/or activity area are well supervised.</p> <p data-bbox="240 680 1477 806">Turnover and vacancies are ongoing staffing problems due to hiring cycles in nearby energy fields as well as many looming retirements due to the age of the facility. The Warden reported in his interview that it requires continuous attention to ensure that priority and critical billets are filled in each shift. When calculating adequate more long-term staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, each unit is required to take into consideration the items listed in §115.13(A):</p> <ul data-bbox="284 860 1481 1218" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Generally accepted detention and correctional practices;</li> <li>• Any judicial findings of inadequacy;</li> <li>• Any finding of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies;</li> <li>• Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies;</li> <li>• All components of the unit's physical plant (including "blind spots" or areas where staff or offenders may be isolated);</li> <li>• The composition of the offender population;</li> <li>• The number and placement of supervisory staff;</li> <li>• Institution programs occurring on a particular shift;</li> <li>• Any applicable State or local laws, regulations or standards;</li> <li>• The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse;</li> <li>• Any other relevant factors.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 1249 1485 1375">Interviews with the Warden, PREA Compliance Manager and senior staff also indicate that all incident data is considered in staffing reviews, but all interviews noted that there are few sexual assault incidents to actually review and the Sexual Assault Incident Reviews normally focus more on staffing, camera technology, blind spots and population characteristics. The PREA Coordinator, in her interview, indicated that she reviews every facility staffing plan annually.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1406 1457 1500">In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, the Warden or designee has to document and justify all deviations from the plan. This document is forwarded to the Agency PREA Coordinator Compliance Manager for retention purposes.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1532 1473 1626">The Warden or PREA Compliance Manager assesses, determines and documents whether adjustments are needed to the staffing plan, deployment of video monitoring systems or other monitoring technologies, and to determine the resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1657 1489 1751">In addition to and along with other rounds, Supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds on the night and day shift to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Staff is prohibited from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to legitimate operational functions.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1783 1489 1841">Each Warden develops a PREA staffing plan and submits annual updates to DPS&amp;C's PREA Coordinator. The staffing plans determine and document whether adjustments are needed to the</p> <p data-bbox="240 1872 1445 1930">staffing plan, deployment of video monitoring systems or other monitoring technologies and the resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1962 1473 2154">In addition to rounds specified in institutional policy, the Warden requires both intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds on all shifts for the purpose of identifying and deterring staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Policy prohibits staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the unit. During the facility tour, supervisory rounds were observed. Additionally, observed was the method of documentation in housing unit log books. For the ease of identification, supervisory rounds are documented in red ink and can be quickly and easily observed. It was evident in</p>

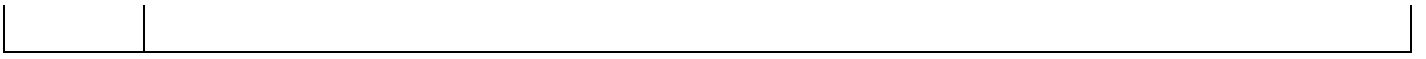
documentation and interview that rounds are frequently and regularly conducted.



<b>115.14</b>	<b>Youthful inmates</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	<p>This facility does not house youthful offenders.</p> <p>All offenders under the age of 18 years housed in any state correctional facility are considered youthful offenders (YO) and Department policy statewide recognizes that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· No youthful offender may be placed in a housing unit in which the offender will have contact with any adult offender through use of a shared day room or other common space, shower area or sleeping quarters;</li> <li>· Outside of housing units, the Department shall either maintain "sight and sound separation" between youthful offenders and adult offenders to prevent adult offenders from seeing or communicating with youthful offenders or provide direct staff supervision when youthful offenders and adult offenders are together.</li> </ul>

<b>115.15</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="242 210 453 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1342 297">In the past 12 months, no cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches of inmates occurred.</p> <p data-bbox="242 331 1485 456">Cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches are not being done but would be documented in the appropriate logbook and an Unusual Occurrence Report (UOR) would be completed. Cross-gender strip searches or cross-gender visual body cavity searches (a search of the anal or genital opening) would not be conducted except in exigent circumstances.</p> <p data-bbox="242 490 1474 680">Interviews with both staff and offenders stated that offenders are able to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothes without non-medical staff of the opposite gender viewing their buttocks or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine rounds. Upon entering a housing unit, all cross-gender staff announces their presence. During the facility tour, opposite gender announcements were made in all areas. It is additionally noted that opposite gender direct supervision in housing areas is rare, and this information was provided in both staff and offender interviews as well as documented on the staffing rosters.</p> <p data-bbox="242 714 1490 804">No search or physical exam is permitted when the sole purpose of the search or physical exam is to determine the offender's genital status. Random staff and medical staff both stated in interviews that only medical staff could perform any similar examination.</p> <p data-bbox="242 837 1481 927">All correctional security staff has been trained to conduct a cross-gender pat-down search and to search of transgender and intersex offenders in a professional and respectful manner, in the least intrusive manner possible while maintaining good security practices.</p> <p data-bbox="242 960 1481 1050">No female offenders are confined here, this element is Non-Applicable. Cross-gender pat searches are authorized for use with male inmates and staff is trained to perform them, however, strip and body cavity searches are not authorized except in exigent circumstances.</p>

115.16	<b>Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 208 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1474 398">In the past 12 months, there were no instances where inmate interpreters, readers, or other types of inmate assistants have been used. They can be, by policy, if an extended delay in obtaining another interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations. The facility could identify only one offender who spoke no English at all and he was interviewed.</p> <p data-bbox="240 427 1461 488">Policies B-08-010 (Americans with Disabilities Act) and B-08-018 (Effective Communication with the Hearing Impaired) are two of the major pieces of guidance from the Departmental level.</p> <p data-bbox="240 517 1485 680">DPS&amp;C Policy is that all facilities take appropriate steps to ensure that offenders with disabilities (including, for example, offenders who are deaf or hard of hearing, those who are blind or have low vision, those who have intellectual, psychiatric, or speech disabilities), have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the DPS&amp;C's efforts to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Allen Correctional Center meets these requirements and takes a number of additional steps due to the growing number of older offenders with numerous challenges.</p> <p data-bbox="240 710 1482 904">Allen Correctional Center provides interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary. Certified offender interpreters may be used to explain the policies and procedures for reporting; however, this has not been done and the Department does not rely on offender interpreters, offender readers or other types of offender assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the offender's safety, the performance of first- response duties or the investigation of the offender's allegations. Inmate interpreters have not been used to obtain information in regard to an allegation.</p> <p data-bbox="240 934 1471 1061">DPS&amp;C utilizes Lingualinx Telephone Interpreting Services for all foreign language interpreting needs and each facility has provisions to purchase this service. This service has now been incorporated under LinguaLine and all DOC facilities are making the requisite changes to accommodate this new company program. Facilities can also access the Google translator as needed.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1090 1485 1352">Appropriate steps are required to ensure that offenders with disabilities deaf, hard of hearing, blind, have low vision, intellectual disabilities, psychiatric disabilities, speech disabilities, limited English proficient, or limited reading skills), have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the facilities efforts to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Written materials are provided for offenders with hearing disabilities, access is provided through the Lingualinx interpreter access program for non- or limited English proficient offenders and video presentations are available for offenders with limited reading skills as well as staff assistance. The facility has contracted for the use of the above-noted language line to use as needed to ensure that any offender with limited English proficiency has the ability to communicate as needed and to ensure clear effective communication of any needs or concerns.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1382 1485 1615">During interviews with one offender who spoke no English at all, he expressed through the interpreter that he received and understood all information provided in regard to PREA requirements, safeguards, preventative actions, reporting and response procedures, and received that information in Spanish at intake. He also identified that staff took appropriate time to ensure all needs were met and a clear understanding of the facility's policy regarding PREA was communicated. There are several Spanish-speaking staff. He did indicate a reliance on other offender Spanish speakers for day-to-day issues of schedules, meals, etc. He communicated that he would feel comfortable approaching Spanish-speaking staff to address any issues or to ask for a Spanish-speaking staff to be contacted.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1644 1442 1771">The PREA information pamphlet is available in braille as well as in audio format for offenders who are blind or have low vision; it is noted that, as this facility migrated to DOC control and further merges into the larger DOC system, many problematic offenders have not yet been assigned here and so there are very few handicapped inmates at this point and none of real significance.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1800 1477 2130">The Head of Agency interview affirmed that the agency established procedures to provide offenders with disabilities and offenders who are limited English proficient equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment? [115.16]. In his interview, the Chief of Operations indicated that DOC has Spanish-language PREA information and utilizes interpreter services if needed for other languages. (Some institutions have agreements with local interpreter services but all can utilize Google Translate as an option for interpretive services if necessary). DOC also utilizes staff to educate offenders who cannot read or write regarding their right to be free from sexual abuse. They also have interpreters available for the deaf and have a dial-up interpretation service available; DOC has been expanding services to deaf inmates due to growth in these numbers. There is PREA information in Braille and closed-caption for the hearing impaired. DOC tries to house certain groups, like the very ill or the very elderly, together to assist in their support.</p>



115.17	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1485 331">In the past 12 months, 32 persons were hired who may have contact with inmates who have had criminal background record checks.</p> <p data-bbox="242 362 1485 490">The facility reports no contracts for services where criminal background record checks were conducted on all staff covered in the contract who might have contact with inmates because the few contracts in effect are for medical personnel working in the facility and their agreements pre-date this past 12 months. Background checks were conducted as required when they were brought into the staff initially 2 years or more ago.</p> <p data-bbox="242 521 1485 649">As indicated by interviews with the PREA Compliance Manager and the Human Resources (HR) staff member, Allen Correctional Center does not hire, promote, or enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with offenders who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility or other institutions. Per policy, there shall be no hiring, detail or promotion of an applicant, employee or contractor who:</p> <ul data-bbox="242 680 1485 797" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="242 680 1485 741">· Has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse;</li> <li data-bbox="242 772 1155 797">· Has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the above conduct.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="242 828 1430 889">Any incidents of sexual harassment are a determining factor as whether to hire or promote, or to enlist the services of a contractor.</p> <p data-bbox="242 920 1485 1010">Prior to hiring, detailing or promoting any employee/applicant or enlisting services of a contractor who may have contact with offenders Allen Correctional Center conducts criminal background checks in accordance with Department Regulation A-02-022.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1041 1485 1169">Prior to hiring, the Human Resources Office contacts each applicant's prior community confinement facility, jail, lockup, and/or prison employers. An Authorization to Contact Previous Employers is required and completed by all applicants prior to the effective date of hire. Applicants for hire, detail to special duty, or direct promotion must also answer these questions prior to the effective date of hire or promotion.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1200 1485 1359">All applicants (including promotions) are required to answer verbal and written questions relative to previous misconduct described in 115.17(a), according to interviews with supervisory and HR staff. Applicants must notify Human Resources if or when such charges have been brought against them. Current employees must notify their immediate supervisor. The form "PREA Requirements for Applicants and Employees Being Considered for Hire, Detail to Special Duty and/or Promotion" is utilized upon hire for this purpose.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1391 1485 1480">Each employee has a personal responsibility to disclose to the Warden within 72 hours, any such conduct of which he/she accused, charged, and/or convicted. Applicants and employees who fail to disclose this information are subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1512 1485 1608">Unless prohibited by law, information regarding substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving current or former employees upon receiving a request from a community confinement facility, jail, lockup, prison, juvenile facility, or other institutions for whom such employee has applied to work is provided.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1639 1485 1767">Human Resources staff ensures a criminal history check is conducted at the time of application submission and at least once every five years for employees. Business office staff ensure annual criminal history checks are conducted on all contractual employees. The Volunteer Services Coordinator (Chaplain) ensures that, prior to approval as a volunteer, a criminal history check is conducted on volunteers and every two years thereafter.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1798 1485 1895">There have been 32 persons hired this past year who had criminal background checks and no contract staff where criminal background checks were conducted. Both random staff interviews and contractors interviewed indicated these had been done initially after beginning their service and they were aware of them when they occurred.</p>

<b>115.18</b>	<b>Upgrades to facilities and technologies</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 453 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1490 365">Although Allen has not added new construction or made a significant expansion, the prison did add 70 new cameras and upgrade another 68 cameras, bringing the total number to 224. Each year a review and evaluation are conducted to note any areas of need or best practice in the placement of cameras.</p> <p data-bbox="240 398 1485 490">When designing new units, planning substantial expansions or modifications to existing units or when updating a video monitoring system, the Warden stated he does consider how such expansions, modifications, or updates would enhance the unit's ability to protect offenders from sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="240 524 1469 680">According to the Agency Chief of Operations, in the Agency Head interview, each modification to any institution is carefully evaluated to ensure the safety of the offender relative to sexual abuse. The PREA staffing plan for each institution specifically addresses this issue when it is reviewed every year. He described it as almost a mock audit on the front end to look at potential impacts. They bring into this review and rely heavily on input from, the DOC headquarters Investigator and Agency HQ PREA Coordinator.</p> <p data-bbox="240 714 1490 837">He indicated that the goal of all placement of video monitoring equipment in the correctional facilities is to enhance the safety and protection of offenders housed in DOC facilities. PREA has been a very important factor in the purchase and installation of new video equipment throughout the department and he sees the biggest thing as being to prevent incidents and to aid the staff especially with blind spots.</p>

115.21	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>
	<p><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p>There were no forensic exams performed during the past 12 months. If needed, they would be performed at Lake Charles Memorial Hospital by a SAFE or SANE practitioner.</p> <p>DOC Evidence Protocol and Forensic Medical Examinations Policy:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· The Investigative Service Office investigates allegations of sexual abuse and follows evidence collection protocols as outlined in Allen Correctional Center policy 02-01-007 – Crimes Committed on the Grounds of Allen CC.</li> <li>· All victims of sexual abuse have access to a forensic medical examination either on-site or off-site at a local hospital at no cost to the victim, where evidentiary or medically appropriate.</li> <li>· Examinations performed will be conducted by individuals that have received Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE's) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE's) training or by qualified medical practitioners.</li> <li>· SAFE and SANE training certificates are provided to the Training Department for training credit and documentation of training.</li> <li>· Offenders who are victims of sexual abuse have access to victim advocates on staff and to staff at the area community rape crisis center, OASIS, A Safe Haven For Survivors Of Domestic And Sexual Violence.</li> <li>· Offenders may request a victim advocate on staff or from a community-based organization to accompany and support through the forensic medical examination, investigatory interview, and to provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals.</li> <li>· Any investigations that cannot be handled at the facility are transferred to the Parish Sheriff's Office for handling and they use the same standards of investigation as 115.21 (a) – (e)).</li> </ul> <p>Allen Correctional Center Victim Advocates are qualified staff members or community-based staff from a rape crisis center who have been screened for appropriateness to serve in the role of a victim's advocate and have received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general. The assigned investigator immediately notifies a Victim Advocate (but no later than the next business day), that an alleged sexual abuse has occurred.</p> <p>As requested by the victim, the Advocate may participate in supporting victims throughout the forensic medical examination process (ensuring compliance in confidentiality laws) and investigatory interviews and provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals.</p> <p>All conversations between the Victim Advocate and the alleged victim remain confidential except when disclosure of the confidential information is necessary to protect the victim or another (staff or offender) from potential harm or the identity of an otherwise unknown alleged sexual predator is revealed.</p> <p>The Victim Advocate does not prepare or submit an Unusual Occurrence Report based upon conversations or functions performed while in the role of Victim Advocate.</p>

115.22	<b>Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="244 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="244 271 1485 432">The Department has adopted a zero-tolerance policy toward victimization and sexual abuse through the PREA Program. Full investigations, appropriate reporting, and compliance to the standards program are treated as a top priority according to interviews with leadership administrators and investigators. During the past 12 months, there were 21 allegations of sexual abuse or harassment, of which 19 received administrative investigations, and two were referred for a criminal investigation. One criminal investigation has been completed and dismissed by the Sheriff, and one continues under investigation.</p> <p data-bbox="244 465 1458 555">The Investigators ensure that an administrative and/or criminal investigation is conducted in all cases of sexual abuse and sexual harassment they receive. Claims made which are out of the scope of the training provided to Allen Correctional Center investigators would be referred for investigation to the Allen Parish Sheriff's Office.</p> <p data-bbox="244 589 1485 779">The agency policy requires that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment be referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior. Administrative investigations can be done by facility investigators or by DOC investigators. The DOC guidance is to use local Sheriffs' Departments whenever possible for criminal cases since utilizing the Parish Sheriff's Department ensures the case is processed similar to any criminal case. DOC and DPS&amp;C include State law enforcement capability as well and they do investigate cases involving allegations against senior staff or as determined by leadership.</p> <p data-bbox="244 813 1485 1070">The Agency Head interview supported this approach and pointed out that each institution has at least one investigator assigned to PREA and all administrative investigations are handled within the facility with guidance from the Department of Corrections PREA Investigator. Administrative investigations are done at the facility, and all criminal investigations are referred to local law enforcement agencies and are completed in conjunction with facility staff if necessary. If there is any issue or concern, if staff is involved, for example, the investigation will be done by external sources, which could be the DOC Investigator or even the State Police, but local law enforcement agencies are the first choice in almost all criminal investigations. The Departmental PREA Investigator is the liaison between local-level law enforcement and the correctional facilities in the event a criminal investigation is needed.</p>



115.31	<b>Employee training</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1492 331">The facility has 152 staff who may have contact with offenders and who have received PREA training, and 32 who were hired in the past 12 months.</p> <p data-bbox="242 360 1473 456">All training on sexual abuse pursuant to the PREA Standards is developed by the DPS&amp;C's Training Director in conjunction with the Chief of Operations, Regional Wardens, the Department PREA Coordinator, and the Department's Medical/Mental Health Director, and includes the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="284 510 1484 936" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • Zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment;</li> <li>• • How to fulfill their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures;</li> <li>• • The rights of offenders and employees to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment;</li> <li>• • The rights of offenders to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment;</li> <li>• • The rights of offenders and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment;</li> <li>• • The dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement;</li> <li>• • The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims;</li> <li>• • How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse;</li> <li>• • How to avoid inappropriate relationships with offenders;</li> <li>• • How to communicate effectively with offenders including, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="242 965 1481 1025">The training provided is geared to adult male offenders. Any employee who transfers from a female institution receives a 40-hour orientation to acclimate them to the differences in gender protocols.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1055 1484 1182">All employees are trained annually on PREA and the current sexual harassment policies and procedures and are required to sign a training roster as verification of their attendance and understanding of the training. All current staff and new hire employees sign the Sexual Assault and Sexual Misconduct with Offenders Acknowledgement Form and the Malfeasance in Office Form and both forms are maintained in the employee's personnel file.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1211 1468 1406">Employee training regarding all areas of the PREA program is evident as observed during staff and offender interviews. All staff, volunteers, and contractors are well versed in the comprehensive PREA policy and required response procedures. Many staff were observed with a card that is carried on their person at all times listing the required steps in the event that a PREA allegation is reported. All staff is aware of the requirement to report immediately and maintain confidentiality concerning allegations. Staff is aware of the requirement to take all allegations seriously and the procedures required for reports from other confinement facilities.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1435 1452 1532">The Department provides Correctional Officers with refresher training annually, and all other employees refresher training every two years, to ensure that all employees are aware of current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1561 1492 1621">All security staff is trained in how to conduct cross-gender pat-down searches, and searches of transgender and intersex offenders, in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1650 1391 1711">During orientation and annually thereafter, all staff are trained in the prevention, detection, response, reporting, and investigation of sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1740 1431 1868">Training also includes specialized training for medical and mental health staff, as well as for Investigators. Medical staff employed by the agency have received appropriate training to assist them in arranging for the conduct of forensic examinations but they do not perform them. The agency documents that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1897 1396 1957">Medical and mental health care practitioners also receive the training mandated for employees under §115.31 or for contractors and volunteers under §115.32, depending upon the practitioner's status at the agency.</p>

115.32	<b>Volunteer and contractor training</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1485 398">There are 19 volunteers authorized to enter the facility and, during the past year, the facility has issued 7 contracts that allow 7 contractors to enter the facility, and all of these may have contact with offenders. Volunteers and contractors who may have contact with inmates have been trained in the agency's policies and procedures regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response.</p> <p data-bbox="240 432 1485 656">All volunteers and contractors who have offender contact were trained in the required PREA procedures and policies. Training is presented quarterly. All volunteers, interns, and contractors must sign the Sexual Assault and Sexual Misconduct with Offenders Volunteer Acknowledgement Form stating that they understand that any violation shall result in disbarment from the prison and may include the filing of criminal charges as warranted. The auditor randomly reviewed the forms verifying their acknowledgment of the rules and training as well as the PowerPoint used by the instructor. The volunteer program has been impacted greatly during the pandemic and most volunteer programs were curtailed or eliminated, and they are just now beginning to resume. Resumption will require new attendance at all training including annual refresher training.</p> <p data-bbox="240 689 1469 779">Volunteer, Intern, and Contractor Training Policy: The Department ensures that all volunteers, interns, and contractors who have contact with offenders have been trained on their responsibilities under the Department's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures.</p> <p data-bbox="240 813 1481 875">The ARDC Supervisor oversees volunteer training, and the Training Department oversees staff and intern/student worker training and is also responsible for ensuring that all who have contact with offenders receive training on their responsibilities.</p> <p data-bbox="240 909 1493 1099">Interviews with the ARDC Supervisor, random staff, and the PCM indicated that contractors and volunteers are informed prior to the awarding of the contract and prior to their approval of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Contractors and volunteers are required to sign the Sexual Assault Sexual Misconduct with Offenders form (kept in their personnel files). Violations of this policy serve as grounds for revoking the contract and terminating the volunteer(s) access. Contractors and volunteers are also responsible for reporting incidents of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1133 1485 1290">The facility maintains documentation confirming the training the volunteers, interns, and contractors received. Forms for volunteers are maintained by the Volunteer Services Coordinator (ARDC Supervisor) and by the Business Office for contractors. The level and type of training provided to volunteers, interns, and contractors is based on the services provided and level of contact they have with offenders, but all who have contact with offenders are notified of the zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed of the procedures to follow to report such incidents.</p>

115.33	<b>Inmate education</b>
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 273 1489 398">The day after intake, (excluding holidays), offenders are scheduled for orientation where they receive required information on their right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment; to be free from retaliation for reporting incidents, and procedures for responding to incidents. The 221 inmates admitted during the past 12 months were given the required information the day of, or the day after, arrival, excepting one who received it the second day after arrival.</p> <p data-bbox="240 434 1489 492">At intake, offenders receive information on the zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.</p> <p data-bbox="240 528 1489 613">Each time an offender transfers, this information is repeated at the new institution, and the offender signs a new Intake Sheet and this was verified in numerous offender interviews as well as offender file reviews. Each offender orientation includes verbal and written training information regarding sexual assault and sexual misconduct, including:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 667 1070 860" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • Prevention;</li> <li>• • Self-protection;</li> <li>• • Multiple channels of reporting sexual assault and sexual misconduct;</li> <li>• • Protection from retaliation;</li> <li>• • Treatment and counseling;</li> <li>• • DPS&amp;C zero tolerance for sexual assault and sexual misconduct.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 891 1414 918">The facility utilizes different formats to ensure offenders understand the information that is being presented, including;</p> <ul data-bbox="282 972 1299 1097" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • Offenders who are limited English proficient;</li> <li>• • Offenders who are deaf;</li> <li>• • Offenders with visual impairment; and</li> <li>• • Those offenders who show signs of other disabilities including those with limited reading skills.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 1128 1414 1187">Classification staff documents these education sessions and this information is readily available via posters and in the offender handbook.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1218 1477 1375">Offenders received at Allen are there for longer terms so short turnovers are relatively rare. Of the 221 offenders received in the past year, all received comprehensive education since their stays were all 30 days or longer. The policy requires that offenders at all institutions receive information concerning sexual abuse during offender orientation at their respective permanent housing unit upon intake. In addition, each offender receives one hour of annual training regarding sexual abuse and reporting.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1406 1461 1500">Advocacy support services by the OASIS agency, a support organization with whom the facility has an MOU, is in a widely disseminated poster as well as the Handbook as is information about written/mail contact with LaFASA (the Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Abuse) is available.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1532 1477 1688">Offenders are very familiar with the facility PREA program as well as the methods of reporting, hotline numbers, and ways to prevent. It was noted that the majority of the offenders interviewed outlined the frequency of the training provided to them which is more than the requirement. Information provided to the offenders concerning PREA is provided verbally and in hard copy format in the offender handbook, handouts, and posters. Several offenders with cognitive difficulties were interviewed and they expressed that staff spent additional time to ensure they explained all requirements and that they understood.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1720 1477 1881">Certified offender interpreters could be used to explain the policies and procedures for reporting; however, the Department does not rely on offender interpreters, offender readers, or other types of offender assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the offender's safety, the performance of first- response duties or the investigation of the offender's allegations. There has been no use this past year and only one inmate was found to be limited English proficient.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1912 1378 1939">The Department utilizes <b>SpeakEasy Telephone Interpreting</b> Services for all foreign language interpreting needs.</p>

115.34	<p><b>Specialized training: Investigations</b></p> <p><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p>The single investigator currently employed at Allen has completed the required training and it is noted the PCM also assists in investigations and has also received investigations training.</p> <p>Investigators receive training in conducting sexual abuse and sexual harassment investigations in a confinement facility. Investigator and Assistant Warden interviews confirmed that his training includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims;</li> <li>• Proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings;</li> <li>• Sexual abuse collection; and</li> <li>• Criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral.</li> </ul> <p>Training includes that offered by DPS&amp;C and training offered by the National Institute of Corrections. Documentation of this training is retained in the Training Department for training credit and documentation.</p> <p>In the interview with the DOC headquarters Investigator, he stated that all LA DPS&amp;C Investigators receive specialized training. Investigators at HQ DOC receive additional training since they serve the entire department. They also use the NIC training for PREA investigators. Basically, his position serves as the DOC Internal Affairs office and he also oversees the training for the PREA Investigators at the facilities. All investigators receive Investigator Training in investigation techniques, evidence collection, legal rights, and interviewing and interrogation techniques. Most have also had earlier DOC Academy training due to corrections positions but some come from other law enforcement jobs directly into investigations positions.</p> <p>The training topics include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims and proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings. Garrity warnings also come into play when DOC HQ, his office, investigates any allegations involving staff in a position of Colonel or higher. They can also be requested by the Warden to manage any investigation if it involves staff.</p> <p>The training does include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings since sexual assault investigations training is different and separate from routine investigations training classes. DOC usually offers sexual assault investigations training once a year and have also used outside groups to provide some of the specialized sexual assault training.</p> <p>The facility investigator initiates the initial review unless the case is clearly criminal from the onset. If, at any point, it becomes a criminal allegation, law enforcement external to the facility is used and all criminal cases are referred to the District Attorney for decision. It is also possible for the DOC (HQ office) to present a case to the District Attorney when that is appropriate.</p>
--------	---

115.35	<b>Specialized training: Medical and mental health care</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 336">The 12 medical staff, 2 mental health staff, and 2 medical records staff were all (100%) trained in current agency and PREA policy, including the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="271 380 1324 515" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="271 380 877 414">• How to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse;</li> <li data-bbox="271 414 766 448">• How to detect and assess signs of abuse;</li> <li data-bbox="271 448 1324 481">• How to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment;</li> <li data-bbox="271 481 1149 515">• How to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="229 537 1509 705">In addition to the specialized training requirements and the requirement to complete NIC training related to this area, medical and mental health staff receive the training required for all staff, as do contract medical and mental health personnel. During orientation and annually thereafter, all staff receive training in the prevention, detection, response, reporting, and investigation of sexual abuse. The staff interviewed indicated training was very useful to them. They felt that offenders here are safe and receive few indications of offenders fearful or concerned about sexual safety.</p> <p data-bbox="229 728 1509 806">The agency maintains documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the required training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere.</p>

115.41	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 273 1490 398">The 221 inmates entering the facility (either through intake or transfer) within the past 12 months whose length of stay in the facility was for 72 hours or more were screened for risk of sexual victimization or risk of sexually abusing other inmates within 72 hours of their entry into the facility. Allen is not used for rapid turnover and all offenders remained longer than 30 days after reception and all received the required reassessment.</p> <p data-bbox="240 434 1473 524">The mental health supervisor and other staff interviewed indicated that, at the 14-day mark, each offender is reassessed by mental health for risk of victimization or abusiveness, possibly earlier based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening.</p> <p data-bbox="240 560 1437 613">An offender(s) risk is always reassessed when warranted due to referral, request, incident of sexual abuse, or receipt of additional information that bears on the offender's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness.</p> <p data-bbox="240 649 1485 739">No offender is disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked on the PREA Screening Checklist. Offender(s) are informed that any information given in response to questions asked are of a confidential nature and will not be disseminated in any way that will be exploited to the offender's detriment.</p> <p data-bbox="240 775 1457 864">At intake, all offenders are screened to assess their risk for being sexually abused or abusive toward other offenders. The screening is normally conducted the day of arrival but no later than 72 hours after arrival at the facility and utilizes DPS&amp;C PREA intake forms and process. Interviews</p> <p data-bbox="240 900 1485 1124">with the medical and mental health staff indicate a consensus that screening has greatly improved as the staff has become more experienced and attuned to the full DOC process and other changes since the transition back to DOC. The PREA Coordinator interview noted that the reassessment of all offenders is now performed at a high level and has been implemented and fully embedded. It is also recognized that the increased intakes recently of different categories of offenders being transferred in, offenders with more serious needs, has placed numerous challenges on the ALC staff and there has been a responsive increase in facility PREA assessment and reassessment efforts to ensure the safety of this sometimes more vulnerable, and sometimes more troublesome, population.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1160 1034 1182">DPS&amp;C's PREA Screening Checklist is a strong tool that includes the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 1232 1358 1594" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Whether the offender has a mental, physical or developmental disability;</li> <li>• The age of the offender;</li> <li>• The physical build of the offender;</li> <li>• Previous incarcerations;</li> <li>• Exclusively nonviolent criminal history;</li> <li>• Whether the offender has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child;</li> <li>• Whether the offender is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming;</li> <li>• Has the offender previously experienced sexual victimization;</li> <li>• The offender's perception of vulnerability;</li> <li>• Whether the offender is detained solely for civil immigration purposes.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 1680 639 1702">In addition, the screening also includes:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 1760 1161 1854" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Prior acts of sexual abuse;</li> <li>• Prior convictions for violent offenses;</li> <li>• When known, to the facility: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 1939 1461 2029">The mental health supervisor interviewed indicated that, at the 14-day mark, each offender is reassessed by mental health for risk of victimization or abusiveness, possibly earlier based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening.</p> <p data-bbox="240 2065 1430 2119">An offender(s) risk is always reassessed when warranted due to referral, request, incident of sexual abuse or receipt of additional information that bears on the offender's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness.</p>

No offender is disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked on the PREA Screening Checklist. Offender(s) are informed that any information given in response to questions asked are of a confidential nature and will not be disseminated in any way that will be exploited to the offender's detriment.

All **221** offenders received were here longer than 72 hours received the required reassessment within less than 30 days, the standard for the Mental Health staff being 14 days.

Allen Correctional Center uses the LA DPS&C PREA Screening Checklist, an objective assessment tool utilized to assess an offender's probability of being a PREA Blue High-Risk Sexual Victim (HRSV), a PREA Red High Risk Sexual Predator (HRSP) or, if neither, classified

as PREA Green.

- PREA Blue HRSV: Based on the Checklist, any offender within the custody of the DPS&C who has been identified as an individual who has been confirmed as a sexual victim or appears to be at high risk for sexual predation.

- PREA Red HRSP: Based on the Checklist, any offender within the custody of the DPS&C who has been identified or confirmed as an individual with the propensity to sexually assault others.

- PREA Green: Based on the Checklist, any offender within the custody of the DPS&C with no significant risk of sexual victimization or sexually predatory behavior.

Decisions concerning housing assignments, jobs and group activities for PREA Blue HRSV and

PREA Red HRSP offenders are the responsibility of the Initial Classification Board at each receiving institution and are based on the Checklist, record review, prior facility behavior and current behavior. If mental health intervention is indicated, a referral is made by the Board to a mental health professional.

Transgender or intersex offender housing and programming assignments are considered on a case-by-case basis as to whether a placement would endanger the offender's health and safety or present management or security problems. Transgender offenders can shower separately and each unit documents a Shower Preference Statement. Questions regarding identification of a transgender or intersex offender's genital status are referred to DPS&C's Medical/Mental Health Director for review and, if needed, determination if a physical examination in a private setting by a health care provider is necessary.

Reception center staff enter results of the Checklist in the Offender Management System. Consideration concerning housing, including possible single cell placement, is determined by the Classification Board based on initial screening information for those offenders confirmed/deemed PREA Blue HRSV and/or PREA Red HRSP.

MH (Mental Health) Screening, including PREA assessment, is conducted on all transfers, at the time of admission to Allen CC, by mental health trained or qualified MH care personnel. MH Appraisals are conducted within 14 days of admission to a DOC reception center. Offenders designated by the reception center appraisal process, or who exhibit mental health symptoms upon arrival at a new institution, receive a comprehensive evaluation by a Licensed MH professional. In addition to the required mental health screening.

The records-keeping system is password protected and approved staff are the only individuals

involved in the process who have access, those being the PCM, Mental Health and medical staff, classification and senior staff such as Colonels, Warden and Assistant Wardens. Each form contains directions on filing location and restrictions and the file system also has restricted access.

115.42	<b>Use of screening information</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 208 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1425 398">Once an offender is determined as a PREA Blue HRSV and/or PREA Red HRSP at any time during incarceration, the offender is evaluated by the Classification Board for appropriate housing and programs and referred to a mental health professional. The mental health professional meets with the offender upon receipt of the referral to offer services and encourage programming.</p> <p data-bbox="242 427 1469 490">The screening information is used as follows to keep separate those offenders at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 539 644 703" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Housing assignments;</li> <li>• Bed assignments;</li> <li>• Work assignments;</li> <li>• Education assignments; and</li> <li>• Program assignments.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="242 730 1489 891">The management plan ensures all Lieutenants over housing areas are provided with identification of HRSP and HRSV offenders, and a strong effort is made to ensure the groups are kept separate. In order to achieve effective management of these offenders, each time a PREA Blue HRSV and PREA Red HRSP offender's housing location is changed, his PREA designation will be provided by the sending housing unit to the receiving housing unit. This information is verified with Control Center prior to the offender being moved.</p> <p data-bbox="242 920 1481 1016">The Agency Head interview indicated that the DOC in general does attempt to locate offenders as geographically close to their home as possible unless there is a security or safety issue. Then, individualized determinations are made to ensure the safety of each offender by the Reception and Diagnostic Centers, which determine placement in a DPS&amp;C facility.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1046 1362 1108">Once at Allen CC, the facility does not place lesbian, gay, bisexual offenders on a tier solely on the basis of such identification or status, and the auditor found them located across the entire housing spectrum.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1137 1474 1234">Placement and programming assignments for transgender and intersex offenders are reassessed twice each year to review threats to safety that may have been experienced by the offender. DPS&amp;C C-01-022 Form O (Transgender/Intersex Reassessment is utilized) The views of the offender with respect to their own safety are given consideration.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1263 1406 1359">Transgender offenders are given an opportunity to shower separately from other offenders by completing a Shower Preference Statement but few choose this option as showers are relatively private anyway and showers are normally scheduled one cell at a time.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1388 1469 1516">Mental health staff interviewed indicated that services for PREA Blue HRSV offenders focus on issues related to treatment for and prevention of victimization. DPS&amp;C's Medical/Mental Health Director is tasked to ensure that the institution employs or has access to the services of a licensed mental health professional who has a scope of practice, training, and/or experience in trauma counseling.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1545 1398 1608">Mental health services for PREA Red HRSP offenders focus on alleviating the offender's propensity for predatory or aggressive sexual behavior and sex offender treatment is often offered these offenders if it would be appropriate.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1637 1458 1798">Classification staff interviewed indicated that the Director of Classification is notified at intake by the Initial Board or by any staff member thereafter who identifies an offender as a PREA Blue HRSV and/or PREA Red HRSP. The Director of Classification ensures that this information is entered into the offender's Annual Assessment, Master Record and in the mental health section of the offender's medical record for monitoring purposes. Each facility reviews the offender's PREA designation prior to any housing, job or program reassignment in order to make an individualized safety determination.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1827 1461 1924">Each individual is placed in a unit based on his/her individual needs and the PREA screening form is reviewed and considered as a part of this process. There is no LA DOC facility with a dedicated wing for offenders based on their sexual identity and/or preference.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1953 1490 2049">When the auditor asked additional questions about victims and predators in the housing areas, staff interviewed stated such inmates wouldn't be put on the same tier but could be in the same unit. This is workable because the separation of wings and tiers, and staff oversight of those, should prevent any problems.</p>



<b>115.43</b>	<b>Protective Custody</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 367">Offenders who report they are a victim of sexual abuse, and who require separation for their safety, are placed in restrictive housing on a different tier than the accused perpetrator, this being the only reasonable alternative available other than a transfer of one of the offenders. Segregated housing for the victim is only used as a means to protect the offender and only</p> <p data-bbox="229 367 1509 524">Generally, the offender is held in restricted housing only until the investigation is completed and a determination is made regarding the allegation. DPS&amp;C has a management form "24-hour Review of Involuntary Segregation Status During PREA-Related Investigation" and Allen follows this policy but the Warden, the Investigator, and the PREA Coordinator interviews all stated that the primary effort is to not separate the victim at all if possible.</p> <p data-bbox="229 524 1509 636">An offender placed in segregation because of a high risk of sexual victimization is required to have access to programs, privileges, education and work opportunities commensurate to offenders in general population. Documentation is maintained indicating which opportunities were limited, the duration of the limitations and the reasons for the limitations.</p> <p data-bbox="229 636 1509 748">Offenders who are placed in involuntary segregation, and remain there, are reviewed after the first seven days and every 30 days thereafter.</p> <p data-bbox="229 748 1509 1001">Offenders at high risk for sexual victimization are not placed in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there are no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, the facility documents this information. If the facility cannot conduct an assessment immediately, they may hold the offender in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment.</p>

<b>115.51</b>	<b>Inmate reporting</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 453 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1453 398">Offenders at Allen Correctional Center may report sexual abuse and sexual harassment, retaliation by other offenders or staff, and staff neglect that may have contributed to an incident through the Administrative Remedy Procedure (ARP), via letter through internal mail, regular mail, filing a grievance, by calling Crime Stoppers or by contacting the respective Consulate. Crime Stoppers Baton Rouge is the reporting agency for Allen telephone reports.</p> <p data-bbox="240 432 1474 524">All offenders interviewed provided information that they would be comfortable reporting directly to staff but were aware of other methods to report. Many quickly indicated that reporting could be done by telephone. The telephone number provided to the offender population for the purpose of reporting was tested and functioned properly.</p> <p data-bbox="240 557 1481 649">Offenders may verbally, in writing, or anonymously report sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Staff who are notified by an offender of sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment will follow directions provided on the back of their identification cards, which include first responder steps as well as completing an Unusual Occurrence Report detailing the incident.</p> <p data-bbox="240 683 1477 775">Staff in random interviews were aware in every case that they are required to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment and may do so anonymously. All staff indicated they would not need to remain anonymous and would simply use their chain of command.</p>

115.52	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 742 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 208 454 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1481 365">Within the past 12 months, there were 5 uses of the grievance process for an allegation of sexual abuse and all 5 of the responses were within the 90-day window allowed. There were no grievances alleging the danger of imminent sexual abuse during this period. Two offenders were disciplined this past year for filing a grievance in bad faith.</p> <p data-bbox="242 398 1492 521">Offenders may use the Administrative Remedy Procedure (ARP), grievance, or any informal method to report sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment. The offender's report does not have to be submitted to the staff member who might be the subject of the complaint. Grievances may also be placed in institution mail. The investigation of the accusation(s) is not referred to the staff member referred in the grievance.</p> <p data-bbox="242 555 1476 678">A decision on the grievance relating to sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment is required to be made within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance. The offender is notified in writing of any extension in time that is needed to respond and the approximate date. If a response is not received at any level of the grievance process an offender should consider this as a denial at this level.</p> <p data-bbox="242 712 1481 835">Third parties, including fellow offenders, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates are permitted to assist offenders in filing requests for administrative remedy as it pertains to sexual abuse or sexual harassment. Third-party reporting filed on behalf of the offender requires the offender to agree to proceed as a condition of processing the request. If the offender declines to have the request processed the offender will complete the ARP Drop Form.</p> <p data-bbox="242 869 1481 963">Allen Correctional Center has in place a procedure for filing emergency grievances alleging an offender is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. These grievances are given to the Unit Manager, who speaks with the offender to determine the nature and severity of the threat.</p> <p data-bbox="242 996 1455 1090">The Unit Manager provides the offender with a response within 48 hours and the facility a response in 5 calendar days, excluding weekends and holidays. The decision on the grievance determines whether the offender is at substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1124 1465 1178">The facility documents the actions taken in response to the emergency grievance and the final decision of actions taken. If determined that an offender filed the grievance with malice, the offender can be disciplined.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1211 1476 1305">The Department does not require an offender to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse. During offender interviews, it was noted that all were aware of the grievance process as well as all other reporting mechanisms.</p>

115.53	<b>Inmate access to outside confidential support services</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 371">Offender victims may request at the time of the allegation to receive outside assistance from victim advocates for emotional support. Those offenders detained for civil immigration receive mailing addresses, telephone numbers, and toll-free numbers to national immigration services agencies.</p> <p data-bbox="229 371 1509 488">Offenders are placed on notice that all telephone calls are monitored with the exception of properly placed privileged calls between an offender and his attorney. Reports of abuse are always forwarded to Investigations.</p> <p data-bbox="229 488 1509 719">Information about written contact with LaFASA (the Louisiana Foundation Against Sexual Abuse) is available, and information about contacting OASIS in nearby Lake Charles was readily evident on posters and in the inmate handbook, including limitations on telephone contact. Written correspondence is treated as privileged and not read.. It is noted that, in an emergency related to any sexual assault, this information is then provided by mental health staff anyway but facility staff has also provided the required information in the Handbook. Contact data was posted during the visit.</p>

115.54	<b>Third-party reporting</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="244 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="244 271 1477 432">Third parties (which may include other offenders, unit staff, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates) may also assist offenders by making sexual abuse harassment reports, and/or initiating formal grievances. However, once this formal grievance process has been initiated by a third party, the offender must authorize the request for remedy and must continue the process in accordance with Department Regulation No. B-05-005 "Administrative Remedy Procedure." The prison documents offenders who declined to continue with the grievance once a third party initiates the process.</p> <p data-bbox="244 465 1493 589">Allen Correctional Center has methods in place to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. Individuals may call Crime Stoppers, file a grievance, the PREA Hotline, use institutional ("farm") mail, or use regular mail. Posters and the PREA handbook provide information to access third-party reporting. Crime Stoppers then contacts the facility Warden or Assistant Warden.</p>

<b>115.61</b>	<b>Staff and agency reporting duties</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 453 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1458 365">Staff are required to report immediately any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment, retaliation, or staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual harassment or retaliation that occurred in the facility.</p> <p data-bbox="240 398 1469 492">Apart from reporting to their designated supervisor, staff has been directed to refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in this policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions.</p> <p data-bbox="240 521 1493 582">Medical and mental health practitioners are required to report sexual abuse as referenced above and the offender is informed of this requirement at the initiation of services and the limitations of confidentiality.</p> <p data-bbox="240 611 1418 672">LA statute requires that the facility report on behalf of adults who are considered vulnerable under the aforementioned statutes, any allegations to the designated State or local service agency under mandatory reporting laws.</p> <p data-bbox="240 701 1461 761">All allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment are reported to Investigations, including third-party and anonymous reports.</p> <p data-bbox="240 790 1481 952">All allegations of sexual assault, sexual misconduct, or sexual harassment by either staff or offender may be reported to any staff member. The staff member who receives such reports, whether verbally or in writing, immediately notify the supervisor who ensures that an Unusual Occurrence Report (UOR) is completed. All PREA related UOR's go immediately up the chain of command. Any allegation of sexual abuse is reported to DPS&amp;C's PREA Coordinator and PREA Investigator immediately following the initial notification to the Warden.</p> <p data-bbox="240 981 1449 1041">The assigned investigator immediately notifies the Victim Advocate (but no later than the next business day), that alleged sexual abuse has occurred.</p>

<b>115.62</b>	<b>Agency protection duties</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 453 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1437 331">In the past 12 months, there were no occasions where the agency or facility determined that an inmate was subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="240 365 1453 456">Immediate steps are taken when the facility learns that an offender might be subject to substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. PREA time limits of 48 hours for initial response and 5 days for resolution are observed in this process and, in actuality, initial response is virtually immediate.</p> <p data-bbox="240 490 1461 582">When staff learns that an offender is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, they are trained to take immediate action to protect the alleged victim and to assume all reports of sexual victimization, regardless of the source of the report (third party, anonymous, verbal, etc.) are credible and respond accordingly.</p> <p data-bbox="240 616 1493 775">According to the Agency Head interview, the agency has a zero-tolerance policy against sexual abuse. Each facility has a coordinated plan of action that details the first responder's duties in the event of a sexual assault. It is a collaborative effort for all involved after an allegation is received. The primary focus would be the safety of the victim and public and we would take necessary steps to ensure that safety is secured. The action taken depends on the details such as what type of predator, the layout of the facility, and whether adequate options are available locally.</p>

<b>115.63</b>	<b>Reporting to other confinement facilities</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1477 365">In the past 12 months, the facility has received 3 allegations from offenders regarding sexual abuse at other facilities and no allegations received from other confinement facilities that an offender was sexually abused while confined at Allen. In all 3 cases, the other facility was notified of the allegations within 72 hours.</p> <p data-bbox="240 398 1477 459">Allegations received at the Correctional Center are reported directly to the Warden and the Warden ensures that allegations are thoroughly investigated in the same manner as are all allegations.</p> <p data-bbox="240 488 1477 647">Upon receiving an allegation from an offender that he was sexually abused while confined at another facility, the Warden stated in his interview that he notifies their executive in writing. An email is usually sent from the Allen Correctional Center warden to the other warden; or from investigator to investigator of the facility where the alleged abuse occurred. Notification is provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation and documentation is placed in the offender's Master Record. Documentation of the notification is also logged in the "case" logbook.</p> <p data-bbox="240 676 1458 739">Immediate steps are taken when it appears that an offender might be subject to substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. PREA time limits of 48 hours for initial response and 5 days for resolution are observed in the process.</p> <p data-bbox="240 768 1497 1028">Each institution has at least one investigator assigned to PREA, according to the Agency Head interview. All administrative investigations are handled within the facility with guidance from the Department of Corrections PREA Investigator. Administrative investigations are done at the facility, and all criminal investigations are referred to local law enforcement agencies and completed in conjunction with facility staff if necessary. If there is any issue or concern, if staff are involved for example, the investigation will be done by external sources, which could be the DOC Investigator or even the State Police but local law enforcement agencies are the first choice in almost all criminal investigations. The Departmental PREA Investigator is the liaison between local level law enforcement and our correctional facilities in the event a criminal investigation is needed.</p>



115.64	<b>Staff first responder duties</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1436 365">There were no allegations in the past year that an offender was sexually abused. All staff interviewed, including non-uniformed staff, were well familiar with proper steps and procedures for initial responses to an incident, and all had their PREA card with required steps in their possession.</p> <p data-bbox="242 396 1489 524">The first staff member receiving the report/allegation and/or the appropriate supervisor advises the victim not to shower or otherwise hygienically clean; or, if the assault was oral, not to eat, drink, or brush their teeth or otherwise take any action that could damage or destroy physical evidence pending completion of the gathering of that evidence and/or the initial investigation.</p> <p data-bbox="242 555 1489 647">First responders secure the alleged crime scene if feasible and if forensic evidence may exist. The only persons allowed to enter a secured crime scene are the assigned investigator(s), medical staff, and/or the Warden, as needed. The crime scene remains secured until released by the investigator.</p> <p data-bbox="242 678 1493 772">Investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data; interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses; and review prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator.</p> <p data-bbox="242 804 1453 864">Louisiana law requires all biological evidence collected in cases involving homicide and rape to be held in secure custody indefinitely or turned over to the local Sheriff's Office if they are handling the criminal investigation.</p> <p data-bbox="242 896 1477 1023">The alleged victim is required to be escorted under appropriate security to the infirmary for initial assessment. If transporting the alleged victim to the infirmary or a hospital emergency room, the victim is instructed to undress over a clean sheet in order to collect any potential forensic evidence that may fall from his person. The sheet, along with the victim's clothing, is collected as evidence and placed in a paper bag with an appropriate chain of evidence form attached.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1055 1441 1182">When released from the infirmary or emergency room, the alleged victim is segregated from the alleged aggressor and screened by a mental health professional with appropriate referrals. In every case where the alleged aggressor is a staff member, there is no contact between the alleged aggressor and the alleged offender/victim without the approval of the Warden.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1214 1469 1370">The credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness is assessed on an individual basis and not be determined by the person's status as an offender or staff. Alleged aggressors who are offenders are held in segregation pending investigation and remain there until the investigation is complete unless other circumstances require the transfer of the alleged offender aggressor. The offender accused of predatory behavior is always evaluated by mental health staff prior to the disciplinary hearing of the violation.</p> <p data-bbox="242 1402 1493 1496">ALC conducts a mental health evaluation of all known abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and after treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners. This is documented utilizing the Mental Health Evaluation for Substantiated Cases of Sexual Assault Form.</p>

115.65	<b>Coordinated response</b>
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 273 1458 362">Each supervisor and senior staff member interviewed was aware of the steps required by the various parties following any incident and line staff were aware of expectations their own requirements and the requirements of their immediate supervisors.</p> <p data-bbox="240 398 764 425">I. Actions Required After Report of Sexual Abuse</p> <p data-bbox="240 488 1473 613">When staff learns that an offender is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, they are directed to take immediate action to protect the alleged victim. Staff report and respond to all allegations of sexually abusive behavior and sexual harassment and are trained to assume all reports of sexual victimization, regardless of the source of the report (third party, anonymous, verbal, etc.) are credible and respond accordingly.</p> <p data-bbox="240 645 1458 739">Only designated employees specified by policy should be informed of the incident, as it is important to respect the victim's security, identity, and privacy. All allegations of sexual abuse are to be handled in a confidential manner throughout the investigation.</p> <p data-bbox="240 770 1214 797">All conversations and contact with the victim should be sensitive, supportive, and non-judgmental.</p> <p data-bbox="240 887 1425 945">II. Initial Response: Upon the report or discovery of an incident of sexual abuse/sexual assault, the first security staff member to respond shall:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 999 1458 1559" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • Intervene in any assaults and separate the alleged victim and abuser.</li> <li>• • Detain the abuser.</li> <li>• • Call for emergency medical care for the victim, if necessary.</li> <li>• • Immediately notify the supervisor and remain on the scene until relieved by responding personnel.</li> <li>• • Preserve and protect the crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence.</li> <li>• • Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including bathing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating.</li> <li>• • Ensure that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including bathing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating.</li> <li>• • If the first responder is not a correctional officer the responder is still required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence; remain with the alleged victim and notify security staff.</li> <li>• • Apart from responding to designated supervisors, employees are not to reveal any information related to the incident to anyone other than to staff involved with investigating the alleged incident.</li> <li>• • Document detailed description of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • Victim and abuser locations and affect (emotions, appearance, etc.)</li> <li>• • Wounds and where they are</li> <li>• • Anything the victim or abuser reported to you</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 1648 834 1675">B. Shift Supervisor will follow the below procedures:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 1760 1485 2152" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • Notify immediately the warden or designee, the PREA Compliance Manager, and the Investigator. The Investigator assumes control.</li> <li>• • Assign an officer to remain at the crime scene to protect the area.</li> <li>• • Attend to the victim. Ensure the alleged victim is assessed by medical staff and housed in the Infirmary Isolation cells.</li> <li>• • Do not speak loudly or call unnecessary attention to the victim.</li> <li>• • A security staff member is placed outside the cell or area for direct observation to ensure these actions are not performed.</li> <li>• • The alleged victim must not be left alone until evaluated by Mental Health Staff for suicide risk.</li> <li>• • The alleged abuser remains in the dry cell/area under the direct supervision of a same-sex correctional officer to ensure he does not destroy potential evidence.</li> <li>• • After the investigator has completed the interview, separate and apart from the alleged victim, the alleged abuser</li> </ul>

is referred to medical for further assessment and treatment as deemed necessary by healthcare providers. Visible injuries are documented both photographically and in writing and placed in the abuser's medical record.

- • Thereafter, the alleged abuser is held in segregation pending further investigation.
- • A brief inquiry will be made to each individual separately and apart from each other to determine if the sexual contact was consensual or non-consensual. Note: Designated staff interpreters will be used when communicating with victims with limited English proficiency, unless exigent circumstances exist, which will be fully documented.
- • Ensure all persons who played an active role in the response document their actions, providing as much detail as possible, and ensure that they remain on duty until properly debriefed and relieved as appropriate.
- • Ensure referrals to EAP for staff in need of crisis intervention counseling.
- • Incidents are fully documented.

o Log Book

o Security Video

o Photos

#### C. Facility Crime Scene

- Start a crime scene log. Everyone who enters the crime scene area must sign the log. Document each person entering the crime scene, the time of entry and time of departure. Note: Only person(s) allowed to enter the crime scene is assigned investigators, medical staff, and the Warden or designee.
- Video and photograph the crime scene area before removal of any items from the area.
- Identify staff that will touch and/or handle evidence.

#### III. Notifications Required when Sexual Abuse is Alleged: Ensure below notifications are made within two hours of the occurrence:

- • Warden
- • PREA Compliance Manager
- • Investigator
- • Health Care Authority
- • Mental Health

For allegations of sexually abusive behavior in which an employee is the alleged abuser, only the Warden and investigator are notified of the specifics of the allegation. They make notifications and referrals to outside law enforcement agencies and licensing boards as appropriate.

Note: In every case where the alleged abuser is an employee, contractor, or volunteer there is to be no contact between the alleged abuser and the alleged victim pending the outcome of an investigation.

#### IV. Evidence Protocol

If the abuse occurred within 72 hours, procedures will be followed in accordance with Allen Correctional Center policy 02-01-007- "Crimes Committed on Grounds of Allen CC".

#### V. Responsibility when Sexual Harassment is Alleged

Some offender allegations rise only to the level of sexual harassment. For allegations of sexual harassment, responding supervisory staff:

- • Ensure that the alleged victim and abuser are separated.
- • A brief inquiry will be made to each individual separately and apart from each other to ascertain if the sexual behavior was consensual or nonconsensual.
- • Ensure that the supervisor and the investigator are notified.
- • Incidents of this sort are fully documented.
- • The incidents are investigated and the alleged abuser may be segregated pending the outcome of the investigation.

- · The alleged victim is referred to Mental Health for re-assessment to determine if any issues need to be addressed.
- · If the allegation is substantiated, the abuser is referred for administrative disciplinary sanctions and re-assessed to determine if any issues need to be addressed.

#### VI. Responsibility When Sexual Activity is Alleged

Not all reports or allegations require a full response protocol. For reports or allegations of sexual activity where the involved offenders independently report a non-coercive consensual sexual encounter, responding supervisory staff:

- · Ensure that the involved individuals are separated.
- · A brief inquiry will be made to each individual independently to ascertain if the sexual encounter was consensual or nonconsensual
- · Notify the supervisor and the Investigator.

· If the Investigator determines the behavior is in fact sexual activity, the involved offenders are referred for administrative disciplinary sanctions. The disciplinary board refers the offender to mental health for an assessment as to whether an offender's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his behavior when determining what type of sanction, if any, should be imposed.

· The involved individuals are always re-assessed to determine if any issues need to be addressed.

In other cases, there may be insufficient reason to proceed (the alleged victim credibly recanted, or the alleged abuser was not in the facility on the date of the allegation, etc.) and the response protocol may be terminated. Incidents of this sort are still reported.

<b>115.66</b>	<b>Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	Interviews with the DPS&C PREA Coordinator and an Allen Correctional Center Contracts staff report that Allen Correctional Center and LA DPS&C have no contracts or agreements that would limit Allen CC's ability to remove the alleged staff sexual abuser from contact with any offender pending outcome of the investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent any staff discipline is warranted.

115.67	<b>Agency protection against retaliation</b>
	<p data-bbox="240 147 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 273 1469 331">The facility reported there were 3 instances of the threat of retaliation within the past 12 months 2 offender-on-offender and one offender-staff. All 3 sets of individuals were separated and monitored until stabilized and the threat was removed.</p> <p data-bbox="240 367 1489 658">At any indication of retaliation or threat, the appropriate supervisor is directed to immediately contact the facility investigative section. Staff is trained to also report any claims of retaliation against offenders and other staff for reporting abuse, as well as any staff neglect or violation of responsibility that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. The facility previously used the PREA Compliance Manager as the Retaliation Monitor but has transferred monitoring responsibility to Mental Health staff. The Assistant Warden for Administration is responsible for collaborating with mental health and the Investigator to monitor retaliation, and the core of the monitoring is done by mental health staff. Interview of the Assistant Warden indicates a system of informal checks and maintaining sensitivity to housing changes, disciplinary reports, job changes, etc. He indicated he maintains contact even in cases determined to be unfounded. Further, his interview, the mental health interview, and the PCM interview both indicated that the 90 days was a guideline and had been exceeded on occasion.</p> <p data-bbox="240 689 1489 815">There are multiple protection measures in place for offenders or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with an investigation. To the maximum extent possible, staff referenced in an offender's grievance or ARP are moved until the conclusion of the investigation. Mental health services are always available to offenders by writing to mental health.</p> <p data-bbox="240 846 1477 904">Except in instances where Allen Correctional Center determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, the facility does the following for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse:</p> <ul data-bbox="282 958 1469 1321" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who report sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by other offenders or staff;</li> <li>• Monitor the conduct and treatment of offenders who suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by other offenders or staff;</li> <li>• Act promptly to remedy any retaliation;</li> <li>• Monitor offender disciplinary reports;</li> <li>• Monitor offender housing changes;</li> <li>• Monitor offender program changes;</li> <li>• Monitor negative performance review of staff;</li> <li>• Monitor reassignments of staff;</li> <li>• Continue monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="240 1352 1461 1545">Offenders receive a periodic status check for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse; the Allen Correctional Center investigator monitors the conduct and treatment of offenders or staff who reported the sexual abuse and offenders who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse. If any changes suggest retaliation, the investigator discusses them with the PREA Compliance Manager and Assistant Warden in order to act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. Items monitored include offender disciplinary reports, housing or program changes, or negative performance reviews or reassignments of staff.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1576 1453 1702">Such monitoring continues beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring period indicates a continuing need. The reason is documented on the PREA Agency Protection against Retaliation for Offenders/Staff Form. If an offender who is being monitored for retaliation is transferred, the PREA Compliance Manager at the sending facility follows up with the receiving facility to ensure continuity of retaliation monitoring.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1733 1469 1859">In the Agency Head interview, he noted that each facility monitors anyone (staff or offender) who has made an allegation of abuse or harassment for retaliation. Each individual is monitored for no less than 90 days and all possible factors are considered in determining whether or not the individual has experienced retaliation and he reports they look at everything involved.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1890 1477 2016">Retaliation is not an accepted practice with La DOC. Each staff member and offender have numerous avenues to report any form of retaliation and appropriate action will be taken if necessary. Measures to protect individuals from retaliation include frequent monitoring and mental health referral if needed, compliance with PREA standards and frequent review of programming, disciplinary record, etc. As noted, DOC monitors for at least 90 days and we take all allegations seriously.</p>

<b>115.68</b>	<b>Post-allegation protective custody</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="244 210 453 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="244 271 1469 434">No offenders were held in involuntary protective custody for assessment during the past 12 months and all required standards/protocols are in existing policy if it occurs. Interviews with the ALC Warden, Assistant Warden, Investigator, and PREA Coordinator all stated a commitment to avoid restricted housing use for victims unless there were no other alternatives. In the event an alleged victim is separated for investigation, all review dates are completed in accordance with LA DPS&amp;C policy.</p>

115.71	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="240 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="240 271 1366 331">The facility reports 2 allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal that were referred to the Sheriff for criminal investigation since the last PREA audit. One case has been resolved and one continues to be investigated.</p> <p data-bbox="240 360 1477 555">The DPS&amp;C Secretary has appointed a senior headquarters staff member to serve as DPS&amp;C's major PREA Investigator, a position that oversees all investigations for the Department and works in conjunction with the Wardens and individual investigators. All investigation case reports share required to be concluded, reviewed, and forwarded to Headquarters within 30 days of receiving the initial allegation. In the event an extension of the 30-day time period is needed, a request is submitted to the Headquarters Director of Investigations. This HQ position also tracks SAFE/SANE evaluations and enters required data into the annual State report on investigations.</p> <p data-bbox="240 584 1485 779">The DOC HQ Investigator interview stated that response is rapid in most cases and, if it is a local administrative investigation, it is pretty much immediate. Even in cases involving the Sheriff's Department or the HQ office, the investigation is initiated as soon as the allegation is received. If an incident is brand new, of course, the response is immediate to protect the crime scene and gather the evidence required. As noted, if an immediate incident, it gets an immediate response. If the allegation refers to an incident far enough in the past that it does not allow evidence or forensics to be collected, then the administrative investigation commences either immediately or within a day or two.</p> <p data-bbox="240 808 1469 869">The process is similar to most investigations: After an incident, initiate the investigation immediately; determine whether it's administrative or criminal; then it's referred to the Sheriff or retained by facility investigator or referred to HQ.</p> <p data-bbox="240 898 1493 1025">The routine process is normally the interviews, evidence collection, review of forensic data if it's timely, logs and camera recordings, witness interviews, analysis, and eventual referral for a disciplinary board or to the District Attorney. There is no difference in response or recognizing credibility but there may be issues if not enough data is received and investigators can't follow up to get more details.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1055 1477 1160">Polygraphs are never required for the investigation to proceed and the agency hasn't done compelled interviews but would consult with the District Attorney if an issue arose. Decisions are not based on inmate status but on the info in the allegation and supporting data and any pattern of behavior if one were evident.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1189 1493 1346">The agency refers cases of sexual abuse to the Sheriff's Office for investigation as necessary though facility investigators have also received training in regard to investigating sexual abuse in a confinement setting, including evidence collection and crime scene preservation. All allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are investigated administratively or referred for criminal investigation. Staff is aware of the procedures required for a first responder as well as those necessary to secure a crime scene following an allegation.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1375 1453 1435">Each local law enforcement agency works with the HQ Director of Investigations in addition to the facility investigators per the PREA coordinator and Investigator interviews, and this keeps all levels informed on a regular basis.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1464 1477 1592">Incidents involving criminal acts of sexual assault and sexual misconduct where local law enforcement is not conducting the investigation should be investigated by an investigator who is acting under the authority of DPS&amp;C's HQ-level PREA Investigator. If an investigator is not assigned to the reporting prison, one is assigned to the facility by the Chief of Operations.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1621 1469 1749">Prompt attention is given to providing objective and thorough investigations pertaining to sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment that are conducted regardless of how they are reported. When sexual abuse is alleged, Allen Correctional Center uses investigators who have received special training in sexual assault and sexual misconduct investigations; crime scene management; elimination of contamination; evidence collection protocol; and crisis intervention.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1778 1469 1906">Investigations include the collection of and preservation of direct and circumstantial evidence as well as interviews with the victim(s), the suspected perpetrator(s), and any witnesses. Investigators also check for prior reports or complaints that may have been filed against the suspected perpetrator. Any physical and DNA evidence is collected in accordance with DOC policy.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1935 1477 2033">Per the HQ investigator interview, investigators are trained to be objective and consider the facts of the allegation(s) and not weigh the individuals' status as an offender or as an employee. Victims are not subjected to a polygraph examination as a condition of proceeding with an investigation.</p> <p data-bbox="240 2063 1493 2159">Investigations (both criminal and administrative) review all details including what staff actions or inactions may have led to the sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment and these later receive Sexual Assault Incident Reviews per DOC policy. Investigative reports are compiled in accordance with DPS&amp;C Form E (Standardized Case Report Format) which includes</p>



descriptions of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence as well as the reasoning behind credibility assessments and facts and findings.

Investigative reports of unsubstantiated or unfounded claims are maintained in accordance with the Department Records Management Program, which requires that reports from the active year plus 6 years be archived.

In an investigation of recent sexual assault or sexual misconduct occurring within 72 hours, steps to be taken by the Warden or designee include the referral for forensic examination and detailed preservation and study of the scene.

The Warden reports he is always notified and an investigation initiated as directed. Based upon the initial inquiry and/or evidence that the allegation represents possible criminal activity, the Warden notifies local law enforcement and the facility investigative section. At the initiation of the investigation, the alleged victim(s) and alleged aggressor(s) are immediately separated if not already done. The Warden or PREA Compliance Manager coordinates with the assigned investigator in decisions regarding the housing and management of the alleged offender/victim(s), alleged offenders, and any alleged offender/witness(es) so as not to inadvertently interfere with the criminal investigation.

Investigations of sexual abuse occurring more than 72 hours after the incident are relatively similar, except that a determination is made based upon the amount of time that has passed since the alleged incident as to whether the alleged offender aggressor should be placed in a dry cell to preserve forensic evidence.

The response is rapid in most cases and, if it is a local administrative investigation, it is pretty much immediate. Even in cases involving the Sheriff's Department or the HQ office, ALC initiates the investigation as soon as the allegation is received. If an incident is brand new, of course, the response is immediate to protect the crime scene and gather the evidence required.

As noted, if an immediate incident, it gets an immediate response. If the allegation refers to an incident far enough in the past that it does not allow evidence or forensics to be collected, then the administrative investigation commences usually within a day or two.

All criminal case allegations that appear to have support are taken to the District Attorney, the facility does not make that determination.

When a staff member is alleged to have committed sexual abuse terminates employment prior to a completed investigation into his/her conduct [115.71], DOC continues the investigation whether they leave or not. HR manages the response to any future request for references on these staff and they do inform requesting agencies that a staff member resigned in lieu of termination or arrest or whatever status it is. With inmates, it is the same process as staff, the investigation continues until the DA decides on moving forward or not.

In administrative investigations, follow-up is done to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the sexual abuse? Investigation reviews look at all influences of actions or failures to act, policy, training, cameras, design etc. Administrative investigations written reports are maintained for 5 years past the inmate release or the staff departure. In reality, they're largely permanent because the database is basically permanent.

All criminal investigations are maintained and documented in accordance with usual law enforcement procedures and they are indefinite records unless the DA directs their closure or destruction.

115.72	<b>Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	<p>Per policy and interviews with the investigator, Warden and PCM, neither DPS&amp;C nor Allen Correctional Center impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated.</p> <p>DOC and Allen use preponderance of evidence as specified in the PREA standards and report that they always start with an assumption that the allegations are credible so as to conduct a thorough investigation.</p>

115.73	<b>Reporting to inmates</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1477 365">Nineteen criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged inmate sexual abuse were completed by the agency/facility in the past 12 months and all 19 results were reported to the offender. There were 2 cases referred to the Parish Sheriff for criminal investigation, one of which remains open.</p> <p data-bbox="242 396 1142 425">In the past 12 months, 20 notifications to inmates were provided pursuant to this standard.</p> <p data-bbox="242 454 1490 613">DPS&amp;C policy is that offenders shall be notified of the outcome of investigations into allegations made by the offender that he suffered sexual abuse. Following the conclusion of an investigation into an offender's allegation that the offender suffered sexual abuse, the investigator interviewed stated that he informs the offender as to whether the allegation was determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. If the prison did not conduct the investigation, it requests the relevant information from the investigative entity in order to inform the offender of</p> <p data-bbox="242 645 1485 739">Following an offender's allegation that an employee has committed sexual abuse against him, unless it has been determined that the allegation is unfounded or unless the offender has been released from custody, the offender is informed of the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="284 790 1190 920" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • The employee is no longer posted within the offender's housing unit;</li> <li>• • The employee is no longer employed;</li> <li>• • The facility learns of the employee's indictment on charges related to sexual abuse;</li> <li>• • The facility learns of the employee's conviction on charges related to sexual abuse.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="242 1005 1458 1034">Following an offender's allegation that an offender has committed sexual abuse against him, he is notified of the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="284 1086 1123 1180" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • The alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse;</li> <li>• • The alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse.</li> <li>• • These notifications are documented in the case report.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="242 1209 1461 1270">The investigator indicated that all notifications use the Notification of "Outcome of PREA Allegation" form for substantiating written delivery of the notice. During offender interviews, receipts of the outcome notifications were acknowledged.</p>

<b>115.76</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for staff</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="242 210 451 235"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1497 365">In the past 12 months, one staff from the facility has violated agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies and that staff member resigned prior to termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. The staff member was subsequently placed on local probation as a result of the offense.</p> <p data-bbox="242 398 1449 490">All employees are subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating Department Regulations regarding the "Prison Rape Elimination Act" and regarding "Sexual Harassment and Unlawful Discrimination based Upon Sex". Termination is the presumptive disciplinary sanction for an employee who engages in sexual abuse.</p> <p data-bbox="242 521 1489 680">The seriousness of the conduct is taken into account in determining the appropriate response according to the interview with the Warden. Regarding sexual harassment, "repeated" for the purpose of counseling sessions is more than three complaints. A third alleged sexual harassment complaint against a staff member requires a formal counseling session with the appropriate supervisor to discuss the complaint. Serious sexual harassment complaints, even if committed once, are still addressed by the Warden or leadership designee.</p> <p data-bbox="242 712 1476 837">Alleged inappropriate touching of a romantic nature by staff, whether wanted or unwanted, are evaluated on a case by case basis to determine if the incident is a violation of PREA. Disciplinary sanctions are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the employees' disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses.</p> <p data-bbox="242 869 1481 963">Substantiated cases of sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment are reported to local law enforcement regardless of whether the employee is terminated or resigns to avoid termination. Those employees with licensure are reported to the appropriate licensing boards.</p>

<b>115.77</b>	<b>Corrective action for contractors and volunteers</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	Contractors and volunteers who engage in sexual abuse are prohibited from having contact with offenders and banned from the institution indefinitely. Violations of this policy by contractors and volunteers are reported to law enforcement and the respective licensing board. None have been disciplined or reported for activities in the past 12 months.

<b>115.78</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 367">In the past 12 months, there were 19 administrative findings of inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse that have occurred at the facility. There were also no criminal findings of sexual abuse violation by the one case closed by the Sheriff. One case referred to the Sheriff for criminal investigation continues under investigation.</p> <p data-bbox="229 367 1509 568">Offenders found guilty pursuant to a formal disciplinary of engaging in offender-on-offender sexual abuse are written up on a rule violation as enumerated in Disciplinary Rules and Procedures for Adult Offenders. All sexual contact between offenders is prohibited and violators will be charged with the appropriate rule #21 (a-e) violation. Sanctions are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed and include the offender's disciplinary history and comparable offenses by other offenders.</p> <p data-bbox="229 568 1509 658">Offenders are disciplined for violations of rules for engaging in sexual conduct with an employee. Offenders and staff are informed that there is no consenting to sexual activity in the Department of Corrections between an employee and offender.</p> <p data-bbox="229 658 1509 862">Mental health staff interviewed indicated that the disciplinary process takes into consideration the mental faculties of the offender who perpetrated the act when determining the sanctions. In these cases, a referral to mental health is made and the report is deferred until the completion of the mental health evaluation. Reports of sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment made in good faith and based on the reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred is not false reporting or considered lying. Decisions are based on the preponderance of the evidence.</p>

115.81	<b>Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 555">If the PREA screening indicates that an offender has experienced prior sexual victimization, or reports prior victimization, or if an offender perpetrated sexual abuse, whether in an institutional setting or in the community, mental health staff interviewed state they ensure that the offender is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening. During inmate interviews, offenders reporting prior victimization, or were determined to have previously perpetrated sexual abuse, during screening confirmed that they were provided follow-up by mental health. Interviews and mental health records randomly checked reflected 100% of such offenders receive a referral and a meeting with mental health staff. All offenders receive information on mandatory reporting requirements and interviews indicated strong controls on information control and sharing limitations on medical and mental health information.</p> <p data-bbox="229 555 1509 663">The Classification Department completes an Availability of Mental Health Counseling Form upon intake for those offenders with a history of sexual victimization or who have previously perpetrated sexual abuse and this form is forwarded to the Mental Health Director for completion and placement into the Mental Health Section of the Medical Record.</p> <p data-bbox="229 663 1509 788">Any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting is limited to treatment staff (and others only as necessary) in order to develop treatment plans and security and management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State or local law.</p> <p data-bbox="229 788 1509 887">Medical and mental health practitioners stated they obtain informed consent from offenders before reporting information regarding prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting unless the offender is under the age of 18.</p>

115.82	<b>Access to emergency medical and mental health services</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 416">The policy is that offenders receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services in accordance with the professional judgment rendered by medical and mental health practitioners. The medical staff supervisor interviewed supports that this policy is followed. There were no offenders who needed this information in the past 12 months due to any incident.</p> <p data-bbox="229 416 1509 506">All PREA incident cards (carried by every staff member) list the preliminary steps to protect the offender victim and include the immediate notification of medical and mental health staff.</p> <p data-bbox="229 506 1509 797">Victims of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are evaluated and treated, and also receive follow-up services that include treatment plans and referrals upon discharge. Allen Correctional Center offers all victims of sexual abuse forensic medical examinations at an outside facility, without financial cost to the victim, when evidentiary or medically appropriate. Medical staff on-site have training in regard to Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners, and the availability of a rape kit, but facility procedure remains to transfer the offender to an outside medical center. Such examinations are performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) when possible. If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, the examination would be performed by other qualified medical practitioners but these personnel is normally available at the hospital used, Lake Charles Memorial.</p> <p data-bbox="229 797 1509 887">Testing for sexually transmitted diseases and other diseases as determined by the attending physician and counseling are made available to the alleged victim when appropriate. Referral to MH always occurs and after-incident support is offered.</p>



115.83	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="229 192 1509 255"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 255 1509 367">Community-level care is the Allen Correctional Center target performance level for medical and mental health services rendered to victims. Random and specialized staff interviewed all felt that this is achieved and likely surpassed when considering many other underserved areas of the state.</p> <p data-bbox="229 367 1509 524">Offenders who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lock-up or juvenile facility are offered medical and mental health evaluations and, as appropriate, treatment. Follow-up services and treatment plans, as well as referrals for continuing care following transfer or placement in other facilities, are provided for victims. Interviews indicated care and counseling often continue for numerous months but can also continue throughout the incarceration.</p> <p data-bbox="229 524 1509 613">Mental health evaluations are conducted on all-known offender-on-offender abusers within 60 days of learning of the abuse. Allen Correctional Center frequently offers a sex offender program to such offenders.</p> <p data-bbox="229 613 1509 719">Victims of sexual abuse are offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as appropriate. These services are at no cost to the victim regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation.</p>

115.86	<b>Sexual abuse incident reviews</b>
	<p data-bbox="242 145 738 174"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="242 210 451 239"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1490 499">In the past 12 months, there were 5 criminal and/or administrative investigations of alleged sexual abuse completed at the facility, excluding only "unfounded" incidents, and 4 were followed by a Sexual Abuse Incident Review within 30 days of the conclusion of a sexual abuse investigation. The review team includes upper management officials, (Warden, or Assistant Warden, Colonel and PREA Compliance Manager, etc.) with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners as indicated. The review team prepares a Sexual Abuse Incident Review Form that follows the elements of the Standard. The completed form is maintained in the investigative file and a copy is sent to the Warden and the PREA Compliance Manager.</p> <p data-bbox="242 530 1129 560">The review team members interviewed all agreed that the review considers the following:</p> <ul data-bbox="284 611 1430 871" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• • A need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse;</li> <li>• • Was the abuse motivated by race, ethnicity, gender identity, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification status or the perceived status;</li> <li>• • An examination of the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse;</li> <li>• • Adequacy of staffing levels in the area;</li> <li>• • Considers whether monitoring technology should be deployed are augmented;</li> <li>• • A report of the findings is submitted to the Warden.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="242 902 1353 960">Recommendations for improvement that are in the Warden's control are considered and normally implemented. Documentation is provided if a recommendation from the Incident Review team is not implemented.</p>

115.87	<b>Data collection</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<p data-bbox="242 210 451 237"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="242 271 1477 432">The LADPS&amp;C monitoring instrument is used to collect and track uniform data of sexual abuse at facilities. This incident-based data instrument includes all the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice's Bureau of Justice Statistics. An aggregated assessment is made of the data annually and included in a compiled report by the PREA Coordinator for placement on the DOC website, and the PREA Coordinator and PCM interviews state that this is the procedure that is followed.</p> <p data-bbox="242 463 1015 490">DPS&amp;C Procedures for Reporting to the United States Department of Justice:</p> <ul data-bbox="284 542 1485 1104" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• · DPS&amp;C's PREA Investigator prepares the annual Survey of Sexual Victimization (SSV Report) for State Prison Systems report, containing required statistics for DPS&amp;C owned and operated facilities.</li> <li>• · A separate Incident Form is prepared for each substantiated sexual victimization allegation reported at a Department facility and is created by the PREA Investigator at the facility where the incident occurred.</li> <li>• · These forms are submitted by the PREA Investigator to the United States Department of Justice by September 1st of each year for the statistics accumulated the prior calendar year.</li> <li>• · A second report is completed by DPS&amp;C's PREA Investigator which includes all privately-operated prisons and transitional work programs under contract to or under cooperative endeavor agreement with the DPS&amp;C.</li> <li>• · The Department's PREA Investigator maintains any reports concerning a substantiated sexual victimization allegation occurring at all state privately operated prisons and all transitional work programs under contract or cooperative agreement with the DPS&amp;C.</li> <li>• · The Department's PREA Investigator submits copies of both SSV reports to the Secretary and the Chief of Operations prior to September 1st of each year.</li> <li>• · The aggregate numbers of the SSV reports' statistics from the state facilities, privately operated prison facilities and transitional work programs are posted on DPS&amp;C's website by October 1st of each year.</li> <li>• · The Department maintains sexual abuse data collected pursuant to La. R.S. 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of initial collection.</li> </ul>

115.88	<p data-bbox="229 71 1508 1341"><b>Data review for corrective action</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 132 1508 192"><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p data-bbox="229 192 1508 253"><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p data-bbox="229 253 1508 365">Reviews of all data collected are used to assess and improve the effectiveness of sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including identifying problem areas in DPS&amp;C. Allen CC's annual report contains statistics for the fiscal reporting year and can be compared to the previous year data.</p> <p data-bbox="229 365 1508 521">Investigations (both criminal and administrative) review all details, including what staff actions or inactions may have led to the sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment, and these are reviewed at each successive level per DOC policy. Investigative reports are compiled in accordance with DPS&amp;C's Standardized Case Report Format, which includes descriptions of physical and testimonial evidence as well as the reasoning behind credibility assessments and findings.</p> <p data-bbox="229 521 1508 611">The Warden and PCM stated that the Warden approves the Annual Reports and submits them to the parent agency (DPS&amp;C). Reviews of this data are accomplished at each level for analysis, determining trends or needs, etc.</p> <p data-bbox="229 611 1508 701">For annual reporting purposes redaction is not needed as it (the report) only contains statistical data and does not make reference to any individual(s).</p> <p data-bbox="229 701 1508 880">According to the Agency PREA Coordinator interview, she collects and compiles the data for the agency Annual Report. Other data, collected through the incident reporting process and investigatory reports submitted directly to the investigators, is sent monthly/annually as well and the Investigators also use that data to complete BJS SSV requirements. Additionally, every warden is tasked to do an annual review of their own facility and produce a similar report for agency leadership, and a section of that report is PREA-related.</p> <p data-bbox="229 880 1508 1059">Finally, there is an annual review of all policies by each Warden and by HQ staff and PREA is a part of that review. All the data is integrated and reviewed for usefulness in facility decisions, DOC policy reviews, and trend detection and is reviewed by senior agency leadership and the PREA Coordinator. All data gathered is reviewed annually and any recommendations for change based on the data is included in DOC PREA staffing plans.</p> <p data-bbox="229 1059 1508 1149">The interview with the Agency Head supported this as the process and indicated that the PREA Coordinator has always done excellent work and that it is reviewed by himself and it's also normally discussed with the Secretary prior to approval.</p> <p data-bbox="229 1149 1508 1328">He stated that they also involve the Agency PREA Coordinator in reviewing the report to ensure it's thorough, and they rely heavily on the Agency PREA Coordinator since she is routinely involved in these statistics all year and also in the annual review.</p>
--------	---

115.89	<p><b>Data storage, publication, and destruction</b></p> <p><b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard</p> <p><b>Auditor Discussion</b></p> <p>DPS&amp;C's PREA Coordinator makes an annual report regarding all sexual abuse data from DPS&amp;C facilities available to the public through DPS&amp;C's website <a href="http://www.doc.la.gov">www.doc.la.gov</a> . The report consists of numbers only and does not include personal identifiers or specific institutions. Allen Correctional Center provides its data for this report to the PREA Coordinator. The annual report was reviewed by the auditors. *All reports are available through public records request via the la.gov website.</p> <p>All data is securely preserved and retained in accordance with the procedures outlined in 115.87. In accordance with Department Regulations regarding the Records Management Program, Investigative Reports are retained as Active plus six years.</p> <p>Investigations (both criminal and administrative) review all details including what staff actions or inactions may have led to the sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment, and these are later reviewed for potential changes to policy or operations. Investigative reports are compiled in accordance with DPS&amp;C Standardized Case Report Format, which includes descriptions of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence as well as the reasoning behind credibility assessments and facts and findings.</p> <p>Cases sent for criminal prosecution are maintained as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or the employee is still employed, plus five years. The release of the accused abuser (offender or staff) does not constitute grounds for termination of the investigation.</p> <p>The PREA Coordinator and investigator report that unsubstantiated or unfounded claims are maintained in accordance with the Department Records Management Program, which requires the active year plus 6 years to be archived.</p> <p>Systems are password protected and incident data is kept confidential. Investigations are subject to even further security as they are protected law enforcement files. The investigation files form the baseline for the SSV statistics and are maintained annually. In addition, the overall PREA data for the state Department of Corrections are maintained in secure files accessible only to senior staff with a need-to-know. Employees must have a user account to access the system. Anyone can request the annual report via forms on the agency website. The agency's records retention schedule is followed for all PREA documents.</p>
--------	---

<b>115.401</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	<p>The Warden, PREA Compliance Manager, and staff were extremely supportive and made all efforts to ensure full access and ease of audit operation for the auditors, both before and after the site visit and during the time at the prison. All information was organized and provided in a timely fashion during the visit. There were no barriers encountered in any phase of the audit process.</p>

<b>115.403</b>	<b>Audit contents and findings</b>
	<b>Auditor Overall Determination:</b> Meets Standard
	<b>Auditor Discussion</b>
	The LA DPS&C PREA Coordinator publishes all required reporting data and makes an annual report regarding all sexual abuse data from DPS&C facilities available to the public through DPS&C's website <b><a href="http://www.doc.la.gov">www.doc.la.gov</a></b>

<b>Appendix: Provision Findings</b>		
<b>115.11 (a)</b>	<b>Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator</b>	
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
<b>115.11 (b)</b>	<b>Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator</b>	
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?	yes
<b>115.11 (c)</b>	<b>Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator</b>	
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes
<b>115.12 (a)</b>	<b>Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates</b>	
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes
<b>115.12 (b)</b>	<b>Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates</b>	
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes



<b>115.13 (a)</b>	<b>Supervision and monitoring</b>	
	Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors?	yes
<b>115.13 (b)</b>	<b>Supervision and monitoring</b>	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	yes
<b>115.13 (c)</b>	<b>Supervision and monitoring</b>	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes

<b>115.13 (d)</b>	<b>Supervision and monitoring</b>	
	Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts?	yes
	Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility?	yes
<b>115.14 (a)</b>	<b>Youthful inmates</b>	
	Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
<b>115.14 (b)</b>	<b>Youthful inmates</b>	
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
<b>115.14 (c)</b>	<b>Youthful inmates</b>	
	Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
<b>115.15 (a)</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
<b>115.15 (b)</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	yes
	Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	yes
<b>115.15 (c)</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>	
	Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates)?	yes

<b>115.15 (d)</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>	
	Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit?	yes
<b>115.15 (e)</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status?	yes
	If an inmate's genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes
<b>115.15 (f)</b>	<b>Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches</b>	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes

115.16 (a)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: are blind or have low vision?	yes
115.16 (b)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes

<b>115.16 (c)</b>	<b>Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient</b>	
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations?	yes
<b>115.17 (a)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes
<b>115.17 (b)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
<b>115.17 (c)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check?	yes
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes
<b>115.17 (d)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes
<b>115.17 (e)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes

<b>115.17 (f)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
<b>115.17 (g)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
<b>115.17 (h)</b>	<b>Hiring and promotion decisions</b>	
	Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes
<b>115.18 (a)</b>	<b>Upgrades to facilities and technologies</b>	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
<b>115.18 (b)</b>	<b>Upgrades to facilities and technologies</b>	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
<b>115.21 (a)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
<b>115.21 (b)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

<b>115.21 (c)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes
<b>115.21 (d)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes
	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes
<b>115.21 (e)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes
<b>115.21 (f)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
<b>115.21 (h)</b>	<b>Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations</b>	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes
<b>115.22 (a)</b>	<b>Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations</b>	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

<b>115.22 (b)</b>	<b>Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations</b>	
	Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
	Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
	Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes
<b>115.22 (c)</b>	<b>Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations</b>	
	If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
<b>115.31 (a)</b>	<b>Employee training</b>	
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates?	yes
	Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
<b>115.31 (b)</b>	<b>Employee training</b>	
	Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee's facility?	yes
	Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa?	yes



<b>115.31 (c)</b>	<b>Employee training</b>	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes
<b>115.31 (d)</b>	<b>Employee training</b>	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
<b>115.32 (a)</b>	<b>Volunteer and contractor training</b>	
	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes
<b>115.32 (b)</b>	<b>Volunteer and contractor training</b>	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)?	yes
<b>115.32 (c)</b>	<b>Volunteer and contractor training</b>	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes
<b>115.33 (a)</b>	<b>Inmate education</b>	
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
<b>115.33 (b)</b>	<b>Inmate education</b>	
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	yes
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	yes
<b>115.33 (c)</b>	<b>Inmate education</b>	
	Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)?	yes
	Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	yes

<b>115.33 (d)</b>	<b>Inmate education</b>	
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills?	yes
<b>115.33 (e)</b>	<b>Inmate education</b>	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions?	yes
<b>115.33 (f)</b>	<b>Inmate education</b>	
	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats?	yes
<b>115.34 (a)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Investigations</b>	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
<b>115.34 (b)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Investigations</b>	
	Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
<b>115.34 (c)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Investigations</b>	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

<b>115.35 (a)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Medical and mental health care</b>	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
<b>115.35 (b)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Medical and mental health care</b>	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	yes
<b>115.35 (c)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Medical and mental health care</b>	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
<b>115.35 (d)</b>	<b>Specialized training: Medical and mental health care</b>	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes
<b>115.41 (a)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
	Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
<b>115.41 (b)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility?	yes
<b>115.41 (c)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument?	yes

<b>115.41 (d)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?	yes
<b>115.41 (e)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?	yes
<b>115.41 (f)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate's arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?	yes

<b>115.41 (g)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a referral?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a request?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes
<b>115.41 (h)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d)(8), or (d)(9) of this section?	yes
<b>115.41 (i)</b>	<b>Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness</b>	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?	yes
<b>115.42 (a)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments?	yes
<b>115.42 (b)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate?	yes
<b>115.42 (c)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems?	yes

<b>115.42 (d)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate?	yes
<b>115.42 (e)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	Are each transgender or intersex inmate's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	yes
<b>115.42 (f)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates?	yes
<b>115.42 (g)</b>	<b>Use of screening information</b>	
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
<b>115.43 (a)</b>	<b>Protective Custody</b>	
	Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers?	yes
	If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment?	yes

<b>115.43 (b)</b>	<b>Protective Custody</b>	
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
	If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
	If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
<b>115.43 (c)</b>	<b>Protective Custody</b>	
	Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged?	yes
	Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days?	yes
<b>115.43 (d)</b>	<b>Protective Custody</b>	
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety?	yes
	If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged?	yes
<b>115.43 (e)</b>	<b>Protective Custody</b>	
	In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes
<b>115.51 (a)</b>	<b>Inmate reporting</b>	
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes

<b>115.51 (b)</b>	<b>Inmate reporting</b>	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
	Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? (N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	yes
<b>115.51 (c)</b>	<b>Inmate reporting</b>	
	Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
<b>115.51 (d)</b>	<b>Inmate reporting</b>	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates?	yes
<b>115.52 (a)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	no
<b>115.52 (b)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
<b>115.52 (c)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes



<b>115.52 (d)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
<b>115.52 (e)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
<b>115.52 (f)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
<b>115.52 (g)</b>	<b>Exhaustion of administrative remedies</b>	
	If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

<b>115.53 (a)</b>	<b>Inmate access to outside confidential support services</b>	
	Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	yes
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes
<b>115.53 (b)</b>	<b>Inmate access to outside confidential support services</b>	
	Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	yes
<b>115.53 (c)</b>	<b>Inmate access to outside confidential support services</b>	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes
<b>115.54 (a)</b>	<b>Third-party reporting</b>	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate?	yes
<b>115.61 (a)</b>	<b>Staff and agency reporting duties</b>	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	yes
<b>115.61 (b)</b>	<b>Staff and agency reporting duties</b>	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes

<b>115.61 (c)</b>	<b>Staff and agency reporting duties</b>	
	Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes
<b>115.61 (d)</b>	<b>Staff and agency reporting duties</b>	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes
<b>115.61 (e)</b>	<b>Staff and agency reporting duties</b>	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes
<b>115.62 (a)</b>	<b>Agency protection duties</b>	
	When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate?	yes
<b>115.63 (a)</b>	<b>Reporting to other confinement facilities</b>	
	Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
<b>115.63 (b)</b>	<b>Reporting to other confinement facilities</b>	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes
<b>115.63 (c)</b>	<b>Reporting to other confinement facilities</b>	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
<b>115.63 (d)</b>	<b>Reporting to other confinement facilities</b>	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes
<b>115.64 (a)</b>	<b>Staff first responder duties</b>	
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes

<b>115.64 (b)</b>	<b>Staff first responder duties</b>	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes
<b>115.65 (a)</b>	<b>Coordinated response</b>	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
<b>115.66 (a)</b>	<b>Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers</b>	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	yes
<b>115.67 (a)</b>	<b>Agency protection against retaliation</b>	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
<b>115.67 (b)</b>	<b>Agency protection against retaliation</b>	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes

<b>115.67 (c)</b>	<b>Agency protection against retaliation</b>	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes
<b>115.67 (d)</b>	<b>Agency protection against retaliation</b>	
	In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes
<b>115.67 (e)</b>	<b>Agency protection against retaliation</b>	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
<b>115.68 (a)</b>	<b>Post-allegation protective custody</b>	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?	yes
<b>115.71 (a)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

<b>115.71 (b)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34?	yes
<b>115.71 (c)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes
<b>115.71 (d)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
<b>115.71 (e)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as inmate or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
<b>115.71 (f)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
<b>115.71 (g)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
<b>115.71 (h)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
<b>115.71 (i)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes
<b>115.71 (j)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes
<b>115.71 (l)</b>	<b>Criminal and administrative agency investigations</b>	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

<b>115.72 (a)</b>	<b>Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations</b>	
	Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?	yes
<b>115.73 (a)</b>	<b>Reporting to inmates</b>	
	Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded?	yes
<b>115.73 (b)</b>	<b>Reporting to inmates</b>	
	If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.)	yes
<b>115.73 (c)</b>	<b>Reporting to inmates</b>	
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
<b>115.73 (d)</b>	<b>Reporting to inmates</b>	
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
	Following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility?	yes
<b>115.73 (e)</b>	<b>Reporting to inmates</b>	
	Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications?	yes
<b>115.76 (a)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for staff</b>	
	Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies?	yes
<b>115.76 (b)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for staff</b>	
	Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes

<b>115.76 (c)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for staff</b>	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
<b>115.76 (d)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for staff</b>	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies(unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
<b>115.77 (a)</b>	<b>Corrective action for contractors and volunteers</b>	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
<b>115.77 (b)</b>	<b>Corrective action for contractors and volunteers</b>	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates?	yes
<b>115.78 (a)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes
<b>115.78 (b)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories?	yes
<b>115.78 (c)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes
<b>115.78 (d)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits?	yes
<b>115.78 (e)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes



<b>115.78 (f)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	yes
<b>115.78 (g)</b>	<b>Disciplinary sanctions for inmates</b>	
	If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)	yes
<b>115.81 (a)</b>	<b>Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse</b>	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison).	yes
<b>115.81 (b)</b>	<b>Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse</b>	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.)	yes
<b>115.81 (c)</b>	<b>Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse</b>	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a jail).	na
<b>115.81 (d)</b>	<b>Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse</b>	
	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes
<b>115.81 (e)</b>	<b>Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse</b>	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18?	yes
<b>115.82 (a)</b>	<b>Access to emergency medical and mental health services</b>	
	Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes
<b>115.82 (b)</b>	<b>Access to emergency medical and mental health services</b>	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?	yes
	Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes

<b>115.82 (c)</b>	<b>Access to emergency medical and mental health services</b>	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes
<b>115.82 (d)</b>	<b>Access to emergency medical and mental health services</b>	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
<b>115.83 (a)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes
<b>115.83 (b)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes
<b>115.83 (c)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes
<b>115.83 (d)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	yes
<b>115.83 (e)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	yes
<b>115.83 (f)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes
<b>115.83 (g)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
<b>115.83 (h)</b>	<b>Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers</b>	
	If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.)	yes
<b>115.86 (a)</b>	<b>Sexual abuse incident reviews</b>	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes

<b>115.86 (b)</b>	<b>Sexual abuse incident reviews</b>	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	yes
<b>115.86 (c)</b>	<b>Sexual abuse incident reviews</b>	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes
<b>115.86 (d)</b>	<b>Sexual abuse incident reviews</b>	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes
<b>115.86 (e)</b>	<b>Sexual abuse incident reviews</b>	
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes
<b>115.87 (a)</b>	<b>Data collection</b>	
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes
<b>115.87 (b)</b>	<b>Data collection</b>	
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes
<b>115.87 (c)</b>	<b>Data collection</b>	
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?	yes
<b>115.87 (d)</b>	<b>Data collection</b>	
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes
<b>115.87 (e)</b>	<b>Data collection</b>	
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.)	yes
<b>115.87 (f)</b>	<b>Data collection</b>	
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	yes

<b>115.88 (a)</b>	<b>Data review for corrective action</b>	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole?	yes
<b>115.88 (b)</b>	<b>Data review for corrective action</b>	
	Does the agency's annual report include a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes
<b>115.88 (c)</b>	<b>Data review for corrective action</b>	
	Is the agency's annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
<b>115.88 (d)</b>	<b>Data review for corrective action</b>	
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility?	yes
<b>115.89 (a)</b>	<b>Data storage, publication, and destruction</b>	
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained?	yes
<b>115.89 (b)</b>	<b>Data storage, publication, and destruction</b>	
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
<b>115.89 (c)</b>	<b>Data storage, publication, and destruction</b>	
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes
<b>115.89 (d)</b>	<b>Data storage, publication, and destruction</b>	
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes
<b>115.401 (a)</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>	
	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes

<b>115.401 (b)</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>	
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	no
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	no
<b>115.401 (h)</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes
<b>115.401 (i)</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes
<b>115.401 (m)</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes
<b>115.401 (n)</b>	<b>Frequency and scope of audits</b>	
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes
<b>115.403 (f)</b>	<b>Audit contents and findings</b>	
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	yes