



LOUISIANA'S JUSTICE REINVESTMENT REFORMS 2022 ANNUAL PERFORMANCE REPORT

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY AND CORRECTIONS
LOUISIANA COMMISSION ON LAW ENFORCEMENT

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Executive Summary

On June 15, 2017, Governor John Bel Edwards signed a package of ten (10) Justice Reinvestment Initiative (JRI) bills into law. This package was created with the following key goals in mind:

- Focus prison space on people who post a serious threat to public safety;
- Strengthen community supervision;
- Clear away barriers to successful reentry; and
- Reinvest substantial portion of the savings into services to reduce recidivism and support victims of crime.

According to a 2017 report released by the Louisiana Justice Reinvestment Task Force, prior to JRI's passage, Louisiana was leading the nation in imprisonment, with a rate nearly double the national average. The State was also sending people to prison for nonviolent offenses at 1.5 to 3 times the rate of other Southern states with similar crime rates. The policy choices that led to this situation were costing the state nearly \$700 million annually on corrections. Despite this investment, one in three offenders released from prison returned there within three years.

Following lessons learned from successful criminal justice reform efforts in other Southern states and the best available research, Louisiana developed a comprehensive, data-driven and bipartisan plan designed to steer people convicted of less serious crimes away from prison, strengthen alternatives to incarceration, reduce prison terms for those who can be safely supervised in the community, and remove barriers to successful reentry.

This 2022 summary report provides a snapshot of the performance data through calendar year 2021 and a summary of the savings realized and reinvested as of June 2022. In the first five years following initial implementation:

- The data indicates that Louisiana is on target to meet the major goals of JRI. Louisiana's prison population has declined, sentence lengths for nonviolent offenses have decreased, the use of the Habitual Offender enhancement has decreased, and the average Probation and Parole officer caseload has decreased.
- As of the end of FY22, the state has realized a total accumulated savings of approximately **\$152.6 million** in savings attributed to JRI, which has been reinvested back into the State General Fund, juvenile justice programs, victims' services, community-based programs, and other initiatives designed to reduce recidivism.

As mentioned in the previous 2021 report, it is important to recognize the significant impact that the COVID-19 pandemic had in both 2020 and 2021 on the entire spectrum of the Louisiana Criminal Justice system (Law Enforcement, Courts, Prosecutors, Prisons, and Supervision etc.) The scope of this impact was unforeseen and added an additional layer to the overall success of the JRI reforms in the 2020 calendar year, in terms of significant declines in areas such as admissions, jail sanctions, revocations, use of the habitual offender statute, and the total prison population.

In 2021, as the country reopened and started to return to normality the Louisiana criminal justice system followed suit. As criminal court hearings resumed for new charges and possible revocations, new admissions into prison and/or on to probation increased from 2020 as is reflected in the 2021 data provided in this report. *For example*, Figure 9a and 9b indicate an uptick in new prison admissions in 2021 from that of 2020, however, the 2021 total admissions remain well below that of the annual totals for each of 2016, 2018, and 2019. The same applies many other categories such as probation intakes, new prison intakes, the average sentence lengths for new felony admissions and the use of the habitual offender statute, all of which show a slight increase in 2021 from that of 2020, however the 2021 totals remain well below that of 2016, 2018, and 2019.

Overall, the JRI work done thus far has established a strong foundation for continued improvement to the Louisiana Criminal Justice system. Moving forward, DPS&C, in collaboration with other state and local partners, will continue to monitor progress, analyze outcomes and identify opportunities for additional progress and reform.

Background of Louisiana's Justice Reinvestment Initiative



Task Force

In 2015, the Louisiana Legislature created the Louisiana Justice Reinvestment Task Force. The bipartisan group comprised of law enforcement, court practitioners, community members, and legislators found that Louisiana's corrections system was producing low public safety returns at high costs. The group released a report of its findings and recommendations in March 2017.¹



Legislative Package

The recommendations from the Task Force were developed into ten bills, known collectively as the Justice Reinvestment Initiative legislation. The bills passed with large bipartisan majorities in both the House and Senate. Governor Edwards signed the package into law by on June 15, 2017.



JRI Implementation

As a result of implementing these laws, the state saw a decrease in the overall prison and supervision population from baseline to 2019.

The Pew Charitable Trusts predicted the JRI legislation would reduce the prison and community supervision populations by 10 and 12 percent respectively in the decade following, resulting in an estimated \$262 million in corrections spending saved over 10 years.

State lawmakers have committed to reinvesting 70 percent of those estimated savings into programs that will reduce recidivism and support crime victims.

¹ The report can be found at: https://www.lasc.org/documents/LA_Task_Force_Report_2017_FINAL.pdf

2017 Justice Reform and Reinvestment Legislation Summary

Below is an overview of the 10 bills passed by the Louisiana Legislature in 2017. A more detailed description can be found on the Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections website².

- **Act 280 (SB 139):** Improves Louisiana’s system of probation and parole supervision by implementing evidence-based practices, expanding eligibility for alternatives to incarceration and early release, and implementing incentives for those under correctional control to encourage positive behavior. Effective November 1, 2017.
- **Act 281 (SB 220):** Focuses prison space on serious and violent offenders by tailoring sentences for drug offenses according to weight, raising the felony theft threshold, removing less serious crimes from the violent crime list, modifying penalties for some nonviolent offenses, and creating the Louisiana Felony Class System Task Force. Effective August 1, 2017.
- **Act 282 (SB 221):** Tailors habitual offender penalties to the severity of the offense by lowering the mandatory minimum sentence for second and third offenses, differentiating cleansing periods for violent vs. nonviolent offenses, and allowing judicial discretion to depart from constitutionally excessive sentences. Effective November 1, 2017.
- **Act 260 (HB 249):** Ensures criminal justice fines and fees do not become a barrier to successful reentry by determining a person’s ability to pay, creating a payment plan that people can comply with, creating incentives for consistent payments, and differentiating inability to pay vs. a choice not to pay. Effective August 1, 2021³
- **Act 261 (HB 489):** Requires JRI savings to be reinvested into programs and policies that will reduce reoffending and support victims of crime by mandating the collection and reporting of data to track the outcomes of JRI and channeling savings to expand community-based prison alternatives, victims’ services, and targeted investments within the DPS&C and parish jails. Effective June 30, 2018.
- **Act 258 (HB 116):** Streamlines registration for victim notification and ensures that victims can request certain measures for their individual safety as a condition of release. Effective August 1, 2018.
- **Act 277 (SB 16):** Ensures that most people sentenced to life as juveniles receive an opportunity for parole consideration after serving at least 25 years in prison. Effective August 1, 2017.
- **Act 262 (HB 519):** Streamlines the process for people with criminal convictions to apply for and receive occupational licenses. Effective August 1, 2017.
- **Act 264 (HB 680):** Suspends child support payments for people who have been incarcerated for more than six months unless the person has the means to pay or is imprisoned for specific offenses and allows courts to extend child support payments beyond the termination date for the period of time in which payments were suspended. Effective August 1, 2020.⁴

² Louisiana Department of Public Safety and Corrections, “Criminal Justice Reform” <https://doc.louisiana.gov/about-the-dpsc/justice-reform/>

³ Initially effective August 1, 2018, but implementation was delayed by the 2018, 2019, and 2020 legislative session.

⁴ Initially effective January 1, 2019, but implementation was delayed by the 2018, 2019 and 2020 legislative sessions.

2018 Legislative Action

As the 2017 Legislative JRI package was designed with the four JRI goals in mind, the 2018 Legislature modified and/or clarified specific language from the 2017 JRI package.

- **Act 542:** Clarified that an individual should be sentenced under whichever habitual offender law was in place at the time the criminal act was committed. Effective August 1, 2018. (Acts 257 and 282 of the 2017 Regular Session of the Legislature)
- **Act 136:** Extended the effective date of Act 264 of the 2017 Regular Session of the Legislature (suspension of child support) to August 1, 2019.
- **Act 668:** Delayed the effective date of Act 260 of the 2017 Regular Session of the Legislature (restructuring of criminal justice fines and fees) until August 1, 2019. Moreover: any outstanding restitution shall be converted to civil money judgment; probation may not be extended solely upon the defendant's inability to pay fines, fees or restitution; probation Compliance Credit awards require Judicial Determination; definition of technical violations modified; fourth or subsequent violations may now result in revocation; deletion of Mandatory Street Credits for time served on probation prior to revocation; and option to extend probation to 5 years in certain circumstances.
- **Act 573:** Removed 1st degree murder from eligibility for Medical Treatment Furlough. Effective August 1, 2018. (Act 280 of the 2017 Regular Session of the Legislature)
- **Act 604:** Required 5/5 unanimous vote by the Parole Board for a 1970's second degree murder lifer to receive parole; changed implementation date for Administrative Parole to November 2020. Effective November 1, 2018. (Act 280 of the 2017 Regular Session of the Legislature)

Interpreting the Data in this Report

Using Annualized Data

In the previous JRI Annual Reports, the Department reported data points using quarterly totals and averages. As there was limited data available due to the proximity to the passage of the legislation, this allowed readers to evaluate the impact of JRI immediately after its implementation.

However, now that more time has passed and more complete data is available, annual totals are more appropriate for reporting and evaluation purposes. This Annual Report includes annual totals for 2016 (also called “baseline” or “pre-JRI” in this report), 2018-2021.

The annual totals included this report, are representative of respective **2021** calendar year unless stated otherwise. In future reports, DPS&C will continue to report annual data this way. The numbers provided regarding savings realized and reinvestment are on a fiscal year basis.

Using Baseline Data

As in the previous reports, the “Baseline” used throughout this report refers to either the annual total of 2016 or the snapshot from December 31, 2016 depending upon the subject matter. The DPS&C selected 2016 as the baseline year because that is the last full year of data prior to the passage of the reforms and implementation, which occurred partway through 2017. There are a few instances where the exact definition of “baseline” varies slightly reasons for which are noted and explained in the corresponding sections.

Data Modifications

It is important to note that there may be slight differences in data reported in this year’s report compared to prior JRI annual reports (quarterly and annual totals). This is due to the built in time delay between certain occurrences and the corresponding final outcome. For example, probation revocations procedures must make their way through the court systems for adjudication; therefore, the totals are updated on a rolling basis as each outstanding case is reconciled etc.

It is also important to note, due to the rounding of data, some totals may not correspond with the sum of the separate figures.

What is Baseline Data?

Unless otherwise noted, “baseline” data is an annualized account for the calendar year of 2016 (January – December).

The year 2016 was chosen because that is the last full year of data prior to JRI passage and implementation, which occurred partway through 2017.

JRI Goal: Focus Prison Beds on Those Who Pose a Serious Threat to Public Safety

Accomplishment 1: Continued Reduction of Prison for Nonviolent Offenses from 2016 Baseline

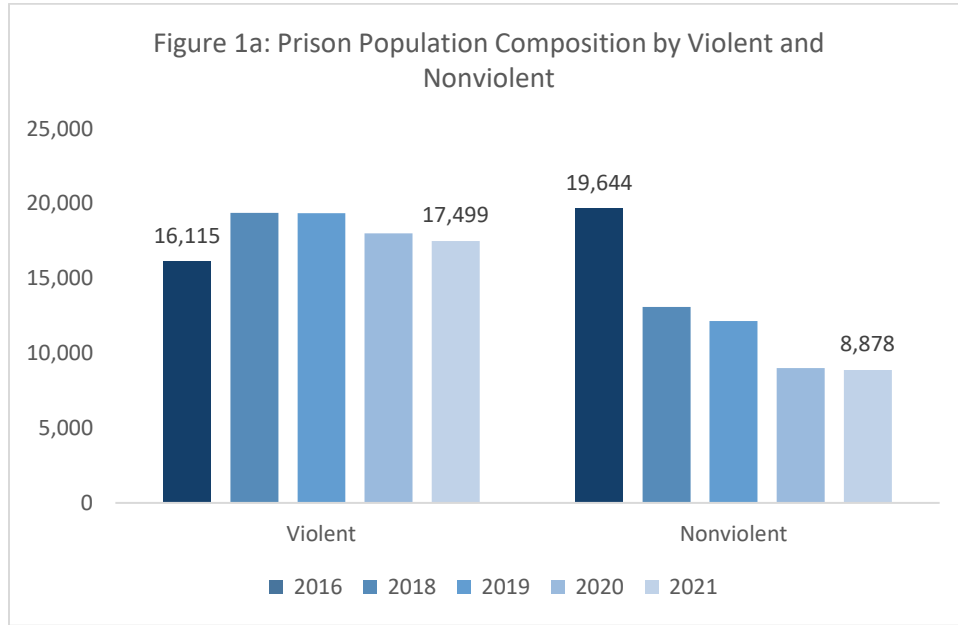
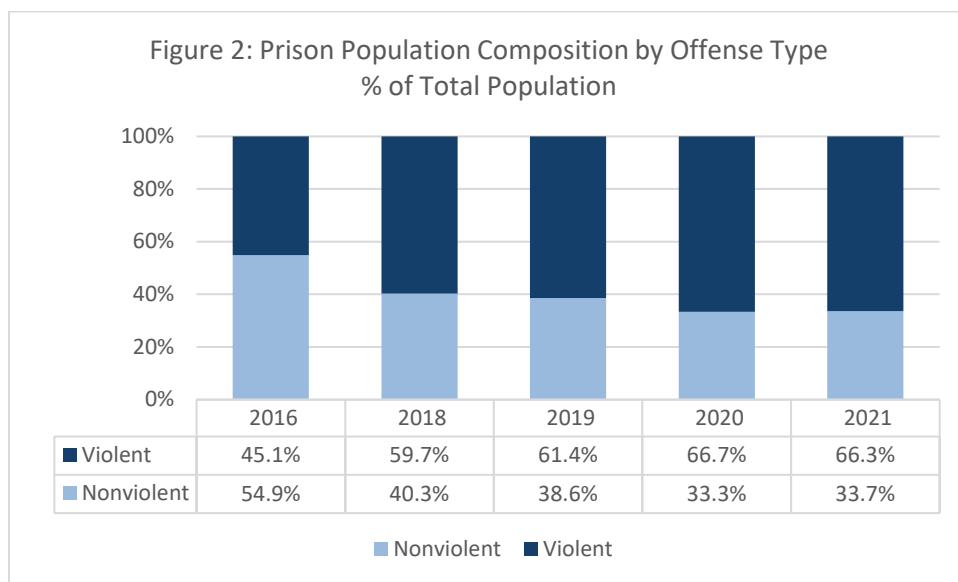


Figure 1b: Prison Population Snapshot by Violent/Nonviolent

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	16,115	19,377	19,363	18,018	17,499
Nonviolent	19,644	13,102	12,161	9,008	8,878
Grand Total	35,759	32,479	31,524	27,026	26,377



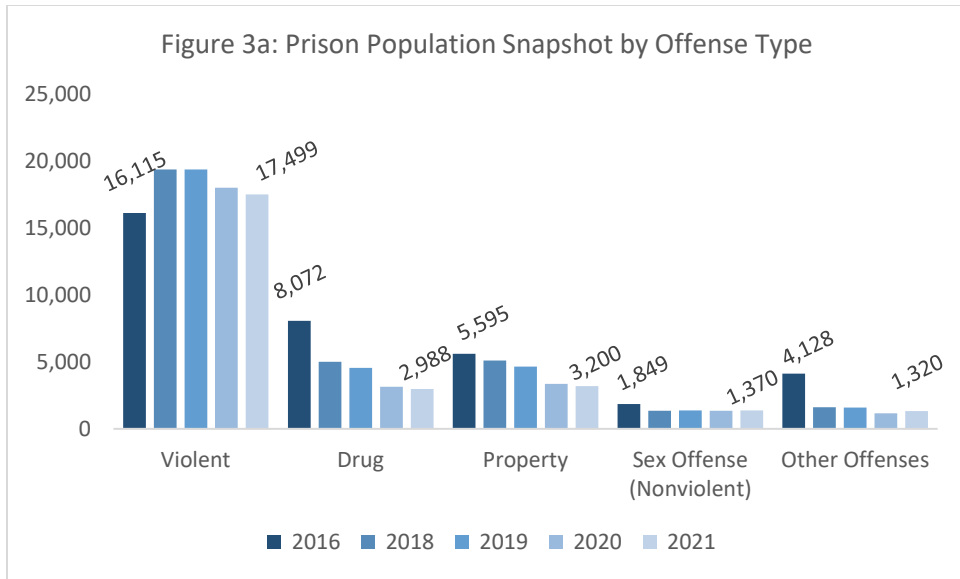


Figure 3b: Prison Population Snapshot by Offense Type

Measures	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	16,115	19,377	19,363	18,018	17,499
Drug	8,072	5,015	4,543	3,138	2,988
Property	5,595	5,110	4,643	3,358	3,200
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	1,849	1,357	1,384	1,344	1,370
Other Offenses	4,128	1,620	1,591	1,168	1,320
Grand Total	35,759	32,479	31,524	27,026	26,377

Figure 4: Prison Population Snapshot by Admit Type

Measures	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Newly Sentenced Incarcerated Person	24,157	22,287	21,693	19,057	18,742
Probation Revocation	4,721	3,644	3,483	2,687	2,618
New Criminal Activity	1,133	1,010	1,070	838	836
Technical Revocation	3,546	2,614	2,400	1,837	1,774
Other Probation Revocation Type	42	20	13	12	8
Good Time Parole Revocation	6,525	6,043	5,869	4,866	4,576
New Criminal Activity	1,978	2,085	2,076	1,752	1,664
Technical Revocation	408	317	294	269	264
Waiver Technical	487	427	483	335	308
Waiver Pending	3,418	3,041	2,861	2,378	2,222
Other Good Time Parole Revocation Type	234	173	155	132	118
Parole Revocation	353	236	241	218	252
New Criminal Activity	125	93	100	89	106
Technical Revocation	28	18	14	12	15
Waiver Technical	31	25	28	23	25
Waiver Pending	151	86	86	82	95
Other Discretionary Parole Revocation Type	18	14	13	12	11
Other Supervision Types	3	269	238	198	189
New Criminal Activity	0	96	90	81	87
Technical Revocation	0	52	42	26	22
Waiver Technical	0	5	6	2	4
Waiver Pending	0	16	11	6	7
Other Revocation Type	3	100	89	83	69
Total Population	35,759	32,479	31,524	27,026	26,377

Figure 5: Prison Population Snapshot by Targeted Offenses

	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Possession of Schedule I Drug (40.966)	453	1,005	813	621	568
Possession with Intent to Distribute of Schedule I Drug (40.966)	544	1,003	982	809	752
Possession of Schedule II Drug (40.967)	926	2,255	2,004	1,517	1,427
Possession with Intent to Distribute of Schedule II Drug (40.967)	771	1,084	1,049	864	781
Distribution of Schedule II Drug (40.967)	805	934	815	636	506
Felony Theft (14:67)	110	469	451	367	296
Theft of a Motor Vehicle (14:67.26)	66	194	191	182	179
Simple Burglary of Inhabited Dwelling (14:62.2)	364	725	660	537	443
Possession of Firearm by Felon (14:95.1)	1,028	2,342	2,410	2,158	2,009
Felony Simple Arson (14:52)	16	66	71	58	57
Grand Total	5,083	10,077	9,446	7,749	7,018

Accomplishment 2: Continued Reduction in Total Prison Population from 2016 Baseline

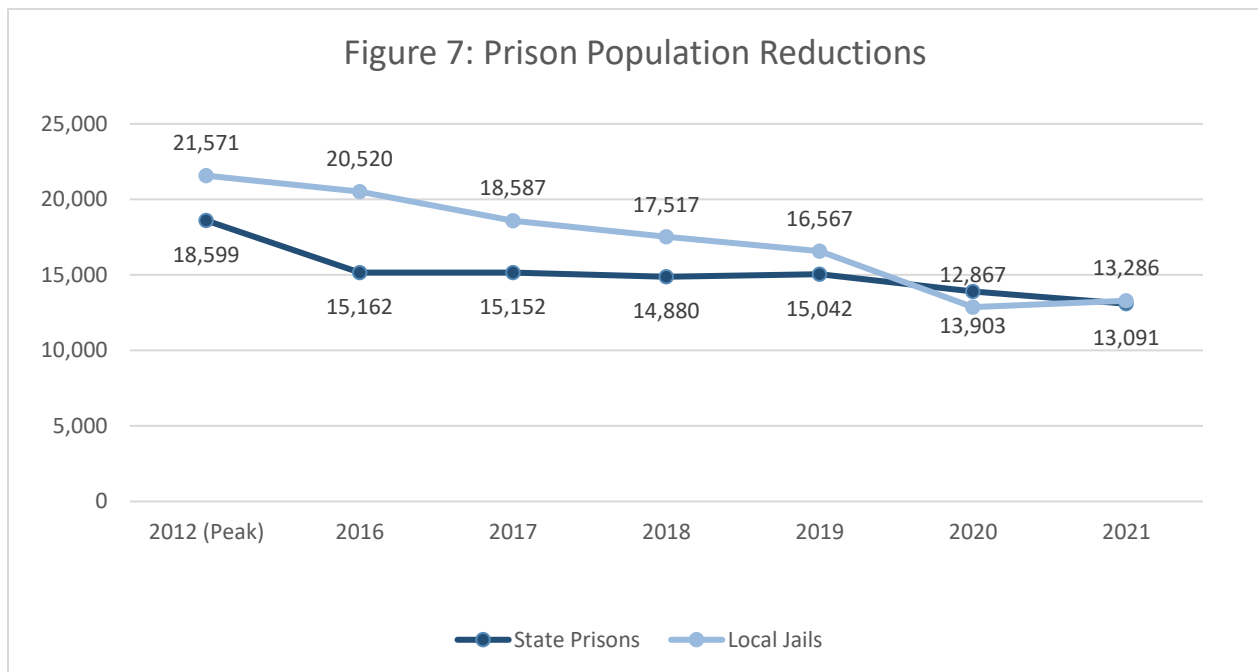
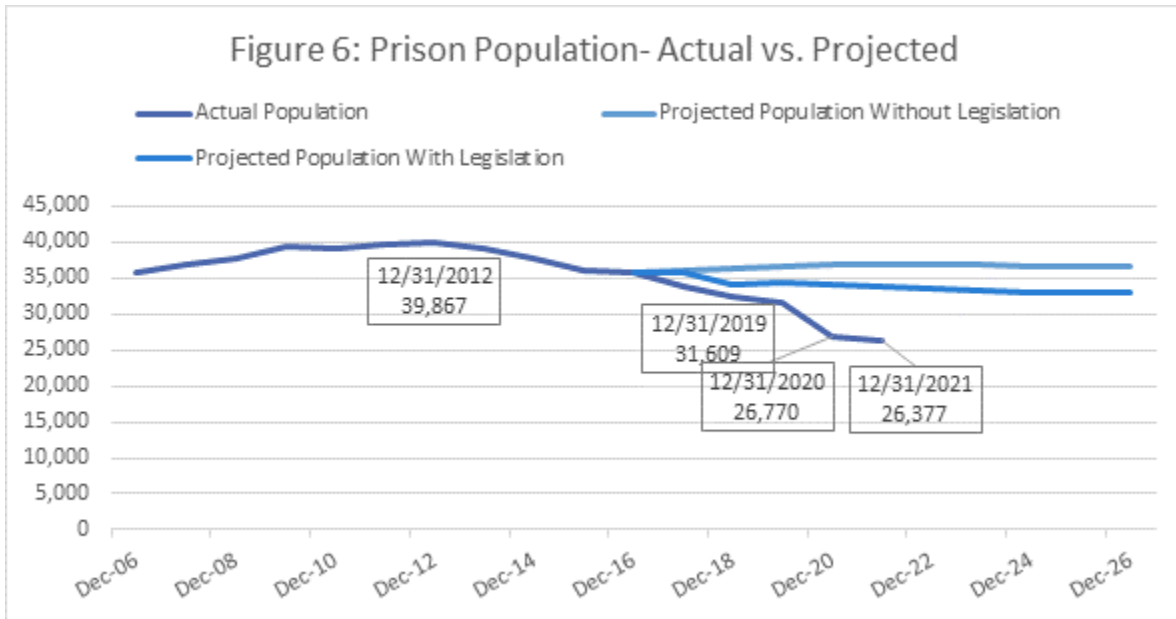
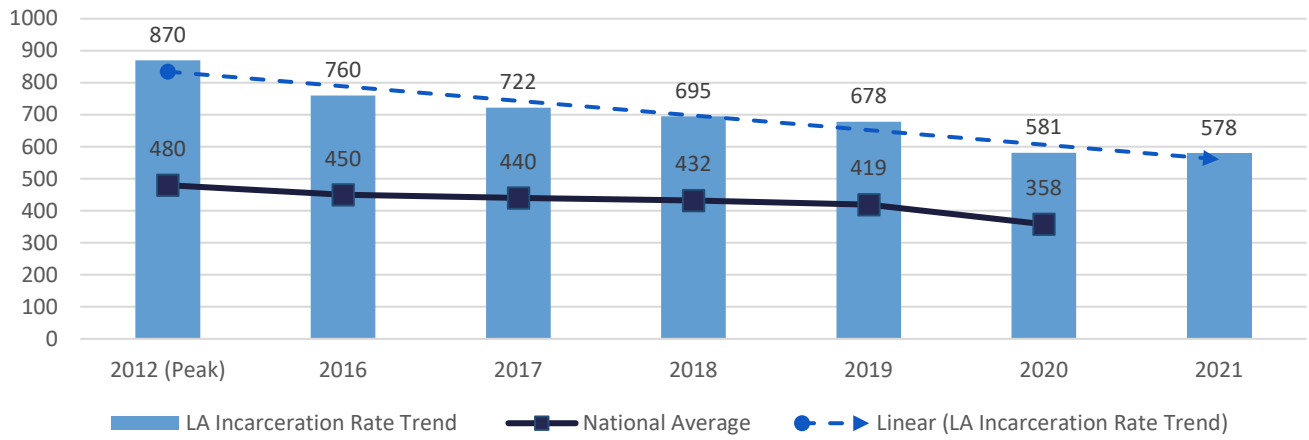
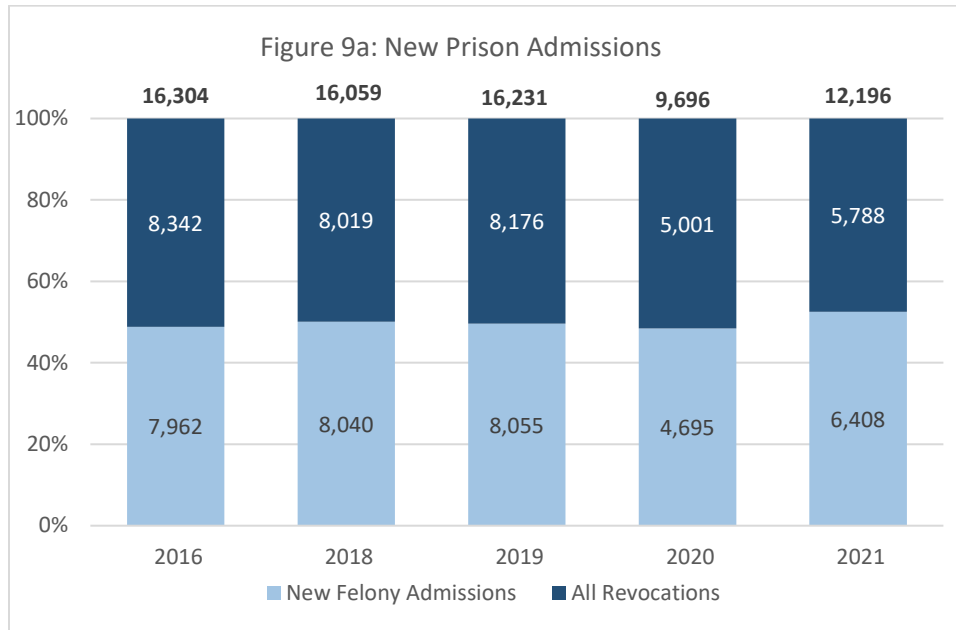


Figure 8: Incarceration Rate
(per Annual BJJ Pisoners Report)



Accomplishment 3: Continued Decrease in Admissions into Prison from 2016 baseline



	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	7,962	8,040	8,055	4,695	6,408
Probation Revocation	3,370	3,178	3,478	1,835	2,341
New Criminal Activity	643	707	848	436	626
Technical Revocation	2,710	2,470	2,630	1,399	1,703
Waiver Pending	0	0	0	0	8
Waiver Technical	0	0	0	0	4
Other Probation Revocation Type	17	1	0	0	0
Good Time Parole Revocation	4,811	4,692	4,588	3,066	3,319
New Criminal Activity	800	1,140	1,192	677	772
Technical Revocation	284	269	262	167	244
Waiver Pending	3,207	2,788	2,590	1,876	2,022
Waiver Technical	520	495	544	346	281
Discretionary Parole Revocation	142	97	101	66	85
New Criminal Activity	28	30	37	18	36
Technical Revocation	11	5	2	4	6
Waiver Pending	89	49	48	36	35
Waiver Technical	14	13	14	8	8
Other Supervision Revocation Types	19	52	9	34	43
New Criminal Activity	0	5	3	16	15
Technical Revocation	0	35	5	11	18
Waiver Pending	0	11	1	6	6
Waiver Technical	0	1	0	0	2
Unknown	19	0	0	1	2
Total Admissions	16,304	16,059	16,231	9,696	12,196

Accomplishment 4: Continued Consistent Use of Probation (Alternatives to Imprisonment)

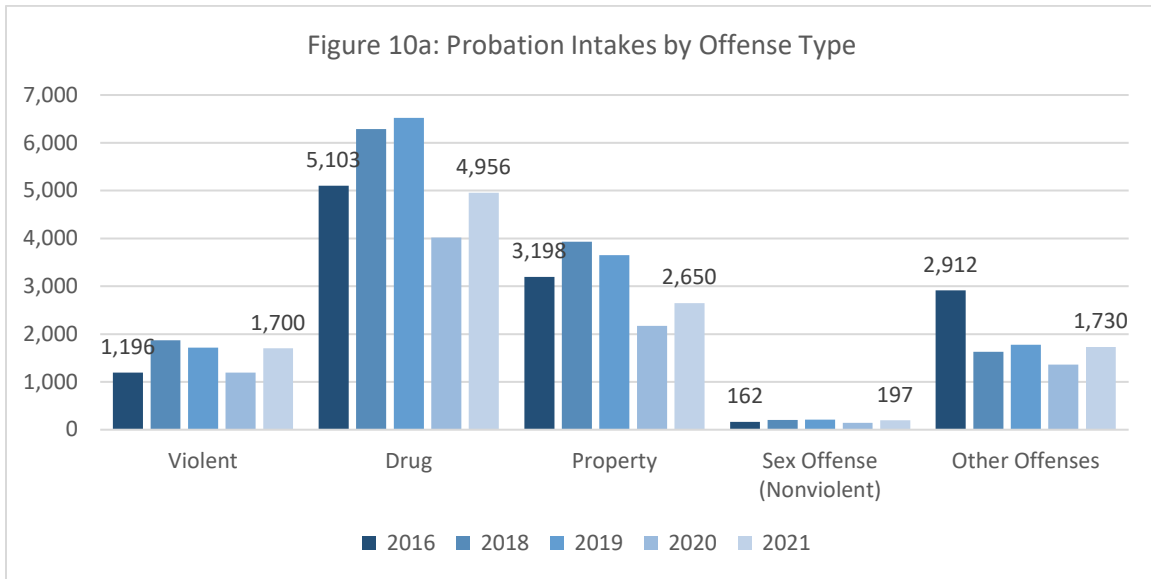
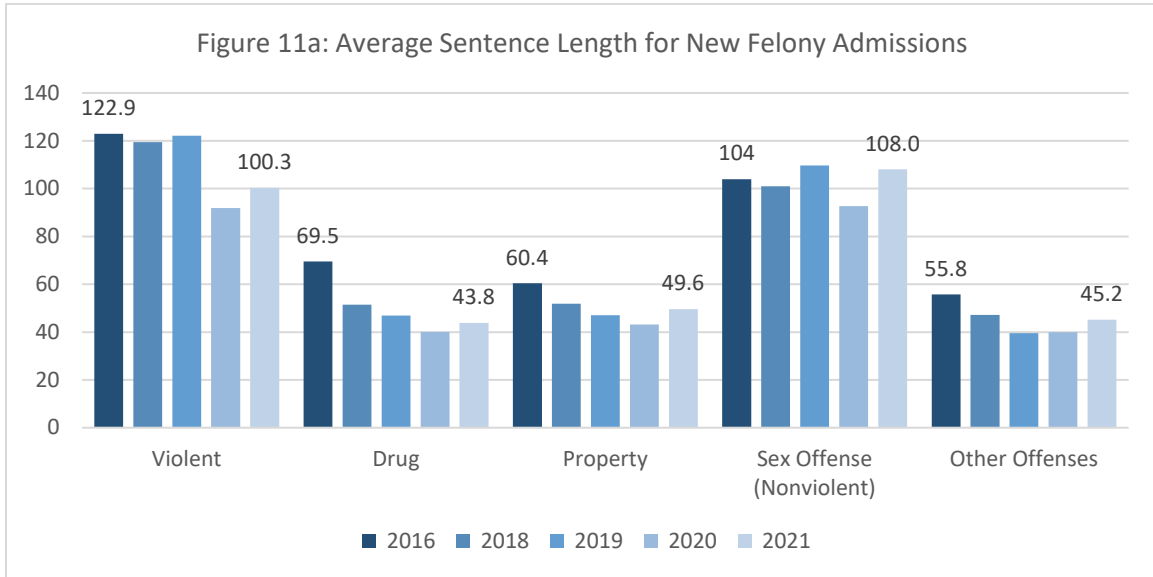


Figure 10b: Probation Intakes by Offense Type

	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	1,196	1,873	1,715	1,195	1,700
Drug	5,103	6,287	6,519	4,017	4,956
Property	3,198	3,932	3,652	2,171	2,650
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	162	206	211	145	197
Other Offenses	2,912	1,630	1,780	1,364	1,730
Grand Total	12,571	13,928	13,877	8,892	11,233

Accomplishment 5: Continued Decreased Sentence Length for Nonviolent Offenses from 2016 Baseline



	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	122.9	119.5	122.1	91.9	100.3
Drug	69.5	51.5	46.9	40.1	43.8
Property	60.4	51.8	47	43.2	49.6
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	104	101	109.7	92.7	108.0
Other Offenses	55.8	47.2	39.5	39.9	45.2

Figure 12: Average Sentence Length by Admit Type (months)

	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	80.2	71.7	67.5	56.3	64.5
Probation Revocation					
New Criminal Activity	69.1	63.6	63.6	58.4	58.7
Technical Revocation	60.1	53.3	49.6	47.6	49.3
Waiver Pending	0	0	0	0	56.1
Waiver Technical	0	0	0	0	33
Unknown	63	72	0	0	0
Good Time Parole Revocation					
New Criminal Activity	79.2	78.1	74.2	76.4	85.4
Technical Revocation	66.6	66.3	62.4	61.2	58.5
Waiver Pending	64.9	59.5	52.5	48	52.6
Waiver Technical	62.8	53.1	50.6	44.6	52.4
Parole Revocation					
New Criminal Activity	125.9	164.6	125.1	233.2	182.8
Technical Revocation	130.2	73.4	54	74.5	138.5
Waiver Pending	57.1	86.4	168.6	81.3	86
Waiver Technical	122.5	175.1	133	78.8	142.3
Other Supervision Types					
New Criminal Activity	0	114	20	67.1	68.9
Technical Revocation	0	63.3	48	51.3	44.2
Waiver Pending	0	60.9	23	226.7	79.5
Waiver Technical	0	60	0	0	31.5
Other	81.5	0	0	120	51

Accomplishment 6: Continued Reduction in Use of Habitual Offender Enhancement Since 2016 Baseline

Figure 13: Admissions- Habitual Offenders					
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
# of Habitual Offender Sentences	466	146	195	57	89
Average Sentence Length	10.4	14.6	15.4	9.2	10.4
Average Sentence Length for Habitual Offenders (months)	124.8	175.1	184.6	110.1	119.4

Accomplishment 7: Continued to Maintain Releases Despite Overall Total Decline in Prison Population and Increase in Discretionary Parole Releases

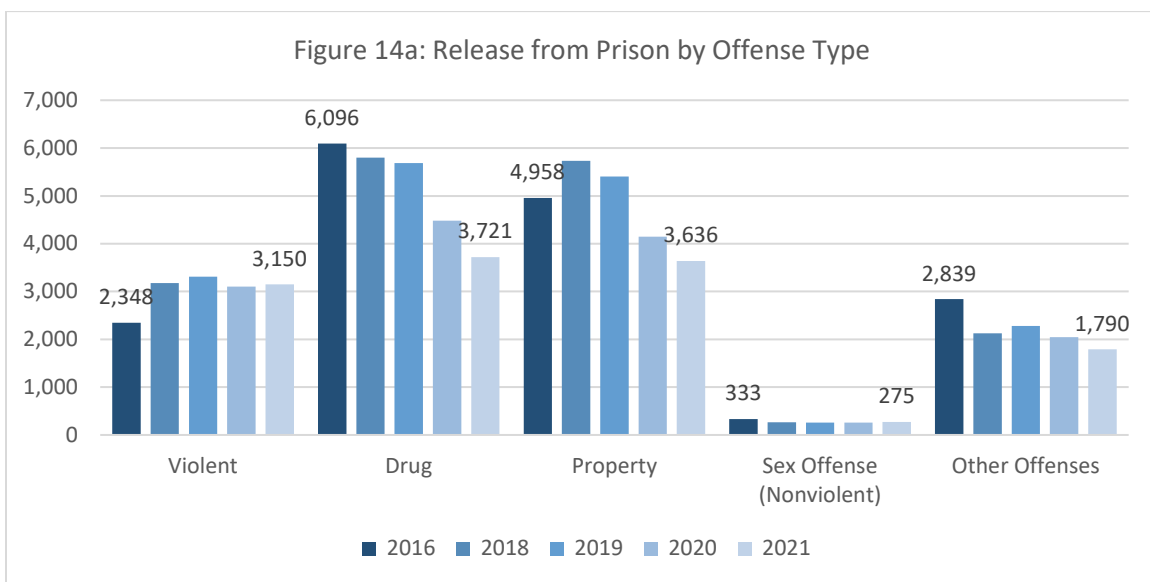


Figure 14b: All Releases from Prison by Offense Type					
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	2,348	3,178	3,308	3,106	3,150
Drug	6,096	5,802	5,684	4,479	3,721
Property	4,958	5,733	5,408	4,149	3,636
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	333	264	260	257	275
Other Offenses	2,839	2,128	2,278	2,044	1,790
Grand Total	16,574	17,105	16,938	14,035	12,572

Figure 15: All Releases from Prison by Release Type					
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Discretionary Parole	323	491	626	490	314
Good Time Parole	14,621	14,623	14,551	12,077	10,641
Expiration of Sentence	1,123	1,418	1,270	991	1,011
Other Release Type	507	573	491	477	606
Grand Total	16,574	17,105	16,938	14,035	12,572

Figure 16: Discretionary Parole Releases from Prison by Offense Type					
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	84	104	119	125	116
Drug	123	224	285	208	112
Property	81	147	191	121	65
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	9	5	13	9	10
Other Offenses	26	11	18	27	11
Grand Total	323	491	626	490	314

Figure 17: Average Time Served for All Discretionary Parole Releases by Offense Type (months)					
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	238.2	295.0	281.4	262.2	261.3
Drug	48.1	84.2	87.3	78.2	73.7
Property	29.8	75.3	71.4	81.8	70.5
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	31.4	40.3	45.1	59.8	120.9
Other Offenses	59.6	48.2	68.7	58.1	63.0

JRI Goal: Strengthen Community Supervision

Accomplishment 8: Continued to Focus Resources on Those Most Likely to Reoffend

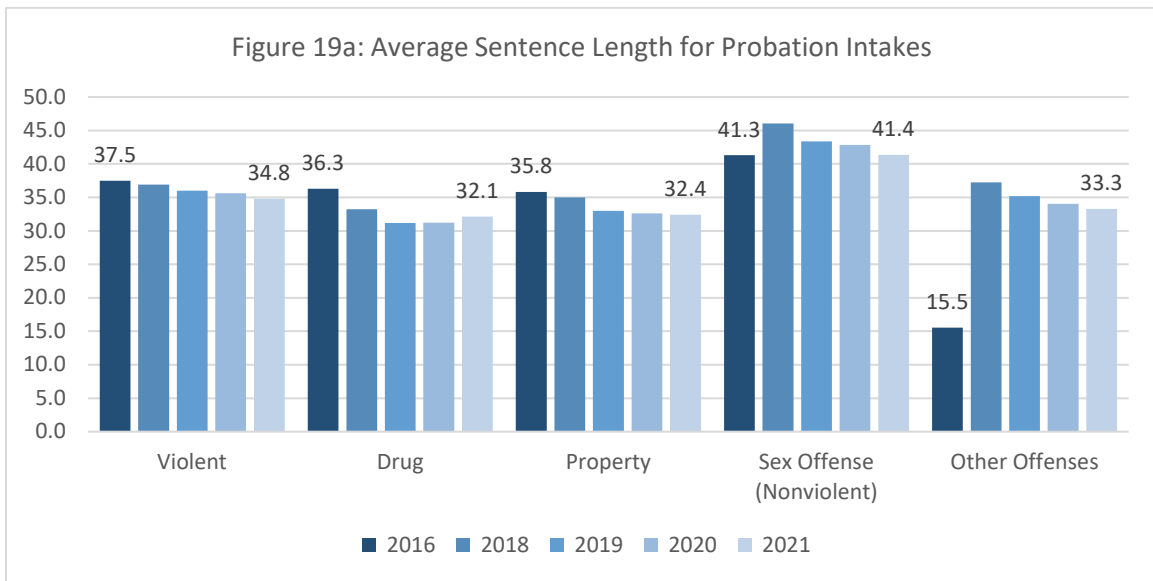
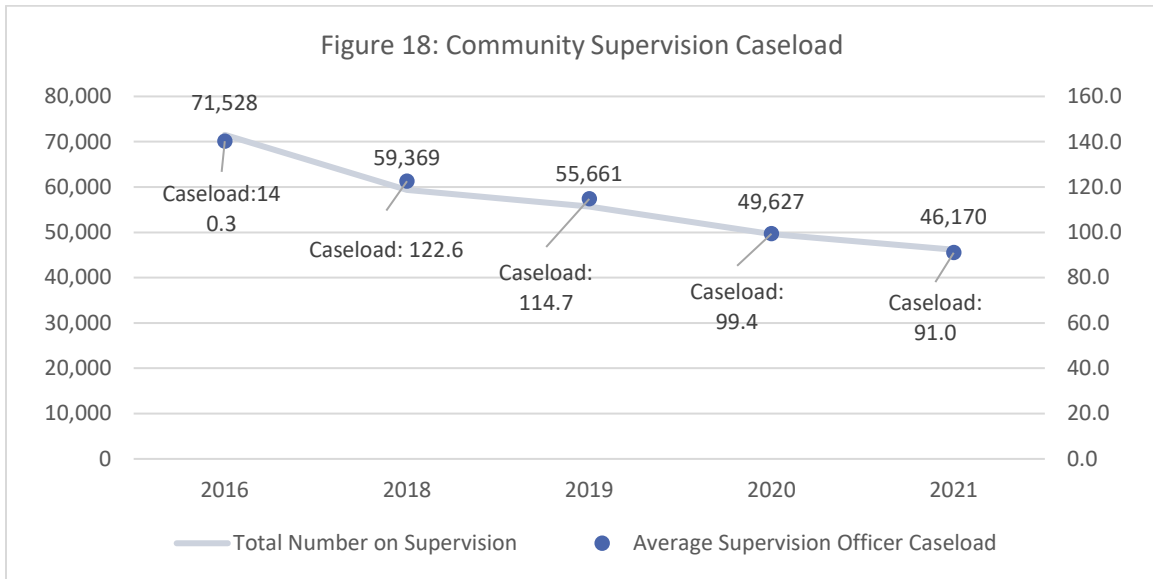


Figure 19b: Average Sentence Length (months) for Probation Intakes by Offense Type

	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	37.5	36.9	36.0	35.6	34.8
Drug	36.3	33.2	31.2	31.2	32.1
Property	35.8	35.0	33.0	32.6	32.4
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	41.3	46.0	43.4	42.8	41.4
Other Offenses	15.5	37.2	35.2	34.0	33.3

Accomplishment 9: Continued Increased Use of Incentives to Encourage Positive Behavior

Figure 20: Probation and Parole Earned Compliance Credits (Earned)				
Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Percentage of People Who were eligible to Earn Credits	73.9%	72.1%	70.3%	71.3%

Figure 21: Probation and Parole Earned Compliance Credits (Not Earned)				
Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of offenders who did not earn compliance credits	5,451	8,769	6,387	5,919
Compliance Credit months rescinded	11,133	28,118	25,207	25,076

Accomplishment 10: Continuing to Respond to Violations with Swift, Certain, and Proportional Sanctions

Figure 22: Probation and Parole Full Revocations					
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation Revocation	3,370	3,178	3,478	1,835	2,341
New Criminal Activity	643	707	848	436	626
Technical Revocation	2,710	2,470	2,630	1,399	1,703
Other Probation Revocation Type	17	1	0	0	0
Waiver Pending	0	0	0	0	8
Waiver Technical	0	0	0	0	4
Discretionary Parole Revocation	142	97	101	66	85
New Criminal Activity	28	30	37	18	36
Technical Revocation	11	5	2	4	6
Waiver Pending	89	49	48	36	35
Waiver Technical	14	13	14	8	8
Good Time Parole Revocation	4,811	4,692	4,588	3,066	3,319
New Criminal Activity	800	1,140	1,192	677	772
Technical Revocation	284	269	262	167	244
Waiver Pending	3,207	2,788	2,590	1,876	2,022
Waiver Technical	520	495	544	346	281
Other Supervision Revocation Types	19	52	9	34	43
New Criminal Activity	0	5	3	16	15
Technical Revocation	0	35	5	11	18
Waiver Pending	0	11	1	6	6
Waiver Technical	0	1	0	0	2
Unknown	19	0	0	1	2
Total Admissions	8,342	8,019	8,176	5,001	5,788

Figure 23: Response to Supervision Violations

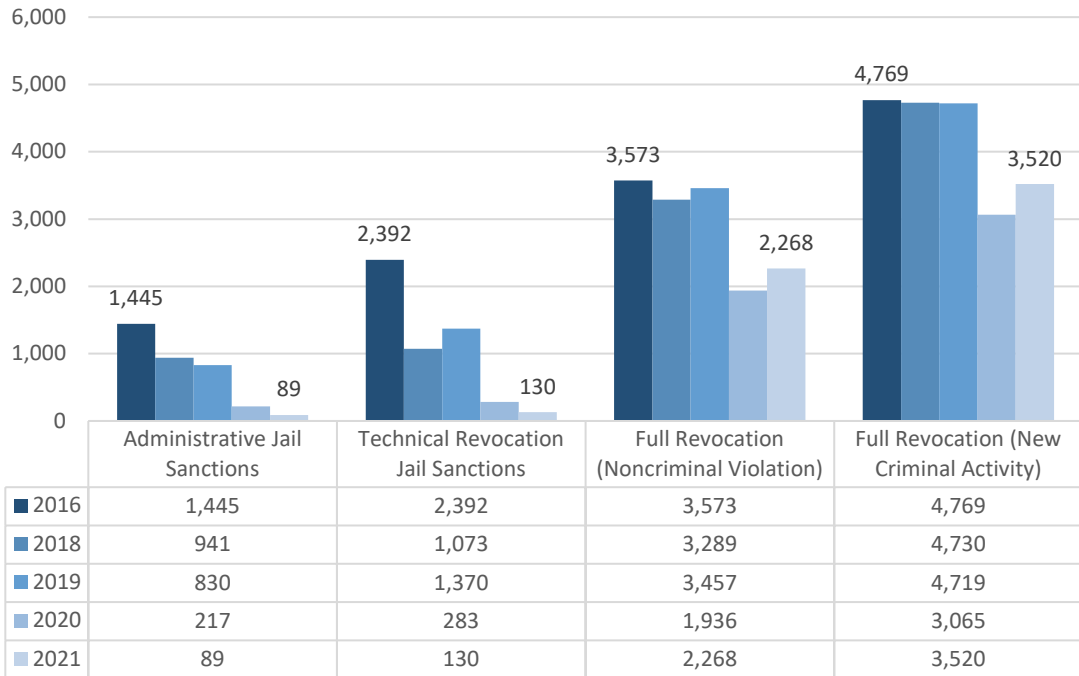
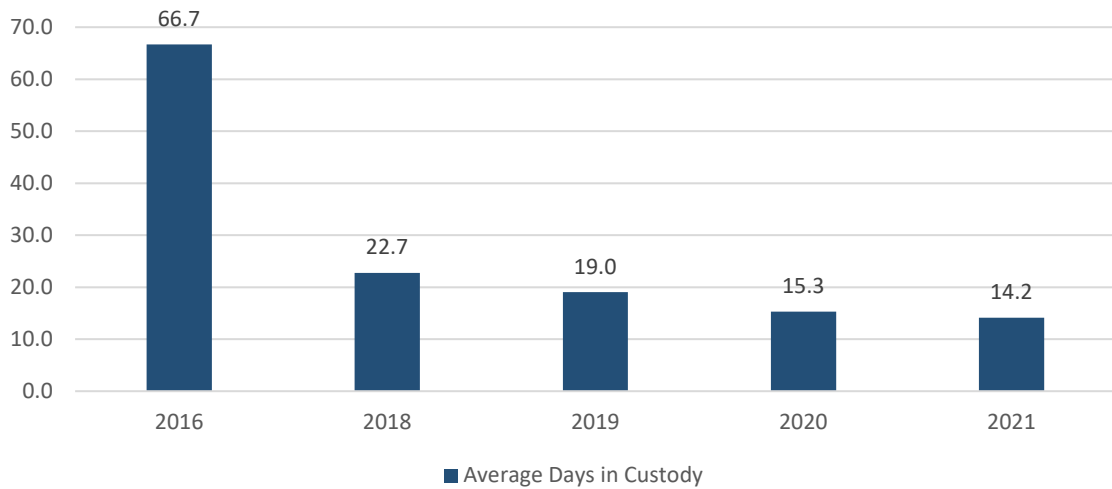


Figure 24: Average Days in Custody for Technical Revocation Jail Sanctions



JRI Goal: Reinvest a Substantial Portion of the Savings

The final goal of the Justice Reinvestment legislation was to reinvest a substantial portion of any savings resulting from the changes into alternatives to prison, measures to reduce recidivism, and support for victims of crime. Act 261 of the 2017 Louisiana Legislative Session requires that DPS&C calculate savings realized as the result of the reforms each year and that 70% of the savings be reinvested into various areas, with the remaining 30% returned to state's general fund each year.

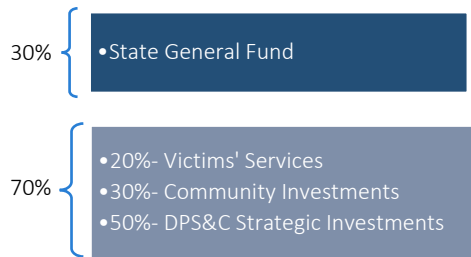
Distribution of Reinvestment Dollars

Act 261 directs seventy percent the annual savings realized to be reinvested into the following four categories:

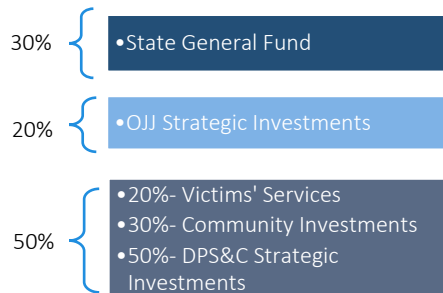
1. **State General Fund:** A portion of the annual savings is returned to the State's General Fund.
2. **Victims' Services:** Grants for victims' services, treatment, and transitional housing as well as victim-focused training for justice system professionals;
3. **Community Investments:** Incentive grants to parishes, judicial districts, and nonprofit community partner organizations to expand evidence-backed prison alternatives;
4. **DPS&C Strategic Investments:** Targeted investments in community supervision and recidivism reduction programming in prisons, jails, and work release facilities; and
5. **Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ) Strategic Investments:** Juvenile justice initiatives and programs; (*applies to year 2 savings and subsequent years*)

Figure 25: Distribution of Total Reinvestment Dollars

Year 1



Subsequent Years



Accumulated Savings

The following table contains a report of all accumulated savings realized as of **June 30, 2022**.

Note* The prior fiscal year total recurring and additional savings realized determines the total reinvestment dollars available for the following fiscal year.

For example, **FY21 total annual savings serves** as the basis for the **FY22** reinvestment balance. **FY 22 total annual savings balance** serves as the basis for the **FY 23** reinvestment balance.

For efficiency purposes given the nominal additional reinvestment dollars generated in FY 22 and in order to provide the most current reinvestment synopsis, this report provides a breakdown of **FY 23 reinvestment allocations** using the **FY 22 savings realized**. (see pages 26-38).

ACCUMULATED SAVINGS—TOTAL						
Fiscal Year	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Annual Savings
2018	\$12,203,000					\$12,203,000
2019	\$12,203,000	\$17,800,333				\$30,003,333
2020	\$12,203,000	\$17,800,333	\$5,254,513			\$35,257,846
2021	\$12,203,000	\$17,800,333	\$5,254,513	\$2,127,536		\$37,385,382
2022	\$12,203,000	\$17,800,333	\$5,254,513	\$2,127,536	\$437,174	\$37,822,556
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SAVINGS						\$152,672,117

ACCUMULATED SAVINGS—30% STATE						
Fiscal Year	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Annual Savings
2018	\$3,660,900					\$3,660,900
2019	\$3,660,900	\$5,340,100				\$9,001,000
2020	\$3,660,900	\$5,340,100	\$1,576,354			\$10,577,354
2021	\$3,660,900	\$5,340,100	\$1,576,354	\$638,261		\$11,215,615
2022	\$3,660,900	\$5,340,100	\$1,576,354	\$638,261	\$131,152	\$11,346,767
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SAVINGS						\$45,801,635

ACCUMULATED INVESTMENTS—LCLE						
Fiscal Year	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Annual Savings
2018	\$1,708,420					\$1,708,420
2019	\$1,708,420	\$1,780,033				\$3,488,453
2020	\$1,708,420	\$1,780,033	\$525,451			\$4,013,905
2021	\$1,708,420	\$1,780,033	\$525,451	\$212,754		\$4,226,658
2022	\$1,708,420	\$1,780,033	\$525,451	\$212,754	\$43,717	\$4,270,376
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SAVINGS						\$17,707,812

ACCUMULATED INVESTMENTS—OJJ						
Fiscal Year	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Annual Savings
2018		\$0				\$0
2019		\$3,560,067				\$3,560,067
2020		\$3,560,067	\$1,050,903			\$4,610,969
2021		\$3,560,067	\$1,050,903	\$425,507		\$5,036,476
2022		\$3,560,067	\$1,050,903	\$425,507	\$87,435	\$5,123,911
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SAVINGS						\$18,331,423

ACCUMULATED INVESTMENTS—DOC REINVESTMENT						
Fiscal Year	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Annual Savings
2018	\$4,271,050					\$4,271,050
2019	\$4,271,050	\$4,450,083				\$8,721,133
2020	\$4,271,050	\$4,450,083	\$1,313,628			\$10,034,762
2021	\$4,271,050	\$4,450,083	\$1,313,628	\$531,884		\$10,566,646
2022	\$4,271,050	\$4,450,083	\$1,313,628	\$531,884	\$109,294	\$10,675,939
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SAVINGS						\$44,269,529

ACCUMULATED INVESTMENTS—COMMUNITY INCENTIVE						
Fiscal Year	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Annual Savings
2018	\$2,562,630					\$2,562,630
2019	\$2,562,630	\$2,670,050				\$5,232,680
2020	\$2,562,630	\$2,670,050	\$788,177			\$6,020,857
2021	\$2,562,630	\$2,670,050	\$788,177	\$319,130		\$6,339,987
2022	\$2,562,630	\$2,670,050	\$788,177	\$319,130	\$65,576	\$6,405,563
TOTAL ACCUMULATED SAVINGS						\$26,561,718

Office of Juvenile Justice (OJJ)

Total FY 22 Budget (FY 21 savings realized): **\$5,036,476**

Total FY 23 Budget (FY 22 savings realized): **\$5,123,911** and Total cumulative investment to date: **\$18,331,423⁵**

**Note- Breakout totals listed below are approximate numbers at the start of FY 23 and allocations are subject to change.*

Statewide Juvenile Diversion Program- \$2 Million

- Diversion programs offer juvenile court judges community based alternatives to formal adjudication into juvenile detention system.
- These programs implement research informed, evidence-based or promising practice programs divert youth arrested for certain offenses into programming to address the behavior as an alternative to detention.
- The diversion program is facilitated by judicial districts, community based providers, as well as Cities and City Marshall's Offices.
- OJJ selected 17 diversion programs to receive reinvestment funds thus far and intend on continuing to expand this program with future JRI funding.

Statewide Alternatives to Juvenile Detention - \$2.5 Million

- Alternatives to Detention programs provide community-based alternatives to pre-adjudication detention. It offers support for youth, who would normally be placed in detention pending adjudication and disposition, by providing services designed to maintain family and residential connections.
- The program also includes services such as supervised release programs, court notification programs, and other community-based monitoring and accountability.
- The diversion program is facilitated by judicial districts, community based providers, as well as Cities and Parish Police Juries.
- OJJ selected 15 diversion programs to receive reinvestment funds thus far and intend on continuing to expand this program with future JRI funding.

Miscellaneous and Administrative- \$620,000

⁵ For more specifics regarding the specific line item allocations per each category, contact the Office of Juvenile Justice

Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement (LCLE) Crime Victims Related Reinvestment

Total FY 22 Allocation (FY 2021 savings realized): **\$4,226,658**

Total FY 23 Allocation: (FY 2022 savings realized) **\$4,270,376** and Total cumulative investment to date: **\$17,707,812⁶**

**Note- Breakout totals listed below are approximate numbers at the start of FY 23 and allocations are subject to change.*

Crime Victims Reparations Fund –\$911,000

- Funds allocated to the fund to be awarded by the Crime Victims’ Reparations Board to victims of crime (Reparations for losses suffered as a result of the crime).
- Priority is given to any crime victim claim that comes directly from the victim or victim’s family for assistance in lost wages, prescription drug costs, or other out of pocket expenses.
- The Board also receives claims from hospitals, funeral homes and coroner offices who request reimbursement for crime victim related services, such as funeral expenses.

Domestic Violence Housing Assistance Program – \$1 Million

- The Domestic Violence Housing Assistance Program (DVHAP) is a project that provides flexible housing assistance to domestic violence survivors in various communities across Louisiana.
- The DVHAP has assisted domestic violence survivors with rental payments, transportation payments, child care, housing application fees, utility assistance, document fees, moving/relocation expenses and safety enhancement costs.
- Survivors are also connected with direct advocacy services to find and maintain a secure housing environment.

Crime Lab Funding– \$1.16 Million

- To purchase equipment for sampling DNA to decrease backlogged cases.
- To purchase equipment that allow technicians to extract fingerprints from bullets, gun handles and spent casings for evidence in court. This will enhance the Crime Lab's capabilities and help reduce violent crimes.
- To purchase equipment that will begin the procurement process for equipment and training which is expected to increase sample security, expedite throughput of evidence, and increase DNA sample recognition at crime scenes.
- Provide overtime funding for working DNA backlogs
- To fund overtime for SANE Nurses performing sexual assault forensic exams on victims of sexual violence, which includes medical treatment, evidence collection, court testimony, and safety planning for living victims as well as collection on decedents when foul play is suspected.

Track Crime – \$550,000

- Funding for a unified system to collect accurate and comprehensive detailed crime data from law enforcement agencies and domestic violence shelters for specific types of crime and victimization beyond the existing federal requirements.

Miscellaneous – \$615,000

- Funds were allocated to the following:
 - Administrative efforts of the day-to-day JRI-related operations. This includes personnel, fringe benefits, and maintenance of data processing equipment, building rent, office supplies and equipment.
 - Funding for trauma involved services for child crime survivors and youth development initiatives.

⁶ For more specifics regarding the specific line item allocations per each category, contact the Louisiana Commission on Law Enforcement.

Community Reinvestment

Total FY 22 Budget (FY 21 Savings realized) **\$6,339,987**

Total FY 23 Budget (FY 22 savings realized): **\$6,405,563** and Total cumulative investment to date: **\$26,561,718**

**Note- Breakout totals listed below are approximate numbers at the start of FY 23 and allocations are subject to change.*

Community Incentive Grant (CIG) Program

Allocated -\$4.9 million

The majority savings available for community reinvestment were allocated to community organizations who submitted proposals to the Department through a competitive evaluation process and were awarded dollars to provide services prior to release and post release in effort to reduce prison admissions, reduce returns to prison and improve community coordination of reentry resources.

Community incentive grant Service Providers work closely with their Reentry Coalitions, the local P&P district office, and the staff at the Regional Reentry Centers. Once an individual is released, these partner community organizations provide or refer individuals to a variety of services, including but not limited to: education programs, family reunification services, housing placement; employment placement; mentoring, job readiness training, civil legal services, transportation access, and/or vocational training.

In order to make a significant impact with the savings, DPS&C elected to focus the savings to the 12 parishes that combined account for 80% of the state's incarcerated population. These are: (Tier1) *Orleans, Jefferson, East Baton Rouge, Caddo, and St. Tammany* and (Tier 2) *Bossier, Calcasieu, Lafourche, Lafayette, Ouachita, Rapides and Terrebonne* DPS&C awarded funds to organizations that deliver programs and services in these parishes

Impact of Community Incentive Grants

This grant program was the first of its kind for the Louisiana Department of Corrections and the CIG program is first of its kind for the state and continues to develop based upon client and community partner feedback. Since starting in 2018, community partner organizations have reported successfully supporting their client throughout the various stages of reentry.

The program has complemented the work of the Reentry Advisory Council (RAC), and the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LAPRI) to improve the coordination and communication between the Department and community partners as they support individuals returning from incarceration. Community Incentive Grant recipients work closely with their Reentry Coalitions, the local P&P district office, and the staff at the Regional Reentry Centers.

Note* the below Totals denote the annual contract amount and do not represent the total allocated per particular fiscal year. The complete list of awards can be found in Appendix B of this report.

Tier 1 Funding Awarded in 2019			
Contractor	Parish(s)	Contract Period	Annual Contract Amount
The Life of a Single Mom	East Baton Rouge	1/1/2019-12/31/2021	\$57,529.00
Orleans Public Defenders	Orleans	1/1/2019-12/31/2021	\$377,000
Goodwill Industries of Southeastern- Tier 1	Orleans	2/1/2019-1/31/2022	\$447,785.00
Catholic Charities Archdiocese of New Orleans	St. Tammany, Orleans	2/1/2019-1/31/2022	\$319,283.00
CEEAS -- Travis Hill Rising	Orleans	2/1/2019-1/31/2022	\$125,000.00
United Way of Northwest- Tier 1	Caddo	1/1/2019-12/31/2021	\$365,635.00

La Parole Project- Tier 1	Caddo, East Baton Rouge, Jefferson, Orleans, and St. Tammany	2/1/2019-1/31/2022	\$112,165.00
United Way of Southeast Louisiana	Jefferson	3/1/2019 - 2/28/2022	\$250,000.00
Southern University at New Orleans	Orleans	3/1/2019 - 2/28/2022	\$97,569.00
United Way of Southeast Louisiana	St. Tammany	12/1/2021 - 11/30/2023	\$200,000.00

Tier 2 Funding Awarded in 2019/2020

Contractor	Parish(s)	Contract Period	Annual Contract Amount
United Way of Northwest- Tier 2	Bossier	12/1/2019-11/30/2022	\$200,000.00
La Parole Project- Tier 2	Bossier, Calcasieu, Lafayette, LaFourche, Rapides, Terrebonne, Ouachita	12/1/2019-11/30/2022	\$31,500
Goodwill Industries of Southeastern- Tier 2	LaFourche, Terrebonne	12/1/2019-11/30/2022	\$600,000.00
Odyssey House of Louisiana	Lafayette, Calcasieu	1/1/2020-12/31/2022	\$364,000.00
Volunteers of America North Louisiana	Rapides	12/1/2019-11/30/2022	\$300,000.00
United Way of Southwest Louisiana	Calcasieu	3/1/2020-02/28/2023	\$318,000.00
Lafayette Parish Sheriff's Office	Lafayette	7/1/2020-6/30/2023	\$148,750.00
Goodwill of North Louisiana	Ouachita	03/01/2021-02/28/2023	\$496,176.64

Tier 1 Funding Awarded in 2022

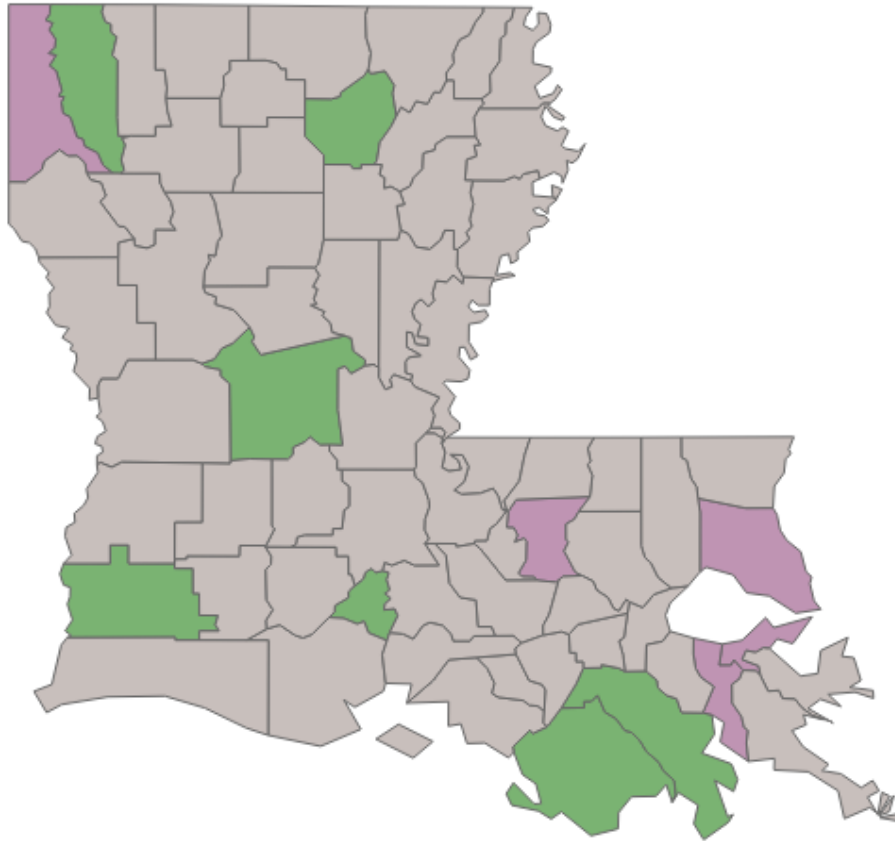
Contractor	Parish(s)	Contract Period	Annual Contract Amount
Catholic Charities Archdiocese of New Orleans	Orleans	3/1/2022-2/28/2025	\$416,966.40
Goodwill Industries of Southeastern- Tier 1	Orleans, East Baton Rouge	3/1/2022-2/28/2025	\$525,000.00
La Parole Project- Tier 1	Caddo, East Baton Rouge, Jefferson, Orleans, St. Tammany	3/1/2022-2/28/2025	\$321,429.00
United Way of Southeast Louisiana	Jefferson	3/1/2022-2/28/2025	\$279,999.20
Goodwill of North Louisiana	Caddo	3/1/2022-2/28/2025	\$350,000.00
Life of a Single Mom	East Baton Rouge	3/1/2022-2/28/2025	\$46,000.00

Number of Unique Participants Served Annually

	2019	2020	2021	2022 ⁷
Number of Unique Participants	714	766	979	301

⁷ As of June 2022 reporting.

CIG Funded Community Based Service Providers



Legend

- Tier 1: CIG Funded Community Based Service Provider(s)
- Tier 2: CIG Funded Community Based Service Provider(s)

The map above denotes in green or pink those parishes where current CIG funded Provider Organizations are located/provided post release reentry services. Annual and cumulative totals are based upon the contract amount not the FY year allocation of funds enumerated in the Categorical break out of total allocated for FY22.

Emergency Transitional Housing Program (ETH)⁸

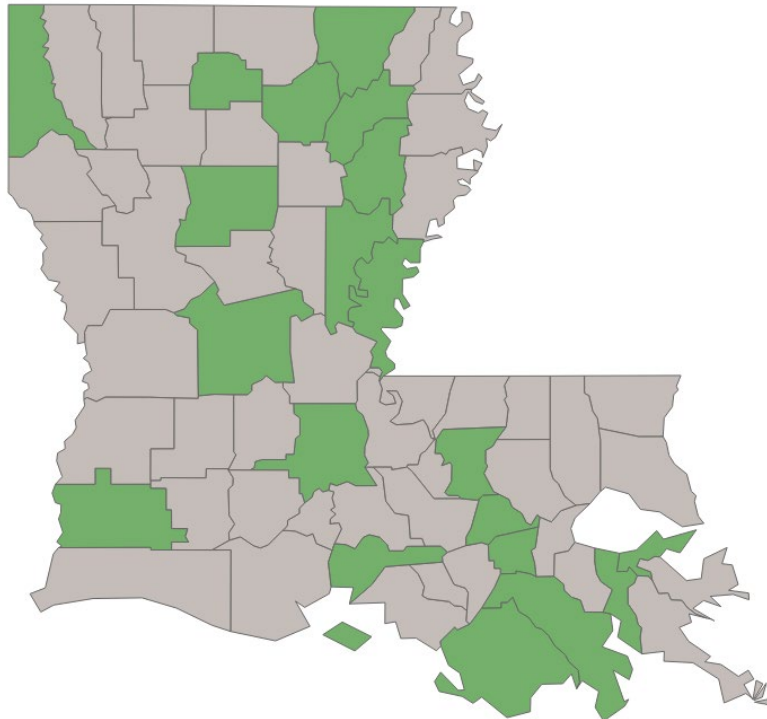
Allocated - \$780,000

The Department of Public Safety and Corrections funded a program designed to provide funds for short-term housing for individuals under the supervision of Division of Probation and Parole. In partnership with existing housing providers in the community, the goal of the program is to provide subsidized emergency and/or transitional housing for individuals under community supervision and facing homelessness; in order to improve a person’s chance of having a successful reentry experience by offering access to transitional housing opportunities. Similar to the Community Incentive Grant (CIG) Program, the ETH Program was started with the focus on the Tier 1 and Tier 2 parishes noted previously, and has expanded to a statewide effort in 2021.

When a Probation & Parole officer is aware of a client facing homelessness, the officer can refer the individual to one of the approved ETH housing providers in the area. Each ETH housing provider that houses a P&P-referred client receives a per-day reimbursement from the Department of Corrections on an “as needed basis”. The Department may fund up to 6 months of transitional housing or up to 2 weeks of emergency housing for an eligible P&P-referred client.

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022
Number of Housing Providers	16	28	39
Number of Persons Served	107	385	490

ETH Active Providers
(Denoted in Green Shading)



Average length of stay- 88 days (2.9 months)

⁸ Complete list of ETH Approved Providers can be found in Appendix C.

ETH Participants per Parish				
ETH Provider Parish	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Grand Total
Ascension		1	3	4
Caddo		25	56	81
Calcasieu	1		14	15
Catahoula		13	29	42
Concordia			12	12
East Baton Rouge	51	146	151	348
Franklin			2	2
Iberia	3		1	4
Jefferson	5	19	12	36
Lafayette		1	1	2
Lafourche			19	19
Lincoln			16	16
Morehouse			5	5
Orleans	16	73	26	115
Ouachita	4	34	41	79
Rapides	6	10	11	27
Richland			1	1
St. James		10	21	31
St. Landry	15	35	43	93
Terrebonne	6	18	15	39
Winn/ Webster			11	11
Grand Total	107	385	490	982

ETH Funding Expended Per Parish				
ETH Provider Parish	FY20	FY21	FY22	Total to date
Ascension		\$2,333.06	\$3,959.63	\$6,292.69
Caddo		\$41,296.50	\$83,789.28	\$125,085.78
Calcasieu			\$28,536.30	\$28,536.30
Catahoula		\$21,843.00	\$50,329.36	\$72,172.36
Concordia			\$13,158.68	\$13,158.68
East Baton Rouge	\$60,525.18	\$200,043.78	\$207,937.27	\$468,506.23
Franklin			\$1,776.00	\$1,776.00
Iberia	\$3,600.88		\$147.00	\$3,747.88
Jefferson	\$5,303.47	\$40,041.04	\$38,777.10	\$84,121.61
Lafayette		\$458.64	\$1,048.32	\$1,506.96
Lafourche			\$33,032.10	\$33,032.10
Lincoln			\$30,969.12	\$30,969.12
Morehouse			\$13,315.16	\$13,315.16
Orleans	\$11,274.79	\$95,575.68	\$32,944.60	\$139,795.07
Ouachita		\$42,022.57	\$61,350.44	\$103,373.01

Rapides	\$2,899.70	\$14,841.19	\$15,020.56	\$32,761.45
Richland			\$874.00	\$874.00
St. James		\$22,445.30	\$51,460.00	\$73,905.30
St. Landry	\$23,609.77	\$45,697.00	\$60,880.00	\$130,186.77
Terrebonne	\$8,875.94	\$33,336.32	\$17,824.60	\$60,036.86
Winn/ Webster			\$33,143.30	\$33,143.30
Grand Total	\$116,089.73	\$559,934.08	\$780,272.82	\$1,456,296.63

Other Statewide Reentry Related Services

Allocated \$750,000 (recurring and/or one time funding)

1. Local Community Coordinators **\$450,000**

The Community Coordinators serve as the facilitator and implementer of the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) in the local community. The Community Coordinator partners with and maintains effective working relationships with local, state and federal elected/appointed officials, community leaders and the public; facilitates the seamless and successful execution of program goals and initiatives in the local communities; insures stakeholder knowledge and solicits program support and sponsorship from diverse groups within the community; and serves as a liaison between the local community, support staff, and affiliated agencies to insure the execution of program logistics and client success.

Parish	Community Coordinators
Lafayette	Beacon Community Connections
Caddo/Bossier	Goodwill Industries Of North Louisiana
Ouachita	Goodwill Industries Of North Louisiana
Orleans	Goodwill Industries Of Southeastern La
Terrebonne/Lafourche	Goodwill Industries Of Southeastern La
East Baton Rouge	Metromorphosis
Rapides	United Way Of Central Louisiana
Jefferson	United Way Of Southeast Louisiana
St. Tammany	United Way Of Southeast Louisiana
Calcasieu	United Way Of Southwest Louisiana

2. State wide Transportation Initiative – **\$175,000**

3. East Baton Rouge DA’s Office *Chances* and *CHANGE* Initiative – **\$125,000**

Specialty Courts via Louisiana Supreme Court (\$1.9 million – one time funding in FY 19/20)

Status Update: The JRI legislation also authorizes the DPS&C to award funds to judicial districts for the purpose of the expansion of evidence backed prison alternatives and to reduce admissions into the state prison system. The establishment of Specialty Courts has increased significantly in the last few years throughout the country as an effective alternative to incarceration, or in some instances, as an alternative to long-term imprisonment. Due to the mid fiscal year start dates for several of the community awards, portions of the funds previously allocated to the Community Incentive Grant contractors for FY 18/19 and **FY19/20** were not used and thus available for a one time redistribution. DPS&C was therefore able to two one-time lump sum investments (\$1.4 million and \$500,000) to the Louisiana Supreme Court for the creation of new and the expansion of existing reentry courts, mental health courts, veterans courts and drug courts throughout the State. The Supreme Court was the direct recipient of this one time lump sum investment and will award these funds on a rolling basis to judicial districts via an application process.

Status Update on Use of Funding to date:

DOC provided funding to LA SC to be used for the following purposes:

1. Provide funding for the maintenance and expansion of case management and treatment support for authorized Reentry Court sub-grantees for existing Reentry Court Programs.
2. Provide funding for the establishment of new case management and treatment support services for authorized new Reentry Court Programs.
3. Provide funding for the expansion of case management and treatment support services for exiting mental health court, veterans court and drug court probation programs.
4. Provide funding for the expansion of case management and treatment support for authorized Drug Court Probation and behavioral/Mental Health court sub-grantees pursuant to existing programs.
5. Provide funding for the establishment of new case management and treatment support services for new Drug Court Probation and Behavioral Health/Mental Health court programs.

To date, the Louisiana Supreme Court allocated funding to the following⁹:

SFY 2019-2020	Awarded
22nd JDC Reentry Court	\$350,000.00
4th JDC Reentry Court	\$31,237.00
24th JDC Reentry Court	\$36,158.00
Total	\$417,395.00

SFY 2020-2021	Awarded
22nd JDC Reentry Court	\$123,340.96
4th JDC Reentry Court	\$35,807.50
24th JDC Reentry Court	\$90,000.00
22nd JDC Veterans Court	\$156,706.17
Total	\$405,854.63

SFY 2021-2022	Awarded
22nd JDC Reentry Court	\$168,865.16
4th JDC Reentry Court	\$40,717.01
24th JDC Reentry Court	\$168,315.03
22nd JDC Veterans Court	\$174,000.00
Total	\$551,897.20

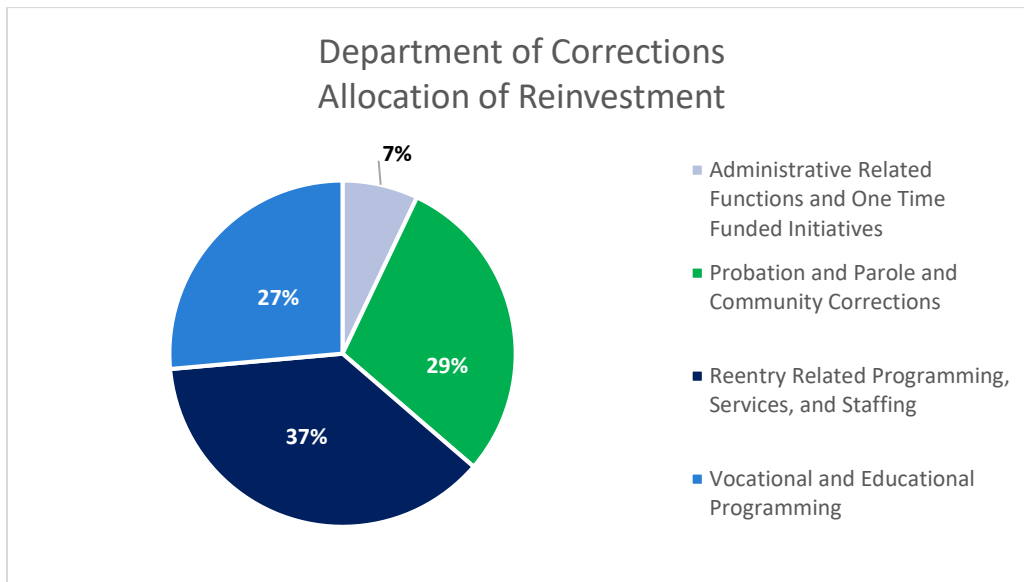
⁹ As reported by the Louisiana Supreme Court.

Department of Corrections Investments

FY 22 Budget (FY 21 savings realized):

FY 23 Budget (FY 22 savings realized): **\$10,675,939** and total Cumulative Investment to date: **\$44,269,529**

**Note- Breakout totals listed below are approximate numbers at the start of FY 23 and allocations are subject to change.*

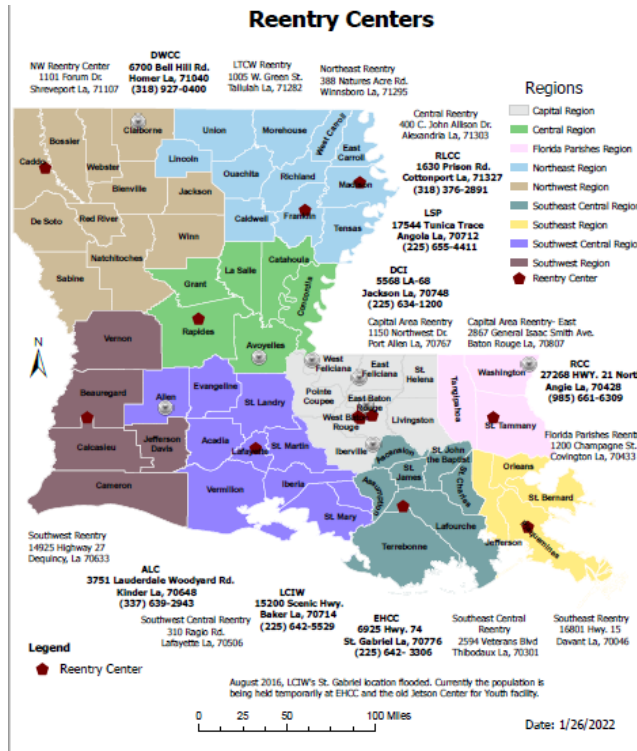


**Note- Breakout totals listed below are approximate numbers.*

Reentry Related Programming, Services, and Staffing

Allocated: \$3.95 million

Expansion of Regional Reentry Centers: Reentry Centers are a Department partnerships with regional jails across the state which house state level in order to provide critical reentry programming prior to release (Monroe, Thibodaux, Lafayette, Jefferson, Orleans, St Tammany, Lafourche, Phelps, Plaquemines).



- Expansion of Reentry Staff (transition specialists) statewide in local jails
- Expansion of Mental Health Screening Services in North and South Louisiana
- Employment Related:
 - Creation of Reentry Workforce Portal
 - 211 Statewide Partnership for Resource Directory
 - Ascension Staffing Contract: Employment placement assistance for IBC completers to help secure jobs for people prior to release from prison.
 - CEO Works Contract: provides support and employment placement assistance for high risk offenders contingent upon state funds being matched with SNAP ENT or LRS funds.
 - ATLO- job applications while in prison/ review virtual interviews while in prison.

Vocational and Educational Programming

Allocated: \$2.8 million

- Expansion of Vocational and Educational Programming for Industry Based Certifications and relative required supplies
 - Culinary, IC3, Reentry Workforce , SERVSAFE, Cosmetology, Carpentry, Moral Recognition Therapy, Parenting Program, ATLO Stations, Truck Driving/CDL, P.E. Welder-Fitter Apprentice, Small Engine, Automotive, Heavy Equipment, Furniture Restoration, iCEV Expansion and Computer Coding, Move On curriculum for females, Tyro Leadership program for Males
- Modernization of Pre-release Reentry Programming – Reentry Roadmap Curriculum. Pilot with 6,000 offenders.

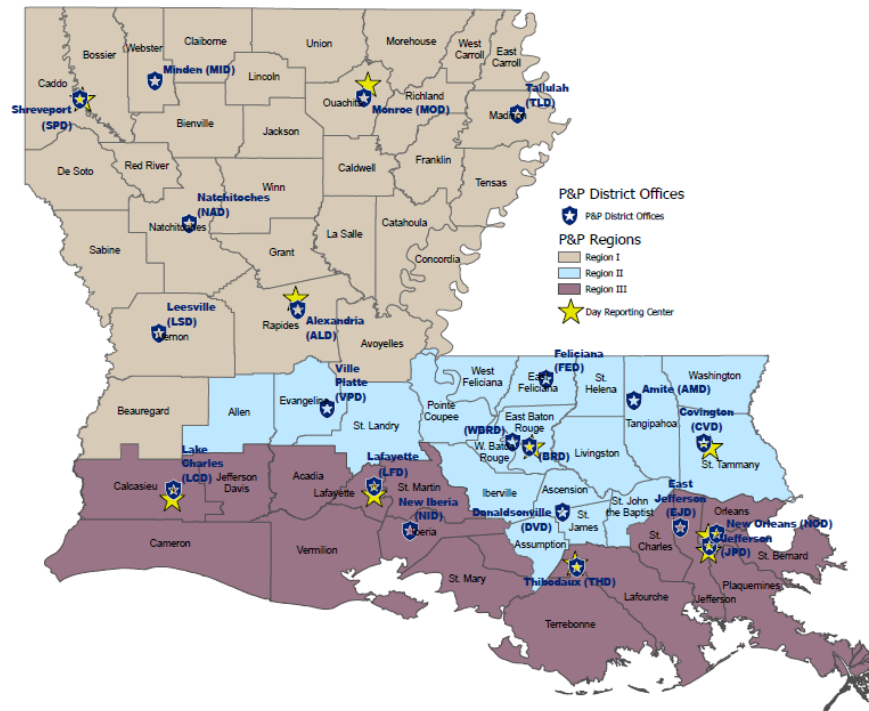
Probation and Parole (P&P) and Community Corrections Services

Allocated: \$3.1 million

- **Staffing:** Created 15 Reentry Program Managers in Probation and Parole districts to coordinate with community regarding available services for clients etc. These positions are filled by Probation and Parole agents whose primary role is to facilitate successful transition of people being released from prison into the community by connecting them with appropriate available resources.
- Public Information campaign/adds to promote available services
- **General Resources:**
 - Bus Passes (Monroe, Shreveport, New Orleans) 500 thirty day bus passes, 60 ten day bus passes, 30 one day bus passes
 - Louisiana identification card vouchers, for probationers
 - Hygiene kits to provide to clients upon arrival to district until IWF items are delivered.
 - Prepaid cell phones to give to clients, includes phone and one month of service with unlimited talk, text and 2 GB of data
 - Salvation Army Shelter Vouchers for Baton Rouge District
 - Living Waters Homeless Shelter Vouchers for Baton Rouge District
 - 14 Hour driving course and road skills test (Thibodaux, Alexandria, New Iberia, Baton Rouge, Natchitoches).

- **Expansion of Day Reporting Centers:** Day Reporting Centers are non-residential and non-custodial programs that provide reentry related services as well as therapeutic and rehabilitative alternatives to incarceration for lower level probation or parole violations. Day Reporting Centers provide effective and cost efficient interventions that reduce recidivism for adult offenders under probation and/or parole supervision with the State. (Monroe, Thibodaux, Lafayette, Jefferson, Lafourche, Baton Rouge, Covington, Shreveport, New Orleans, Lake Charles, Alexandria)

Day Reporting Center Locations



Administrative Related Functions and One Time funded Initiatives

Allocated- \$750,000

- Administrative functions of the Department’s JRI efforts
- 24th Judicial District Court
- Rise Up Louisiana Based Program.
- Falcon Mental Health Study
- Reentry Court Coordination Contract

Glossary

Baseline: Unless otherwise noted, “Baseline” is reflective either of the annual total of 2016 or a snapshot from December 31, 2016. The year 2016 was chosen because that is the last full year of data prior to JRI passage and implementation, which occurred partway through 2017.

Certified Treatment and Rehabilitation Program (CTRP): CTRP credits are a form of sentence credits which allow offenders who are sentenced to a fixed number of years in prison to incrementally earn time off their prison term. DPS&C evaluates programs within state prisons and local jails; those found to be evidence-based and standardized are declared to be CTRP programs. Incarcerated individuals who participate in those programs are eligible to earn CTRP credits and earn time off their prison term. Not all incarcerated individuals are eligible to earn CTRP credits.¹⁰ Those who are eligible for CTRP credits can earn up to 360 days total earned credits toward the reduction of the projected goodtime parole supervision date for program participation. Participants in the workforce development work release program are eligible to earn an additional 180 days of CTRP credit, for a possible total of 540 days of CTRP credit.

Day Reporting Center(DRC): a non-residential program for persons under supervision designed to provide enhanced community supervision/support, educational remediation, as well as rehabilitative services and behavior modification that address criminogenic needs for participants (male and female) referred by the Division of Probation and Parole. Participants referred will be supervised by P&P on probation, parole, or diminution of sentence and have technical violations of the conditions of supervision that would normally warrant a request for revocation; or participants returning from incarceration who are deemed to be a high risk for recidivism as determined by P&P.

Earned Compliance Credits (ECC): A diminution of sentence policy established under JRI Act 280 that awards 30 days off of an individual’s supervision term for every full calendar month they are in compliance with their supervision conditions. This allows people who comply with their supervision conditions to reduce their supervision term by up to half. When a person’s time served on supervision plus the time credited for compliance satisfies their full probation or parole term, they will complete the term of their supervision.

Felony Theft Threshold: A “felony theft threshold” is the dollar value at which theft or property damage is considered a felony.

Habitual Offender: Louisiana’s habitual offender statute allows prosecutors to seek longer sentences for defendants with prior felony convictions. JRI Act 281 reduced the mandatory minimum sentences for most second and third offenses, and eliminated the possibility of life sentences on a fourth conviction when the instant and all previous convictions are nonviolent.

Offense Types: The terms below are the offense categories that DPS&C utilizes throughout the report. There is the general distinction between violent and nonviolent, and then a more granular distinction between violent, drug, property, sex (nonviolent) and other offenses.

- **Violent Offense:** In this report, “violent offense” includes any situation where an individual’s primary offense (that is, the offense for which they received the longest sentence) is considered by the state of Louisiana to be a crime of violence. This includes offenses like murder, manslaughter, battery, sexual battery or rape, kidnapping, aggravated arson, aggravated burglary, robbery, stalking, domestic abuse aggravated assault, and home invasion (as defined by R.S. 14:2(B)).
- **Nonviolent Offense:** In this report, “nonviolent offense” includes any situation where an individual’s primary offense (that is, the offense which they received the longest sentence) is not considered by the state of Louisiana to be a crime of violence. Violent crimes are defined by R.S. 14:2(B)). The offense categories include: drug offenses, property offenses, nonviolent sex offenses, and other offenses.

¹⁰ See La. R.S. 15:828 for more information on who is not eligible for CTRP credits.

- **Drug Offenses:** “Drug offenses” in this report includes any situation where an individual’s primary offense (that is, the offense for which they received the longest sentence) is an offense that falls under the Louisiana Revised Statute Title 40, Uniformed Controlled Dangerous Substance Laws.
- **Property Offenses:** “Property offenses” in this report includes any situation where an individual’s primary offense (that is, the offense for which they received the longest sentence) is a property crime. This includes offenses like theft, property damage, or burglary.
- **Sex Offenses:** In this report, “sex offense” includes any situation where an individual’s primary offense (that is, the offense for which they received the longest sentence) is considered by the state of Louisiana to be a sex offense (under R.S. 15.541). This includes offenses like rape, sexual battery, voyeurism, trafficking for sexual purposes, or pornography involving juveniles.

Throughout this report, if “violent” and “sex offense” categories are split out, violent sex offenses are counted in the “violent” category, and the “sex offense” category includes only nonviolent sex offenses.

- **Other Offenses:** “Other” is a catch-all category that includes a variety of offenses that do not fit cleanly into the defined categories. Examples of “Other” offenses include Felon in Possession of Firearm and Driving Under the Influence.

Other - Supervision Type: “Other” reflects other types of supervision under the Division of Probation and Parole. These are specialized supervision cases, including drug court admissions, supervised release admissions and those individuals who were reviewed by a Sex Offender Assessment Panel (SOAP).

Supervision Closures: the terms below are the categories of how supervision cases are closed by the Division of Probation and Parole.

- **Successful:** the client reached the end of their supervision term successfully by earning ECCs, reaching the end of their sentence, or being granted early termination.
- **Unsuccessful:** the client absconded or was released unsatisfactorily
- **Revocations:** the client was revoked due to a new felony conviction, technical revocation, waiver –pending felony charges or waiver – technical.
- **Other Closure Type:** the client’s supervision case was closed due to an overturned conviction, was released to another state, was released to an institution, court order, death, or a revocation by a non-DPS&C entity.

Recidivism: Once an individual has been released from DPS&C incarceration through completed sentence, released on parole, conditional release, or split probation sentence – if that individual returns to DPS&C custody following a conviction for a new sentence or technical revocation of supervision, then it is considered an incident of recidivism. Recidivism is measured by DPS&C as a return to prison within five years following release.

Revocation: Due to a violation of the conditions of their supervision, either due to a technical violation or due to a new criminal charge, a supervisee is sentenced to finish the remainder of their sentence in jail or prison. They are fully returned to DPS&C custody and are no longer under P&P supervision. The DPS&C tracks the type of supervision that the person was under when revoked (i.e. probation revocation, good time parole revocation,

Sanctions: The below are all sanctions used by Probation and Parole to address violations of supervision conditions by an individual under their supervision. They are organized from the least serious response to most serious:

- **Non-Jail Administrative Sanction:** Probation and Parole Officers can respond to technical violations using a system-wide Performance Grid that matches problem behavior to proportionate sanctions. For example, non-jail sanctions may include: a verbal reprimand from the officer, community service work, increased drug testing, or implementing a curfew.
- **Administrative Jail Sanction:** For higher level technical violations, Probation and Parole Officers can order an individual to a “quick dip” in jail of 1-10 days.
- **Technical Revocation Jail Sanction:** The next level up in responding to higher level technical violations is a technical revocation jail sanction. Here, the supervisee is also sentenced to time in jail, but for a longer time. They

remain under P&P supervision while serving this sanction. JRI Act 281 limits jail time for these sanctions for those supervisees not sentenced for a violent crime or sex offense. For those individuals, jail time under this type of sanction is limited to:

- 15 days for a first sanction;
- 30 days for a second sanction; and
- 45 days for a third sanction.

Technical revocation Jail Sanctions are only available for people under supervision for non-violent, non sex offenses. For individuals on supervision for violent or sex offenses,

- **Full Revocation:** The most serious response can be used to respond to non-technical violations. Under a full revocation, the supervisee is sentenced to finish the remainder of their sentence in jail or prison. They are fully returned to DPS&C custody and are no longer under P&P supervision.

Supervision Level: The level of supervision for each person depends on offense type, risk score, and response to conditions of supervision. The level of supervision dictates the expectations between the P&P officer and the P&P client (e.g. how many times they must check-in with their officer). The Division of Probation and Parole makes this determination upon supervision intake.

Specialty Property Crimes: JRI Act 281 eliminated the following specialty crimes that were found to be duplicative of other theft, property damage, and burglary offenses: criminal damage to coin-operated devices; criminal damage of a pipeline facility; criminal damage to genetically engineered crops, genetically engineered crop facilities, or genetically engineered crop information; simple burglary of a pharmacy; simple burglary of a religious building; simple burglary of a law enforcement or emergency vehicle; theft of livestock; theft of timber; unauthorized use of “access card” as theft; theft of utility service; theft of petroleum products; theft of oilfield geological survey, seismograph, and production maps; theft of oil and gas equipment; theft of goods; cheating and swindling; theft of a business record; theft of assets of a person who is aged or a person with a disability; theft of utility product; theft of copper or other materials; theft of animals; unauthorized removal of property from governor’s mansion and the state capitol complex; and sale of forest products.

Technical Violation: A “technical violation” of probation or parole is when an individual on supervision is determined by the Probation or Parole Officer to not be following the conditions of their supervision. Technical violations are not a conviction for a new crime, and generally do not result in new charges. Examples of a technical violation include: failing to report for a scheduled office visit; missing a curfew; testing positive for a drug or alcohol screen; or changing residence without permission.

Appendix A—Performance Metrics Data

This section includes all data that Act 261 requires to be reported annually. Data highlights are included in the main body of the report.

Incarceration Data

Incarceration Snapshot

This section includes data looking at the overall snapshot composition of the prison population, broken down by admission type and offense type. Snapshot data is captured during the last week in December of each year.

Table 1a: Prison Population Snapshot by Admit Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Newly Sentenced Incarcerated Person	24,157	22,287	21,693	19,057	18,742
Probation Revocation	4,721	3,644	3,483	2,687	2,618
New Criminal Activity	1,133	1,010	1,070	838	836
Technical Revocation	3,546	2,614	2,400	1,837	1,774
Other Probation Revocation Type	42	20	13	12	8
Good Time Parole Revocation	6,525	6,043	5,869	4,866	4,576
New Criminal Activity	1,978	2,085	2,076	1,752	1,664
Technical Revocation	408	317	294	269	264
Waiver Technical	487	427	483	335	308
Waiver Pending	3,418	3,041	2,861	2,378	2,222
Other Good Time Parole Revocation Type	234	173	155	132	118
Parole Revocation	353	236	241	218	252
New Criminal Activity	125	93	100	89	106
Technical Revocation	28	18	14	12	15
Waiver Technical	31	25	28	23	25
Waiver Pending	151	86	86	82	95
Other Discretionary Parole Revocation Type	18	14	13	12	11
Other Supervision Types	3	269	238	198	189
New Criminal Activity	0	96	90	81	87
Technical Revocation	0	52	42	26	22
Waiver Technical	0	5	6	2	4
Waiver Pending	0	16	11	6	7
Other Revocation Type	3	100	89	83	69
Total Population	35,759	32,479	31,524	27,026	26,377

Table 1b: Prison Population Snapshot by Admit Type, Percentage of Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Newly Sentenced Incarcerated Person	67.6%	68.6%	68.8%	70.5%	71.1%
Probation Revocation	13.2%	11.2%	11.0%	9.9%	9.9%
Good Time Parole Revocation	18.2%	18.6%	18.6%	18.0%	17.3%
Parole Revocation	1.0%	0.7%	0.8%	0.8%	1.0%
Other Supervision Types	0.0%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Incarceration Snapshot—By Offense Type

Table 2a: Prison Population Snapshot by Offense Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	16,115	19,377	19,363	18,018	17,499
Drug	8,072	5,015	4,543	3,138	2,988
Property	5,595	5,110	4,643	3,358	3,200
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	1,849	1,357	1,384	1,344	1,370
Other Offenses	4,128	1,620	1,591	1,168	1,320
Grand Total	35,759	32,479	31,524	27,026	26,377

Table 2b: Prison Population Snapshot by Offense Type, Percentage of Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	45.1%	59.7%	61.4%	66.7%	66.3%
Drug	22.6%	15.4%	14.4%	11.6%	11.3%
Property	15.6%	15.7%	14.7%	12.4%	12.1%
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	5.2%	4.2%	4.4%	5.0%	5.2%
Other Offenses	11.5%	5.0%	5.0%	4.3%	5.0%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 3a: Prison Population Snapshot by Violent/Nonviolent					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	16,115	19,377	19,363	18,018	17,499
Nonviolent	19,644	13,102	12,161	9,008	8,878
Grand Total	35,759	32,479	31,524	27,026	26,377

Table 3b: Prison Population Snapshot by Violent/Nonviolent, Percentage of Total Population					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	45.1%	59.7%	61.4%	66.7%	66.3%
Nonviolent	54.9%	40.3%	38.6%	33.3%	33.7%
Total Population	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Incarceration Snapshot—By Targeted Offenses

Act 281 of JRI legislation tailored sentences for drug sentences according to weight, raised the felony theft threshold and modify penalties for certain offenses. The following table shows a snapshot of these offenses in DPS&C custody as of December of each year. *Note: This table reflect the number of people in custody with the specific charge. If a person was sentenced under multiple charges on this table, they would appear in both categories.*

Table 4: Prison Population Snapshot by Targeted Offenses					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Possession of Schedule I Drug (40.966)	453	1,005	813	621	568
Possession with Intent to Distribute of Schedule I Drug (40.966)	544	1,003	982	809	752
Possession of Schedule II Drug (40.967)	926	2,255	2,004	1,517	1,427
Possession with Intent to Distribute of Schedule II Drug (40.967)	771	1,084	1,049	864	781
Distribution of Schedule II Drug (40.967)	805	934	815	636	506
Felony Theft (14:67)	110	469	451	367	296
Theft of a Motor Vehicle (14:67.26)	66	194	191	182	179
Simple Burglary of Inhabited Dwelling (14:62.2)	364	725	660	537	443
Possession of Firearm by Felon (14:95.1)	1,028	2,342	2,410	2,158	2,009
Felony Simple Arson (14:52)	16	66	71	58	57
Grand Total	5,083	10,077	9,446	7,749	7,018

Admissions to Prison

This section includes data on admissions to prison, broken down by admission type (new felony vs. revocation) and offense type. Also included in this section is a breakdown of admissions by criminal history (number of prior felonies) as well as a look at admissions and sentence lengths for individuals admitted as habitual offenders.

Table 5a: Admissions by Admit Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	7,962	8,040	8,055	4,695	6,408
Probation Revocation	3,370	3,178	3,478	1,835	2,341
New Criminal Activity	643	707	848	436	626
Technical Revocation	2,710	2,470	2,630	1,399	1,703
Waiver Pending	0	0	0	0	8
Waiver Technical	0	0	0	0	4
Other Probation Revocation Type	17	1	0	0	0
Good Time Parole Revocation	4,811	4,692	4,588	3,066	3,319
New Criminal Activity	800	1,140	1,192	677	772
Technical Revocation	284	269	262	167	244
Waiver Pending	3,207	2,788	2,590	1,876	2,022
Waiver Technical	520	495	544	346	281
Discretionary Parole Revocation	142	97	101	66	85
New Criminal Activity	28	30	37	18	36
Technical Revocation	11	5	2	4	6
Waiver Pending	89	49	48	36	35
Waiver Technical	14	13	14	8	8
Other Supervision Revocation Types	19	52	9	34	43
New Criminal Activity	0	5	3	16	15
Technical Revocation	0	35	5	11	18
Waiver Pending	0	11	1	6	6
Waiver Technical	0	1	0	0	2
Unknown	19	0	0	1	2
Total Admissions	16,304	16,059	16,231	9,696	12,196

Table 5b: Admissions by Admit Type, Percentage of Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	48.8%	50.1%	49.6%	48.4%	52.5%
Probation Revocation	20.7%	19.8%	21.4%	18.9%	19.2%
Good Time Parole Revocation	29.5%	29.2%	28.3%	31.6%	27.2%
Discretionary Parole Revocation	0.9%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%
Other Supervision Revocation Types	0.1%	0.3%	0.1%	0.4%	0.4%
Total Admissions	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 6a: Admissions by Offense Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	7,962	8,039	8,055	4,694	6,406
Violent	2,094	2,279	2,136	1,213	1,859
Drug	2,150	2,195	2,308	1,332	1,645
Property	2,178	1,971	1,943	1,105	1,430
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	303	246	242	192	275
Other Offenses	1,237	1,348	1,426	852	1,197
Revocations	8,342	8,019	8,176	5,001	5,788
Violent	1,534	1,490	1,598	1,014	1,240
Drug	2,692	2,716	2,820	1,657	1,945
Property	3,547	3,171	3,066	1,865	2,034
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	115	67	69	49	52
Other Offenses	454	575	623	416	517
Grand Total	16,304	16,058	16,231	9,695	12,194

Table 6b: Admissions by Offense Type, Percentage of Total

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	48.8%	50.1%	49.6%	48.4%	52.5%
Violent	12.8%	14.2%	13.2%	12.5%	15.2%
Drug	13.2%	13.7%	14.2%	13.7%	13.5%
Property	13.4%	12.3%	12.0%	11.4%	11.7%
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	1.9%	1.5%	1.5%	2.0%	2.3%
Other Offenses	7.6%	8.4%	8.8%	8.8%	9.8%
Revocations	51.2%	49.9%	50.4%	51.6%	47.5%
Violent	9.4%	9.3%	9.8%	10.5%	10.2%
Drug	16.5%	16.9%	17.4%	17.1%	16.0%
Property	21.8%	19.7%	18.9%	19.2%	16.7%
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.4%
Other Offenses	2.8%	3.6%	3.8%	4.3%	4.2%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 7a: Admissions by Number of Prior Felonies

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
0 Prior Felonies	4,716	5,068	5,319	3,218	3,970
1 Prior Felony	2,906	2,795	2,836	1,640	1,953
2 Prior Felonies	2,492	2,237	2,329	1,410	1,676
3-5 Prior Felonies	4,322	4,090	3,919	2,329	2,982
More than 5 Prior Felonies	1,868	1,868	1,828	1,098	1,613
Total	16,304	16,058	16,231	9,695	12,194

Table 7b: Admissions by Number of Prior Felonies, Percentage of Total

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
0 Prior Felonies	28.9%	31.6%	32.8%	33.2%	32.6%
1 Prior Felony	17.8%	17.4%	17.5%	16.9%	16.0%
2 Prior Felonies	15.3%	13.9%	14.3%	14.5%	13.7%
3-5 Prior Felonies	26.5%	25.5%	24.1%	24.0%	24.5%
More than 5 Prior Felonies	11.5%	11.6%	11.3%	11.3%	13.2%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 8: Admissions—Habitual Offenders					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
# of Habitual Offender Sentences	466	146	195	57	89
Average Sentence Length for Habitual Offenders (months)	124.8	175.1	184.6	110.1	119.4

Sentence Length

This section includes data on average sentence lengths, broken down by admission type and offense type.

Table 9: Average Sentence Length by Admit Type (months)					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	80.2	71.7	67.5	56.3	64.49
Probation Revocation	192.2	188.9	113.2	106	197.1
New Criminal Activity	69.1	63.6	63.6	58.4	58.7
Technical Revocation	60.1	53.3	49.6	47.6	49.3
Waiver Pending	0	0	0	0	56.1
Waiver Technical	0	0	0	0	33
Unknown	63	72	0	0	0
Good Time Parole Revocation	273.5	257	239.7	230.2	248.9
New Criminal Activity	79.2	78.1	74.2	76.4	85.4
Technical Revocation	66.6	66.3	62.4	61.2	58.5
Waiver Pending	64.9	59.5	52.5	48	52.6
Waiver Technical	62.8	53.1	50.6	44.6	52.4
Parole Revocation	435.7	499.5	480.7	467.8	549.6
New Criminal Activity	125.9	164.6	125.1	233.2	182.8
Technical Revocation	130.2	73.4	54	74.5	138.5
Waiver Pending	57.1	86.4	168.6	81.3	86
Waiver Technical	122.5	175.1	133	78.8	142.3
Other Supervision Types	81.5	298.2	91	465.1	275.1
New Criminal Activity	0	114	20	67.1	68.9
Technical Revocation	0	63.3	48	51.3	44.2
Waiver Pending	0	60.9	23	226.7	79.5
Waiver Technical	0	60	0	0	31.5
Other	81.5	0	0	120	51

Table 10: New Felony Admissions- Average Sentence Length by Offense Type (months)					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	122.9	119.5	122.1	91.9	100.3
Drug	69.5	51.5	46.9	40.1	43.8
Property	60.4	51.8	47	43.2	49.6
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	104	101	109.7	92.7	108.0
Other Offenses	55.8	47.2	39.5	39.9	45.2

Release from Prison

This section includes data on individuals releasing from prison, broken down by release reason, offense type, and admission type. Releases from prison include any person incarcerated under DPS&C custody at a state or local facility who was released from that incarcerated setting during the noted year.

Table 11a: All Releases from Prison by Release Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Discretionary Parole	323	491	626	490	314
Good Time Parole	14,621	14,623	14,551	12,077	10,641
Expiration of Sentence	1,123	1,418	1,270	991	1,011
Other Release Type	507	573	491	477	606
Grand Total	16,574	17,105	16,938	14,035	12,572

Table 11b: All Releases from Prison by Release Type, Percentage Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Discretionary Parole	1.9%	2.9%	3.7%	3.5%	2.5%
Good Time Parole	88.2%	85.5%	85.9%	86.0%	84.6%
Expiration of Sentence	6.8%	8.3%	7.5%	7.1%	8.0%
Other Release Type	3.1%	3.3%	2.9%	3.4%	4.8%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 12a: All Releases from Prison by Offense Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	2,348	3,178	3,308	3,106	3,150
Drug	6,096	5,802	5,684	4,479	3,721
Property	4,958	5,733	5,408	4,149	3,636
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	333	264	260	257	275
Other Offenses	2,839	2,128	2,278	2,044	1,790
Grand Total	16,574	17,105	16,938	14,035	12,572

Table 12b: All Releases from Prison by Offense Type, Percentage Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	14.2%	18.6%	19.5%	22.1%	25.1%
Drug	36.8%	33.9%	33.6%	31.9%	29.6%
Property	29.9%	33.5%	31.9%	29.6%	28.9%
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	2.0%	1.5%	1.5%	1.8%	2.2%
Other Offenses	17.1%	12.4%	13.4%	14.6%	14.2%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 13a: All Releases from Prison by Admit Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	8,401	8,509	8,567	7,281	6,613
Probation Revocation	3,462	3,768	3,541	2,586	2,351
New Criminal Activity	635	714	766	660	613
Technical Revocation	2,803	3,042	2,768	1,924	1,731
Waiver Pending	-	-	-	-	2
Waiver Technical	-	-	-	-	3
All other	24	12	7	2	2
Good Time Parole Revocation	4,495	4,597	4,654	4,030	3,508
New Criminal Activity	790	1,044	1,170	989	822
Technical Revocation	316	264	268	188	241
Waiver Pending	2,920	2,785	2,732	2,340	2,126
Waiver Technical	469	474	467	490	305
Other Good Time Parole Revocation Type	0	30	17	23	14
Discretionary Parole Revocation	178	128	94	90	50
New Criminal Activity	49	41	30	30	19
Technical Revocation	14	7	5	6	3
Waiver Pending	92	62	47	40	21
Waiver Technical	23	15	11	13	6
Other Discretionary Parole Revocation Type	0	3	1	1	1
Other Supervision Revocation Types	0	103	82	48	50
New Criminal Activity	0	17	14	12	8
Technical Revocation	0	53	34	17	21
Waiver Pending	0	7	20	4	2
Waiver Technical	0	1	1	4	0
Other Supervision Revocation Types	0	25	13	11	19
Grand Total	16,536	17,105	16,938	14,035	12,572

Table 13a: All Releases from Prison by Admit Type, Percentage Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	50.8%	49.7%	50.6%	51.9%	52.6%
Probation Revocation	20.9%	22.0%	20.9%	18.4%	18.7%
Good Time Parole Revocation	27.2%	26.9%	27.5%	28.7%	27.9%
Discretionary Parole Revocation	1.1%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.4%
Other Supervision Revocation Types	0.0%	0.6%	0.5%	0.3%	0.4%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Average Length of Stay

This section includes data on the average length of time individuals serve, broken down by admission type and offense type.

Table 14: Average Length of Stay (Months) of All Releases by Admit Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
New Felony Admissions	30.4	30.3	29.5	33.4	36.8
Probation Revocation					
New Criminal Activity	22.7	18.3	15.7	17.0	18.4
Technical Revocation	16.6	12.0	12.0	15.3	16.1
Waiver Technical	-	-	-	-	1.2
Waiver Pending	-	-	-	-	2.4
All Other	26.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Good Time Parole Revocation					
New Criminal Activity	34.7	29.2	25.8	27.2	27.7
Technical Revocation	21.7	19.1	16.3	17.3	15.3
Waiver Technical	10.7	11.6	11.4	11.6	13.2
Waiver Pending	12.5	12.9	13.3	13.8	14.2
All Other	-	-	-	-	-
Discretionary Parole Revocation					
New Criminal Activity	52.2	39.9	50.7	78.0	105.1
Technical Revocation	41.5	32.5	50.3	58.6	24.6
Waiver Technical	17.1	25.8	22.8	33.3	13.7
Waiver Pending	18.5	19.2	24.8	24.9	25.0
All Other	-	-	-	-	-
Other Supervision Revocation Types					
New Criminal Activity	-	154.4	147.8	241.6	183.9
Technical Revocation	-	14.4	15.9	17.9	25.9
Waiver Technical	-	7.7	12.0	25.7	0.0
Waiver Pending	-	13.7	10.3	28.1	27.1
Other Supervision Revocation Types	128.8	-	-	-	-

Table 15: Average Length of Stay (Months) of All Releases by Offense Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	65.0	57.5	54.8	62.3	64.3
Drug	18.3	16.3	15.4	15.3	15.3
Property	15.1	14.7	14.0	15.5	15.4
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	49.7	48.0	56.5	52.1	57.0
Other Offenses	16.6	12.6	11.3	13.1	12.6

Discretionary Parole

This section includes data on the number and outcome of discretionary parole hearings. Act 280 and Act 277 expanded discretionary parole eligibility to individuals who were not previously eligible under Louisiana law.

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
2nd Degree Murder Hearings Held (Act 280)	N/A	47	37	5	7
2nd Degree Murder Grant Rate (Act 280)	N/A	57.4%	48.6%	80.0%	77.8%
Juvenile Lifers Hearings Held (Act 277)	N/A	36	17	24	20
Juvenile Lifers Grant Rate (Act 277)	N/A	80.6%	58.8%	70.8%	65.0%
Total Hearings Held	1,270	1,613	1,682	1,390	1,331
Overall Grant Rate	37.9%	46.7%	43.7%	48.6%	48.2%

Releases—Medical Treatment Furlough

This section includes data on the considered and grant rate for individuals eligible for medical treatment furlough.

Measure	2016	2018 ¹¹	2019	2020	2021
Recommended by Unit Medical Director	N/A	30	7	1	14
Considered by Parole Board	N/A	16	4	0	6
Approved by Parole Board	N/A	10	4	0	3

Good Time & GTRP Credits

This section includes data on sentence credits earned by incarcerated individuals for good behavior (“good time”) and participation in Certified Treatment and Rehabilitation Programs (CTRP).

Measure	2018 Total/ Average	2019 Total/ Average	2020 Total/ Average	2021 Total/ Average
Number of Releasing Individuals Who Earned Good Time ¹²	14,781	14,550	12,077	10,641
Average Number of Good Time Months Earned by Releasing Individuals	32.2	31.0	32.4	33.4
Average Number of Good Time Days Earned by Releasing Individuals	979	943	986	1,015

Measure	2018 Total/ Average	2019 Total/ Average	2020 Total/ Average	2021 Total/ Average
Number of Releasing Individuals Who Earned CTRP Credit ¹³	7,021	7,027	6,384	4,869
Average Number of CTRP Months Earned by Releasing Individuals	7.2	7.1	7.8	7.7
Average Number of CTRP Days Earned by Releasing Individuals	217.54	215.04	236.56	234.45
Percentage of Good-Time Releasing Individuals who Earned CTRP Credit	47.5%	48.3%	52.9%	45.8%

¹¹ In 2018, the Legislature passed Act 573, which removed 1st degree murder from eligibility for Medical Treatment Furlough. It became effective August 1, 2018.

¹² This reflects the annual totals of individuals who released and earned good time. This may not reflect the annual total of individual released via good time.

¹³ This reflects the quarterly totals of individuals who released and earned CTRP credits. This may not reflect the annual total of individual released with CTRP credits.

Community Supervision Data

Community Supervision Snapshot

This section includes data looking at the overall snapshot composition of the community supervision population, broken down by supervision level, and by supervision type. This is snapshot data that is captured during the final week of December each year.

Table 20a: Supervision Snapshot- By Supervision Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation	39,788	33,416	31,819	27,876	25,843
Discretionary Parole	2,734	2,540	2,659	2,718	2,532
Good Time Parole	28,833	23,163	20,920	18,757	16,314
Other	173	250	263	276	288
Grand Total	71,528	59,369	55,661	49,627	44,977

Table 20b: Supervision Snapshot, By Percentage Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation	55.6%	56.3%	57.2%	56.2%	57.5%
Discretionary Parole	3.8%	4.3%	4.8%	5.5%	5.6%
Good Time Parole	40.3%	39.0%	37.6%	37.8%	36.3%
Other	0.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Community Supervision Snapshot—Officer Caseload

This section includes data on the average officer caseload for allocated positions across the state. This section provides the overall annual average caseload throughout the year, as well as the average caseload as of December of each year.

Table 21: Supervision Officer Caseload (Allocated)- Annual					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Average Supervision Officer Caseload	140.3	122.6	114.7	99.4	91.0

Community Supervision Intakes¹⁴

This section includes data on community supervision (probation/parole) intakes, broken down by intake type and offense type, as well as sentence length. This section also includes information about who begins probation, by prior number of offenses and the average probation sentence length upon intake.

Table 22a: Supervision Intakes by Supervision Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation	12,571	13,928	13,877	8,892	11,233
Discretionary Parole	655	765	880	708	469
Good Time Parole	15,722	14,827	14,773	12,221	10,777
Other Supervision Type	144	106	92	77	102
Grand Total	29,092	29,626	29,622	21,898	22,581

¹⁴ In the previous 2018-2021 reports, DPS&C reported different totals regarding for Community Supervision Intakes. These differences are minor and the error was due to data transfers between record keeping systems. The totals presented in this report are accurate and have been updated in the previous reports (2018-2021).

Table 22b: Supervision Intakes by Supervision Type, Percentage Total

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation	43.2%	47.0%	46.8%	40.6%	49.7%
Discretionary Parole	2.3%	2.6%	3.0%	3.2%	2.1%
Good Time Parole	54.0%	50.0%	49.9%	55.8%	47.7%
Other Supervision Type	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 23: Probation Intakes by Offense Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	1,196	1,873	1,715	1,195	1,700
Drug	5,103	6,287	6,519	4,017	4,956
Property	3,198	3,932	3,652	2,171	2,650
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	162	206	211	145	197
Other Offenses	2,912	1,630	1,780	1,364	1,730
Grand Total	12,571	13,928	13,877	8,892	11,233

Table 24: Discretionary Parole Intakes by Offense Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	158	196	198	196	179
Drug	242	310	380	285	164
Property	150	208	236	157	93
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	16	12	18	16	11
Other Offenses	89	39	48	54	22
Grand Total	655	765	880	708	469

Table 25: Good Time Parole Intakes by Offense Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	1,564	2,611	2,780	2,525	2,471
Drug	6,182	5,143	5,165	4,180	3,414
Property	4,993	5,335	4,938	3,769	3,267
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	29	26	17	11	12
Other Offenses	2,954	1,712	1,873	1,736	1,613
Grand Total	15,722	14,827	14,773	12,221	10,777

Table 26: Average Sentence Length (months) for Probation Intakes by Offense Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Violent	37.5	36.9	36.0	35.6	34.8
Drug	36.3	33.2	31.2	31.2	32.1
Property	35.8	35.0	33.0	32.6	32.4
Sex Offense (Nonviolent)	41.3	46.0	43.4	42.8	41.4
Other Offenses	15.5	37.2	35.2	34.0	33.3

Community Supervision Violations & Sanctions

This section includes data on community supervision violations and sanction responses, including administrative sanctions and technical revocations.

Table 27a: Probation and Parole Violations by Supervision Type ¹⁵				
Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation	16,012	17,885	10,762	10,419
Level 1	4,511	4,771	2,020	2,157
Level 2	3,327	4,579	2,824	2,629
Level 3	1,429	1,543	850	755
Level 4	6,745	6,992	5,063	4,872
Unknown			5	6
Discretionary Parole	572	741	422	522
Level 1	140	195	95	132
Level 2	140	204	82	132
Level 3	56	85	39	43
Level 4	236	257	206	215
Good Time Parole	14,094	14,496	8,639	8,138
Level 1	3,614	3,615	1,672	1,712
Level 2	2,247	2,431	1,192	1,012
Level 3	1,125	1,156	536	417
Level 4	7,108	7,294	5,238	4,995
Unknown			1	2
Other Type of Supervision	1,333	1,289	726	798
Level 1	400	367	140	150
Level 2	246	294	153	193
Level 3	116	96	47	55
Level 4	571	532	386	400
Grand Total	32,011	34,411	20,549	19,877

Table 27b: Probation and Parole Violations by Supervision Type, Percentage Total				
Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation	50.0%	52.0%	52.4%	52.4%
Level 1	14.1%	13.9%	9.8%	10.9%
Level 2	10.4%	13.3%	13.7%	13.2%
Level 3	4.5%	4.5%	4.1%	3.8%
Level 4	21.1%	20.3%	24.6%	24.5%
Unknown	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Discretionary Parole	1.8%	2.2%	2.1%	2.6%
Level 1	0.4%	0.6%	0.5%	0.7%
Level 2	0.4%	0.6%	0.4%	0.7%
Level 3	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Level 4	0.7%	0.7%	1.0%	1.1%
Good Time Parole	44.0%	42.1%	42.0%	40.9%
Level 1	11.3%	10.5%	8.1%	8.6%
Level 2	7.0%	7.1%	5.8%	5.1%
Level 3	3.5%	3.4%	2.6%	2.1%
Level 4	22.2%	21.2%	25.5%	25.1%
Unknown	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Type of Supervision	4.2%	3.7%	3.5%	4.0%

¹⁵ Due to data reporting constraints, there is not By Level, By Type of Supervision data for 2016.

Level 1	1.2%	1.1%	0.7%	0.8%
Level 2	0.8%	0.9%	0.7%	1.0%
Level 3	0.4%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%
Level 4	1.8%	1.5%	1.9%	2.0%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 28: Administrative Non-Jail Sanctions

Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total Administrative Non-Jail Sanctions	30,814	26,753	24,228	23,428

Table 29: Administrative Jail Sanctions, by Jail Days Imposed

Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of Times Jail Sanction Imposed	941	830	217	89
Average Days Imposed	5.6	5.5	5.2	5.7

Table 30: Administrative Jail Sanctions, By Violation Level

Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Level 1 Violations: Number of Jail Sanctions	41	42	14	4
Level 1 Violations: Average Days Imposed	2.3	2.1	2.2	2.3
Level 2 Violations: Number of Jail Sanctions	596	485	108	57
Level 2 Violations: Average Days Imposed	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.8
Level 3 Violations: Number of Jail Sanctions	300	268	87	27
Level 3 Violations: Average Days Imposed	8.3	7.8	6.6	8.0
Level 4 Violations: Number of Jail Sanctions	4	35	8	1
Level 4 Violations: Average Days Imposed	7.8	7.6	6.8	5.0

Table 31: Probation and Parole Technical Revocation

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Number of Technical Revocation Jail Sanction	2,392	1,073	1,370	283	130
Average Days in Custody	66.7	22.7	19.0	15.3	14.2

Table 32: Probation and Parole Earned Compliance Credits

Measure	2018	2019	2020	2021
Percentage of People Who were eligible to Earn Credits	73.9%	72.1%	70.3%	71.3%
Average months of Compliance Credits Earned	1.76	1.33	1.29	2.00
Number of offenders who did not earn compliance credits	5,451	8,769	6,387	5,919
Compliance Credit months rescinded	11,133	28,118	25,207	25,076

Community Supervision Sanctions—Full Revocations to Prison

This section includes data on probation and parole full revocations, including the number and the percentage of individuals on supervision who were revoked, and the average revocation sentence length. This section also includes data on the average amount of “street time” credited for time spent on supervision, as well as the average amount of time credited for time spent awaiting a revocation decision.

Table 33: Probation and Parole Full Revocations					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Probation Revocations	3,370	3,178	3,478	1,835	2,341
New Criminal Activity	643	707	848	436	634
Technical Revocation	2,710	2,470	2,630	1,399	1,707
Other Probation Revocation Type	17	1			
Discretionary Parole Revocations	142	97	101	66	85
New Criminal Activity	117	79	85	54	71
Non-Criminal Activity (Technical)	25	18	16	12	14
Good Time Parole Revocations	4,820	4,692	4,588	3,066	3,319
New Criminal Activity	4,007	3,928	3,782	2,553	2,794
Non-Criminal Activity (Technical)	804	764	806	513	525
Other Good Time Parole Revocation Type	9	0	0	0	0
Other Supervision Type Revocations	10	52	9	34	43
New Criminal Activity	2	16	4	22	21
Non-Criminal Activity (Technical)	8	36	5	11	20
Other Revocation Type		0	0	1	2
Total Revocations-New Criminal Activity	4,769	4,730	4,719	3,065	3,520
Total Revocations- Noncriminal Violation	3,573	3,289	3,457	1,936	2,268
Total Revocations	8,342	8,019	8,176	5,001	5,788

Table 34: Probation and Parole Full Revocations—Credit Toward Revocation Sentence for Street Time					
Measure	2016 Quarter 4 ¹⁶	2018 Average ¹⁷	2019 Average ¹⁸	2020 Average	2021 Average
Average Time Credited for "Street Time" days	336	468	459	446	482

Table 35: Probation and Parole Full Revocations—Credit Toward Time Served Awaiting Revocation Hearing					
Measure	2016 Quarter 4	2018 Average	2019 Average	2020 Average	2021 Average
Average Time Credited for "Pre-Revocation" days	196	171	178	190	210

Community Supervision Closures

This section includes data on supervision discharges by closure type as well as the average length of time served on supervision.

Table 36a: Probation Closures by Closure Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Successful	7,280	11,497	8,282	7,813	6,786
Full Expiration	6,360	1,432	1,754	2,631	3,050

¹⁶ This is the only quarter of 2016 data that was captured around the end of 2017.

¹⁷ Due to time sensitive nature of this data, this is an average of four quarterly snapshots taken during 2018 at the end of each quarter.

¹⁸ Due to time sensitive nature of this data, this is an average of four quarterly snapshots taken during 2019 at the end of each quarter.

Early Termination	920	861	861	761	717
Earned Compliance Closure	0	9,204	5,667	4,421	3,019
Unsuccessful	1,107	1,297	1,470	1,315	1,811
Revocations	3,362	3,181	3,480	1,838	2,341
Other Closure Type	2,170	2,149	2,269	1,896	2,304
Grand Total	13,919	18,124	15,501	12,862	13,242

Table 36b: Probation Closures by Closure Type, Percentage Total

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Successful	52.3%	63.4%	53.4%	60.7%	51.2%
Full Expiration	45.7%	7.9%	11.3%	20.5%	23.0%
Early Termination	6.6%	4.8%	5.6%	5.9%	5.4%
Earned Compliance Closure	0.0%	50.8%	36.6%	34.4%	22.8%
Unsuccessful	8.0%	7.2%	9.5%	10.2%	13.7%
Revocations	24.2%	17.6%	22.5%	14.3%	17.7%
Other Closure Type	15.6%	11.9%	14.6%	14.7%	17.4%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 37: Probation Average Time Served (months) by Closure Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Successful	66.46	97.25	84.14	80.8	81.63
Full Expiration	36.99	40.23	36.28	35.04	36.35
Early Termination	29.47	28.49	25.44	27.79	28.96
Earned Compliance Closure	0	28.53	22.42	17.97	16.32
Unsuccessful	46.38	49.67	49.46	52.01	57.53
Revocations	23.69	18.4	18.2	17.9	19.79
Other Closure Type	26.89	28.16	32.54	31.54	33.88

Table 38a: Parole Discharges by Closure Type

Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Successful	7,079	11,650	9,804	9,239	7,366
Full Expiration	7,079	1,531	1,506	1,622	1,527
Earned Compliance Closure	0	10,119	8,298	7,617	5,839
Unsuccessful	1,020	845	802	794	852
Revocations	4,956	4,785	4,692	3,139	3,405
Other Closure Type	1,066	2,599	2,350	1,814	1,853
Grand Total	14,121	19,879	17,648	14,986	13,476

Table 38b: Parole Discharges by Closure Type, Percentage Total					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Successful	50.1%	58.6%	55.6%	61.7%	54.7%
Full Expiration	50.1%	7.7%	8.5%	10.8%	11.3%
Earned Compliance Closure	0.0%	50.9%	47.0%	50.8%	43.3%
Unsuccessful	7.2%	4.3%	4.5%	5.3%	6.3%
Revocations	35.1%	24.1%	26.6%	20.9%	25.3%
Other Closure Type	7.5%	13.1%	13.3%	12.1%	13.8%
Grand Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table 39: Parole Average Time Served (Months) by Closure Type					
Measure	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021
Successful	78.27	49.22	44.66	43.4	46.62
Full Expiration	44.15	26.17	23.73	24.09	27
Earned Compliance Closure	0	23.05	20.93	19.31	19.62
Other Successful Parole Closure Type	34.12	0	0	0	0
Unsuccessful	48.45	35.54	36.28	32.32	33.54
Revocations	38.19	17.72	16.81	17	17.9
Other Closure Type	29.96	13.66	12.37	12.35	14.06

Appendix B- Community Incentive Grant Program Descriptions

Tier 1 Contracts Awarded in 2018

1. The Life of a Single Mom

Program Name: TLSM Single Moms' Prison Initiative

The Single Moms' Prison Initiative focuses on educational services to promote family reunification, reentry services to provide parolees with support services for long-term reduction in recidivism, and reducing incarceration rates. The program will provide a 12-week Single Parenting 101 support group at both LCIW locations prior to release. Participants will have one-year free access to 107 self-paced online life skills courses through Single Mom University. Case management services will include referral of resources within the community, mentoring, counseling and support group services. On site instruction at a mandatory 100-hour pre-release classes for re-entry to the community.

- Parish Served: East Baton Rouge
- Annual Award Amount: \$57,529
- Contract Period: January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2021

2. United Way of Northwest Louisiana

Program Name: EXIT-318 (EX-offenders In Transition)

EXIT-318 program has developed a framework to create a Continuum of Care to provide services to support returning participant's needs to be successful and stay out of jail. The critical case management will involve developing a service plan that will define action steps, resources needed, challenges and track progress for each participant. Housing assistance will help to locate safe, decent and affordable housing for participants. Employment services will provide a combination of targeted employment services aimed at increasing employment outcomes. EXIT-318 will also provide job placement services to the public including access to virtual job readiness training, job lead assistance and retention services.

- Parishes Served: Caddo
- Annual Award Amount: \$365,635
- Contract Periods: January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2021

3. Center for Educational Excellence in Alternative Settings (CEEAS)

Program Name: T.H. Rises (formerly, The Welcoming Project)

T.H. Rises aims to reduce recidivism by improving opportunities for and connecting justice involved individuals to mentoring and peer support, employment and job readiness opportunities, education and vocational training, mental health services, and other wraparound services. It is structured around small support groups made up of participants, Welcoming Project staff, and volunteers, including mentors. When a student is released from a Travis Hill School site, he/she is enrolled into T.H. Rises and becomes a "Fellow". The Fellows in the project will have a team of adults who will support them; participate in weekly community gatherings, tutoring, local events that highlight Fellow interest and passions, one on one mentoring and they will receive wrap-around support for basic social services and related needs.

- Parish Served: Orleans
- Annual Award Amount: \$125,000
- Contract Period: February 1, 2019 – January 31, 2021

4. Louisiana Parole Project

Program Name: Guided Community Reentry of Paroled Lifers and Long-Termers

The Louisiana Parole Project will expand services offered through the Guided Community Reentry Program for high stakes/high needs juvenile lifers (Act 277), 40-year lifers (Act 280), and others who have been incarcerated 20 or more years (Acts 790 and 1099) granted release by the Committee on Parole. The program is dedicated to public safety through smart reintegration of returning citizens. The program employs a multidisciplinary approach to reorientation and reentry that gradually integrates participants into communities as talented and experienced citizens. The program assists returning participants with ongoing peer support, mentorship, housing, employment and guidance towards continual progress of the individualized reentry accountability plan.

- Parishes Served: East Baton Rouge, Orleans, St. Tammany, Jefferson, Caddo
- Annual Award Amount: \$112,165
- Contract Period: February 1, 2019 – January 31, 2022

5. Catholic Charities Archdiocese of New Orleans

Program Name: Accelerated Pathways from Prison to Providing for Ones Family

Accelerated Pathways from Prison to Providing for Ones Family will build capacity of existing internal structures, project implementation, and direct service to justice involved participants. The project's workforce development will provide participants with job skills and the value of giving back to society through volunteering. The benefits enrollment program would be available to participants at the Welcome Home Center. This would be where participants would enroll for benefits, such as SNAP and Medicaid, for themselves or their family members. The project's case management services will assist participants struggle with any number of personal issues which may make it difficult for them to acclimate to life outside of prison, leading to more recidivism.

- Parishes Served: Orleans & St. Tammany
- Annual Award Amount: \$319,283
- Contract Period: January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2021

6. Goodwill Industries of Southeastern Louisiana

Program Name: New Orleans Reentry Task Force Community Incentive Grant Program

The New Orleans Reentry Task Force supports the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) which intends to reduce the recidivism rate of high to moderate risk reentering participants through the three-phased process: Getting Ready, Going Home, and Staying Home. Services provided will focus on (1) legal services, (2) family reunification, (3) adult education, (4) workforce development, (5) referrals for safe and affordable housing and (6) substance abuse treatment services, mental health treatment services and health care services on a needs basis.

- Parish Served: Orleans
- Annual Award Amount: \$447,785
- Contract Period: February 1, 2019 – January 31, 2022

7. Orleans Public Defenders

Program Name: Gaining Opportunity from Arrest to Reentry Project (GOFAR)

Gaining Opportunity from Arrest to Reentry (GOFAR) Project is based on a continuity of service model that combines social work and legal assistance to its participants. The GOFAR Project will enhance its ability to provide alternatives to incarceration to reduce prison admissions; expand its Client Services Division to incorporate case managers to offer a continuum of care/social work services from arrest through release; and expand its legal capacity to both ensure that any civil or other legal issues begin to be addressed before a client is sentenced and fill in other legal service re-entry gaps. The project partners with criminal justice system agencies and community social service organizations to directly address these goals and work toward meaningful reform. The project will assess and identify

those needs and together with the client, create the individualized reentry plans, support and monitor their progress, and measure the success upon completion.

- Parish Served: Orleans
- Annual Award Amount: \$377,000
- Contract Period: January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2021

8. United Way of Southeast Louisiana

Program Name: Reducing Recidivism through a Continuum of Care: Jefferson Parish LA-PRI

Reducing Recidivism through a Continuum of Care program is working with the Local Implementation Steering Team framed around the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) model. The program will (1) reduce returns to prison by improving and expanding community reentry resources such as employment and employment readiness, transportation, behavior health care, family reunification, education and vocational training, mentoring and peer support, and wraparound services; and (2) improve community coordination of reentry resources by providing support access existing services and programs and developing a comprehensive community strategy for collaboration among multiple entities to enhance continuity of services provided.

- Parish Served: Jefferson
- Annual Award Amount: \$250,000
- Contract Period: March 1, 2019 – February 28, 2022

9. Southern University at New Orleans

Program Name: Utilizing Entrepreneurship Training & Psychoeducational Support to Reduce Recidivism in LA

Participants will be assessed by a licensed social worker to make the best match between the program participant and the services offered in the higher education environment. The College of Business (CBA) faculty and the SBDMI staff will deliver various self-sufficiency educational programs to the participants. The training will focus on employment readiness skills and services with emphasis on entrepreneurship and self-employment. Workshops/seminars on various business topics will be offered to participants throughout the program. Participants who excel in the program will receive some financial assistance to start or grow their business or to offset some of the costs of attending college or certification training.

- Parishes Served: Orleans
- Annual Award Amount: \$97,569
- Contract Period: March 1, 2019 – February 28, 2022

10. United Way of Southeast Louisiana

Program Name: Reducing Recidivism through a Continuum of Care: St. Tammany Parish LA-PRI

Reducing Recidivism through a Continuum of Care program is working with the Local Implementation Steering Team framed around the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) model. The program will (1) reduce returns to prison by improving and expanding community reentry resources such as employment and employment readiness, transportation, behavior health care, family reunification, education and vocational training, mentoring and peer support, and wraparound services; and (2) improve community coordination of reentry resources by providing support access existing services and programs and developing a comprehensive community strategy for collaboration among multiple entities to enhance continuity of services provided.

- Parish Served: St. Tammany
- Annual Award Amount: \$200,000
- Contract Period: December 1, 2021 – November 30, 2023

Tier 2 Parishes Awarded in 2019

1. United Way of Northwest Louisiana

Program Name: EXIT-318 (EX-offenders In Transition)

EXIT-318 program has developed a framework to create a Continuum of Care to provide services to support returning participant's needs to be successful and stay out of jail. The critical case management will involve developing a service plan that will define action steps, resources needed, challenges and track progress for each participant. Housing assistance will help to locate safe, decent and affordable housing for participants. Employment services will provide a combination of targeted employment services aimed at increasing employment outcomes. EXIT-318 will also provide job placement services to the public including access to virtual job readiness training, job lead assistance and retention services.

- Parishes Served: Bossier
- Annual Award Amount: \$200,000
- Contract Periods: December 1, 2019 – November 30, 2022

2. Louisiana Parole Project

Program Name: Guided Community Reentry of Paroled Lifers and Long-Termers

The Louisiana Parole Project will expand services offered through the Guided Community Reentry Program for high stakes/high needs juvenile lifers (Act 277), 40-year lifers (Act 280), and others who have been incarcerated 20 or more years (Acts 790 and 1099) granted release by the Committee on Parole. The program is dedicated to public safety through smart reintegration of returning citizens. The program employs a multidisciplinary approach to reorientation and reentry that gradually integrates participants into communities as talented and experienced citizens. The program assists returning participants with ongoing peer support, mentorship, housing, employment and guidance towards continual progress of the individualized reentry accountability plan.

- Parishes Served: Lafayette, Calcasieu, Rapides, Ouachita, Terrebonne, Lafourche & Bossier
- Annual Award Amount: \$31,500
- Contract Period: December 1, 2019- November 30, 2022

3. Goodwill Industries of Southeastern Louisiana

Program Name: Terrebonne/Lafourche Community Incentive Grant Program

Goodwill Industries, along with the New Orleans Reentry Task Force, will reduce the recidivism rate of high to moderate risk reentering citizens through the collaborative implementation of a three-phased process: Getting Ready, Going Home, and Staying Home. Services provided will focus on four major gaps identified: (1) Service Coordination and Transition Team Leadership, (2) Performance Management Plan, (3) Legal Service Obstacles, and (4) Professional Development Training in Risk/Needs/Responsivity.

- Parishes Served: Lafourche & Terrebonne
- Annual Award Amount: \$600,000
- Contract Period: December 1, 2019 – November 30, 2022

4. Odyssey House Louisiana (OHL)

Program Name: OHL CIG Reentry Project

Odyssey House Louisiana (OHL) will directly connect participants to programming and services by providing case management, transportation, access to training and employment opportunities, and other supportive services that support successful reentry. OHL will also directly provide a full continuum of behavioral health care services and supports at no cost to participants or the state, utilizing Medicaid, federal grants, state and city contracts, and private donations.

- Parishes Served: Calcasieu & Lafayette
- Annual Award Amount: \$364,000
- Contract Period: January 1, 2020- December 31, 2022

5. **United Way of Southwest Louisiana**
Program Name: CAL-PRI Program

United Way of Southwest Louisiana proposes implementing the Calcasieu Prisoner Reentry Initiative (Cal-PRI) to build UWSWLA a successful and collaborative network of supports, services, housing and transportation to people returning to Calcasieu Parish who are high or moderate risk.

- Parish Served: Calcasieu
- Annual Award Amount: \$318,000
- Contract Period: March 1, 2020- February 28, 2023

6. **Community Foundation of North Louisiana¹⁹**
Program Name: NELA EXIT (EX-offenders In Transition)

Community Foundation of North Louisiana (CFNLA) will initiate the NELA EXIT Reentry Program which creates a Continuum of Care to provide critical case management and wrap around services, including transportation, housing and employment services, to support and help returning citizens become self-sufficient and remain out of jail. This program fosters safer communities, minimizes costs, and help reduce the high statistic of recidivism, all of which is important to our community.

- Parish Served: Ouachita
- Annual Award Amount: \$500,000
- Contract Period: December 1, 2019 – November 30, 2022

7. **Lafayette Parish Sheriff’s Office**
Program Name: Comprehensive Community Reentry for Lafayette (CCRL)

The Lafayette Parish Sheriff’s Office proposes offering more comprehensive services to people reentering Lafayette Parish through its Comprehensive Community Reentry for Lafayette (CCRL) program. CCRL uses the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) model to provide reentering citizens better access to transportation, employment development, and direct services, such as mentoring and community care navigation.

- Parish Served: Lafayette
- Annual Award Amount: \$148,750
- Contract Period: July 1, 2020 – June 30, 2023

8. **Volunteers of America of North Louisiana**
Program Name: Turning Point Reentry

Volunteers of America of North Louisiana (VOANLA) will help reduce prison returns by improving and expanding community resources. VOANLA and Re-Entry Solutions, along with supporting community agencies, will seek to achieve these goals by providing employment development, transportation, housing assistance and family reunification.

- Parish Served: Rapides
- Annual Award Amount: \$300,000
- Contract Period: December 1, 2019- November 30, 2022

¹⁹ Please note that this contractor ended the contract during Year 1 and the remaining funding was awarded to Goodwill Industries of North Louisiana.

9. **Goodwill Industries of North Louisiana**
Program Name: Exit 318 (EX-offenders In Transition)

EXIT-318 program has developed a framework to create a Continuum of Care to provide services to support returning participant's needs to be successful and stay out of jail. The critical case management will involve developing a service plan that will define action steps, resources needed, challenges and track progress for each participant. Housing assistance will help to locate safe, decent and affordable housing for participants. Employment services will provide a combination of targeted employment services aimed at increasing employment outcomes. EXIT-318 will also provide job placement services to the public including access to virtual job readiness training, job lead assistance and retention services.

- Parish Served: Ouachita
- Annual Award Amount: \$496,176.64
- Contract Period: March 1, 2021 – February 28, 2023

Tier 1 Parishes Awarded in 2022

1. **Catholic Charities Archdiocese of New Orleans**
Program Name: Accelerated Pathways from Prison to Providing for Ones Family

Accelerated Pathways from Prison to Providing for Ones Family will build capacity of existing internal structures, project implementation, and direct service to justice involved participants. The project's workforce development will provide participants with job skills and the value of giving back to society through volunteering. The benefits enrollment program would be available to participants at the Welcome Home Center. This would be where participants would enroll for benefits, such as SNAP and Medicaid, for themselves or their family members. The project's case management services will assist participants struggle with any number of personal issues which may make it difficult for them to acclimate to life outside of prison, leading to more recidivism.

- Parishes Served: Orleans & St. Tammany
- Annual Award Amount: \$416,966.40
- Contract Period: March 1, 2022 – February 28, 2025

2. **Goodwill Industries of North Louisiana**
Program Name: Exit 318 (EX-offenders In Transition)

EXIT-318 program has developed a framework to create a Continuum of Care to provide services to support returning participant's needs to be successful and stay out of jail. The critical case management will involve developing a service plan that will define action steps, resources needed, challenges and track progress for each participant. Housing assistance will help to locate safe, decent and affordable housing for participants. Employment services will provide a combination of targeted employment services aimed at increasing employment outcomes. EXIT-318 will also provide job placement services to the public including access to virtual job readiness training, job lead assistance and retention services.

- Parish Served: Caddo
- Annual Award Amount: \$350,000
- Contract Period: March 1, 2022 – February 28, 2025

3. **Goodwill Industries of Southeastern Louisiana**
Program Name: New Orleans Reentry Task Force Community Incentive Grant Program

The New Orleans Reentry Task Force supports the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) which intends to reduce the recidivism rate of high to moderate risk reentering participants through the three-phased process:

Getting Ready, Going Home, and Staying Home. Services provided will focus on (1) legal services, (2) family reunification, (3) adult education, (4) workforce development, (5) referrals for safe and affordable housing and (6) substance abuse treatment services, mental health treatment services and health care services on a needs basis.

- Parish Served: Orleans, East Baton Rouge
- Annual Award Amount: \$525,000
- Contract Period: March 1, 2022 – February 28, 2022

4. Louisiana Parole Project

Program Name: Guided Community Reentry of Paroled Lifers and Long-Termers

The Louisiana Parole Project will expand services offered through the Guided Community Reentry Program for high stakes/high needs juvenile lifers (Act 277), 40-year lifers (Act 280), and others who have been incarcerated 20 or more years (Acts 790 and 1099) granted release by the Committee on Parole. The program is dedicated to public safety through smart reintegration of returning citizens. The program employs a multidisciplinary approach to reorientation and reentry that gradually integrates participants into communities as talented and experienced citizens. The program assists returning participants with ongoing peer support, mentorship, housing, employment and guidance towards continual progress of the individualized reentry accountability plan.

- Parishes Served: East Baton Rouge, Orleans
- Annual Award Amount: \$321,429
- Contract Period: March 1, 2022 – February 28, 2022

5. The Life of a Single Mom

Program Name: TLSM Single Moms' Prison Initiative

The Single Moms' Prison Initiative focuses on educational services to promote family reunification, reentry services to provide parolees with support services for long-term reduction in recidivism, and reducing incarceration rates. The program will provide a 12-week Single Parenting 101 support group at both LCIW locations prior to release. Participants will have one-year free access to 107 self-paced online life skills courses through Single Mom University. On site instruction at a mandatory 100-hour pre-release classes for re-entry to the community.

- Parish Served: East Baton Rouge
- Annual Award Amount: \$46,000
- Contract Period: March 1, 2022 – February 28, 2025

6. United Way of Southeast Louisiana

Program Name: Reducing Recidivism through a Continuum of Care: Jefferson Parish LA-PRI

Reducing Recidivism through a Continuum of Care program is working with the Local Implementation Steering Team framed around the Louisiana Prisoner Reentry Initiative (LA-PRI) model. The program will (1) reduce returns to prison by improving and expanding community reentry resources such as employment and employment readiness, transportation, behavior health care, family reunification, education and vocational training, mentoring and peer support, and wraparound services; and (2) improve community coordination of reentry resources by providing support access existing services and programs and developing a comprehensive community strategy for collaboration among multiple entities to enhance continuity of services provided.

- Parish Served: Jefferson
- Annual Award Amount: \$279,999.20
- Contract Period: March 1, 2022 – February 28, 2025

Appendix C: Emergency and Transitional Housing (ETH) Program Active Providers²⁰

Organization	Parish
SuperMen For Christ	Caddo
Bethesda House - Lake Charles	Calcasieu
Almost Home Behavioral Health Ministries	Catahoula
Because We Care	Catahoula
Restoration House Inc.	Catahoula
Catholic Charities of the Diocese of BR	East Baton Rouge
Crossroads Recovery House	East Baton Rouge
Eternal Crisis Outreach	East Baton Rouge
Forge	East Baton Rouge
Free Spirit Outreach	East Baton Rouge
Kingdom of Heaven Outreach	East Baton Rouge
Lean on Me Inc.	East Baton Rouge
Louisiana Parole Project	East Baton Rouge
One Touch Ministry	East Baton Rouge
Ruth Sisters Transitional House	East Baton Rouge
Hope House Harbor	Franklin
Iberia Homeless Shelter, Inc.	Iberia
Second Chance Living	Jefferson
First Steps Transition	Lafourche
New Living Word Church	Lincoln
First 72+	Orleans
Operation Restoration	Orleans
Target Care Services	Orleans
Freed Men Inc.	Ouachita
Love Village	Ouachita
Rays of Sonshine	Ouachita
Renewal Center-Desiard St	Ouachita
New Found Life	Rapides
Esther House	Richland
Church United for Community Development	St. James
Refinery Mission	St. Landry
Bunkhouse Shelter	Terrebonne
Start Corporation	Terrebonne
We Inspire	Terrebonne
Greater New Orleans Teen Challenge Inc.	Winn/ Webster

²⁰ Note- Six (6) ETH Housing Providers opted to not reapply during the annual renewal and are no longer listed as of August 1, 2022.